

Product datasheet

Anti-Progesterone Receptor antibody [SP2], prediluted ab27596

RabMAb

4 References 1 Image

Overview

Product name	Anti-Progesterone Receptor antibody [SP2], prediluted
Description	Rabbit monoclonal [SP2] to Progesterone Receptor, prediluted
Host species	Rabbit
Specificity	ab27596 recognises progesterone receptor (PgR).
Tested applications	Suitable for: IHC-P
Species reactivity	Reacts with: Human
Immunogen	Recombinant fragment corresponding to Progesterone Receptor.
Positive control	Breast carcinomas

Properties

Form	Prediluted
Storage instructions	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C.
Storage buffer	Preservative: 0.1% Sodium Azide Constituents: 1% BSA, 50mM Tris, pH 7.6
Purity	Tissue culture supernatant
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone number	SP2
Isotype	IgG

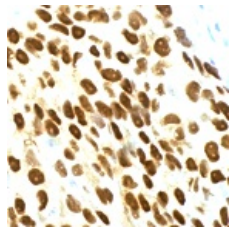
Applications

Our [Abpromise guarantee](#) covers the use of **ab27596** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
IHC-P		
Application notes	<p>IHC-P: Ready to use for 10 minutes at room temperature. Staining of formalin-fixed tissues is required by boiling tissue sections in 10mM citrate buffer, pH 6.0 for 10 minutes followed by cooling at room temperature for 20 minutes.</p> <p>Not yet tested in other applications.</p> <p>Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.</p>	
Target		
Function	<p>The steroid hormones and their receptors are involved in the regulation of eukaryotic gene expression and affect cellular proliferation and differentiation in target tissues. Progesterone receptor isoform B (PRB) is involved activation of c-SRC/MAPK signaling on hormone stimulation.</p> <p>Isoform A: inactive in stimulating c-Src/MAPK signaling on hormone stimulation.</p> <p>Isoform 4: Increases mitochondrial membrane potential and cellular respiration upon stimulation by progesterone.</p>	
Sequence similarities	<p>Belongs to the nuclear hormone receptor family. NR3 subfamily.</p> <p>Contains 1 nuclear receptor DNA-binding domain.</p>	
Domain	<p>Composed of three domains: a modulating N-terminal domain, a DNA-binding domain and a C-terminal ligand-binding domain.</p>	
Post-translational modifications	<p>Phosphorylated on multiple serine sites. Several of these sites are hormone-dependent. Phosphorylation on Ser-294 occurs preferentially on isoform B, is highly hormone-dependent and modulates ubiquitination and sumoylation on Lys-388. Phosphorylation on Ser-102 and Ser-345 also requires induction by hormone. Basal phosphorylation on Ser-81, Ser-162, Ser-190 and Ser-400 is increased in response to progesterone and can be phosphorylated in vitro by the CDK2-A1 complex. Increased levels of phosphorylation on Ser-400 also in the presence of EGF, heregulin, IGF, PMA and FBS. Phosphorylation at this site by CDK2 is ligand-independent, and increases nuclear translocation and transcriptional activity. Phosphorylation at Ser-162 and Ser-294, but not at Ser-190, is impaired during the G(2)/M phase of the cell cycle. Phosphorylation on Ser-345 by ERK1/2 MAPK is required for interaction with SP1. Sumoylation is hormone-dependent and represses transcriptional activity. Sumoylation on all three sites is enhanced by PIAS3. Desumoylated by SENP1. Sumoylation on Lys-388, the main site of sumoylation, is repressed by ubiquitination on the same site, and modulated by phosphorylation at Ser-294.</p> <p>Ubiquitination is hormone-dependent and represses sumoylation on the same site. Promoted by MAPK-mediated phosphorylation on Ser-294.</p> <p>Palmitoylated by ZDHHC7 and ZDHHC21. Palmitoylation is required for plasma membrane targeting and for rapid intracellular signaling via ERK and AKT kinases and cAMP generation.</p>	
Cellular localization	<p>Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Nucleoplasmic shuttling is both hormone- and cell cycle-dependent. On hormone stimulation, retained in the cytoplasm in the G(1) and G(2)/M phases; Mitochondrion outer membrane and Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Mainly nuclear.</p>	

Images



Staining of human breast carcinoma using
ab27596

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Progesterone Receptor antibody [SP2], prediluted (ab27596)

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