

Product datasheet

Anti-Menin antibody - ChIP Grade ab2605

★★★★☆ 1 Abreviews 16 References 4 Images

Overview

Product name	Anti-Menin antibody - ChIP Grade
Description	Rabbit polyclonal to Menin - ChIP Grade
Host species	Rabbit
Tested applications	Suitable for: ChIP, IHC-P, ICC/IF, IP, WB
Species reactivity	Reacts with: Mouse, Human Predicted to work with: Rat, Horse, Guinea pig, Cow, Dog, Pig, Chimpanzee, Baboon, Rhesus monkey, Gorilla, Orangutan
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide (Human) - which represents a portion of the C-terminus of human MEN1.
Positive control	293T cell lysate.

Properties

Form	Liquid
Storage instructions	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.
Storage buffer	Preservative: 0.1% Sodium azide Constituents: 0.021% PBS, 1.764% Sodium citrate, 1.815% Tris
Purification notes	Affinity purified using the immunising peptide immobilized on solid support.
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG

Applications

Our [Abpromise guarantee](#) covers the use of **ab2605** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
ChIP		Use a concentration of 1 - 4 µg/ml.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
IHC-P		1/500 - 1/2000. Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.
ICC/IF	★★★★☆	1/300 - 1/600.
IP		Use at 2-10 µg/mg of lysate.
WB		1/1000 - 1/10000. Detects a band of approximately 68 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 68 kDa).

Target

Function

Essential component of a MLL/SET1 histone methyltransferase (HMT) complex, a complex that specifically methylates 'Lys-4' of histone H3 (H3K4). Functions as a transcriptional regulator. Binds to the TERT promoter and represses telomerase expression. Plays a role in TGFB1-mediated inhibition of cell-proliferation, possibly regulating SMAD3 transcriptional activity. Represses JUND-mediated transcriptional activation on AP1 sites, as well as that mediated by NFKB subunit RELA. Positively regulates HOXC8 and HOXC6 gene expression. May be involved in normal hematopoiesis through the activation of HOXA9 expression (By similarity). May be involved in DNA repair.

Tissue specificity

Ubiquitous.

Involvement in disease

Defects in MEN1 are the cause of familial multiple endocrine neoplasia type I (MEN1) [MIM:131100]. Autosomal dominant disorder characterized by tumors of the parathyroid glands, gastro-intestinal endocrine tissue, the anterior pituitary and other tissues. Cutaneous lesions and nervous-tissue tumors can exist. Prognosis in MEN1 patients is related to hormonal hypersecretion by tumors, such as hypergastrinemia causing severe peptic ulcer disease (Zollinger-Ellison syndrome, ZES), primary hyperparathyroidism, and acute forms of hyperinsulinemia.

Defects in MEN1 are the cause of familial isolated hyperparathyroidism (FIHP) [MIM:145000]; also known as hyperparathyroidism type 1 (HRPT1). FIHP is an autosomal dominant disorder characterized by hypercalcemia, elevated parathyroid hormone (PTH) levels, and uniglandular or multiglandular parathyroid tumors.

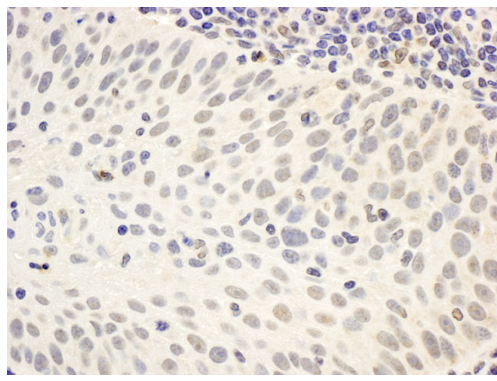
Post-translational modifications

Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR.

Cellular localization

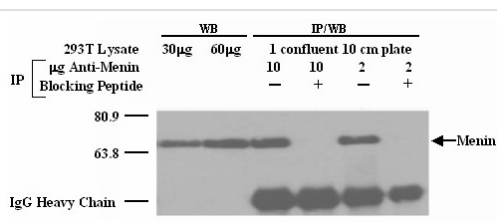
Nucleus. Concentrated in nuclear body-like structures. Relocates to the nuclear matrix upon gamma irradiation.

Images

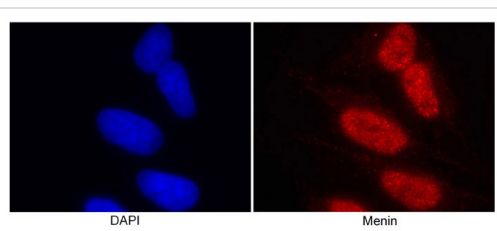


Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) analysis of human breast carcinoma tissue labelling Menin with ab2605 at 1/1000 (1µg/ml).
Detection: DAB.

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Menin antibody - ChIP Grade (ab2605)

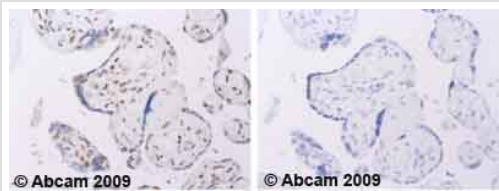


Western blot - Anti-Menin antibody - ChIP Grade (ab2605)



Detection of menin in 293 cells using ab2605 (2ug/ml). Secondary antibody is Cy3 conjugated anti rabbit IgG.

Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Menin antibody - ChIP Grade (ab2605)



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Menin antibody - ChIP Grade (ab2605)

Ab2605 staining Human normal placenta.

Staining is localized to the nucleus.

Left panel: with primary antibody at 4 ug/ml.

Right panel: isotype control.

Sections were stained using an automated system DAKO Autostainer Plus , at room temperature. Sections were rehydrated and antigen retrieved with the Dako 3-in-1 AR buffer EDTA pH 9.0 in a DAKO PT Link. Slides were peroxidase blocked in 3% H₂O₂ in methanol for 10 minutes. They were then blocked with Dako Protein block for 10 minutes (containing casein 0.25% in PBS), then incubated with primary antibody for 20 minutes, and detected with Dako Envision Flex amplification kit for 30 minutes. Colorimetric detection was completed with diaminobenzidine for 5 minutes. Slides were counterstained with Haematoxylin and coverslipped under DePeX. Please note that for manual staining we recommend to optimize the primary antibody concentration and incubation time (overnight incubation), and amplification may be required.

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