

## Product datasheet

# Recombinant Human HLA-DQB1 protein ab114251

1 Image

### Overview

<b>Product name</b>	Recombinant Human HLA-DQB1 protein
<b>Protein length</b>	Full length protein

### Description

<b>Nature</b>	Recombinant
<b>Source</b>	Wheat germ

### Amino Acid Sequence

<b>Accession</b>	<a href="#">P01920</a>
<b>Species</b>	Human
<b>Sequence</b>	MSWKKALRIPGGLRVATVTLMLAMLSTPVAEGRDSPEDFVYQFKGMCYFT NGTERVRLVTRYYNREEYARFSDVGVYRAVTPLGPPAAEYWNSQKEVL ERTRAEIDTVCRHNYQLELRITLQRRVEPTVTISPSRTEALNHHNLLVCS VTDFYPAQIKVRFWRNDQEETTGVVSTPLIRNGDWTFQILVMLEMTPQRG DVYTCHVEHPSLQNPPIVEWRAQSESAQSKMLSGIGGFVLGLIFLGLLI IHRS
<b>Molecular weight</b>	55 kDa including tags
<b>Amino acids</b>	1 to 261
<b>Tags</b>	GST tag N-Terminus

### Specifications

Our [Abpromise guarantee](#) covers the use of **ab114251** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

<b>Applications</b>	ELISA SDS-PAGE Western blot
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Additional notes</b>	Protein concentration is above or equal to 0.05 µg/µl

### Preparation and Storage

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**Stability and Storage**

Shipped on dry ice. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

pH: 8.00

Constituents: 0.3% Glutathione, 0.79% Tris HCl

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**General Info****Function**

Binds peptides derived from antigens that access the endocytic route of antigen presenting cells (APC) and presents them on the cell surface for recognition by the CD4 T-cells. The peptide binding cleft accommodates peptides of 10-30 residues. The peptides presented by MHC class II molecules are generated mostly by degradation of proteins that access the endocytic route, where they are processed by lysosomal proteases and other hydrolases. Exogenous antigens that have been endocytosed by the APC are thus readily available for presentation via MHC II molecules, and for this reason this antigen presentation pathway is usually referred to as exogenous. As membrane proteins on their way to degradation in lysosomes as part of their normal turn-over are also contained in the endosomal/lysosomal compartments, exogenous antigens must compete with those derived from endogenous components. Autophagy is also a source of endogenous peptides, autophagosomes constitutively fuse with MHC class II loading compartments. In addition to APCs, other cells of the gastrointestinal tract, such as epithelial cells, express MHC class II molecules and CD74 and act as APCs, which is an unusual trait of the GI tract. To produce a MHC class II molecule that presents an antigen, three MHC class II molecules (heterodimers of an alpha and a beta chain) associate with a CD74 trimer in the ER to form a heterononamer. Soon after the entry of this complex into the endosomal/lysosomal system where antigen processing occurs, CD74 undergoes a sequential degradation by various proteases, including CTSS and CTSL, leaving a small fragment termed CLIP (class-II-associated invariant chain peptide). The removal of CLIP is facilitated by HLA-DM via direct binding to the alpha-beta-CLIP complex so that CLIP is released. HLA-DM stabilizes MHC class II molecules until primary high affinity antigenic peptides are bound. The MHC II molecule bound to a peptide is then transported to the cell membrane surface. In B-cells, the interaction between HLA-DM and MHC class II molecules is regulated by HLA-DO. Primary dendritic cells (DCs) also to express HLA-DO. Lysosomal microenvironment has been implicated in the regulation of antigen loading into MHC II molecules, increased acidification produces increased proteolysis and efficient peptide loading.

**Sequence similarities**

Belongs to the MHC class II family.

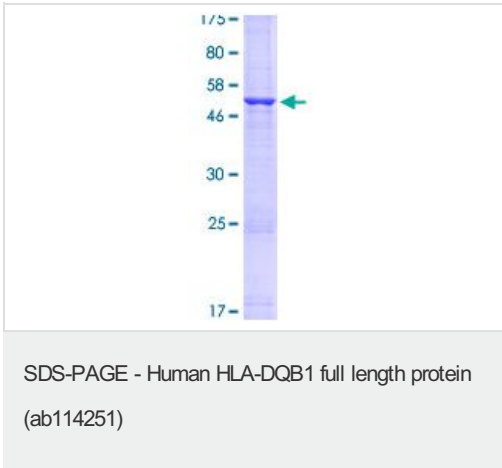
Contains 1 Ig-like C1-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain.

**Cellular localization**

Cell membrane. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane. Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network membrane. Endosome membrane. Lysosome membrane. The MHC class II complex transits through a number of intracellular compartments in the endocytic pathway until it reaches the cell membrane for antigen presentation.

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**Images**



ab114251 analysed by 12.5% SDS-PAGE  
and stained with Coomassie Blue.

**Please note:** All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE"

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