abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-Synapsin I (phospho S553) antibody ab138408

1 Image

Overview

Product name Anti-Synapsin I (phospho S553) antibody

Description Rabbit polyclonal to Synapsin I (phospho S553)

Host species Rabbit

Specificity ab138408 detects endogenous levels of Synapsin I only when phosphorylated at Serine 553.

Tested applications Suitable for: WB

Species reactivity Reacts with: Human

Predicted to work with: Mouse, Rat

Immunogen Synthetic phospho-peptide derived from Human Synapsin I around the internal phosphorylation

site of Serine 553.

Positive control 293 cell extracts, treated with PMA.

Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C.

Storage buffer pH: 7.40

Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide

Constituents: 49% PBS, 50% Glycerol, 0.88% Sodium chloride

Note: PBS is without Mg²⁺ and Ca²⁺

Purity Immunogen affinity purified

Purification notes ab138408 was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-

specific phosphopeptide. The antibody against non-phosphopeptide was removed by chromatography using non-phosphopeptide corresponding to the phosphorylation.

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Applications

The Abpromise guarantee Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab138408 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

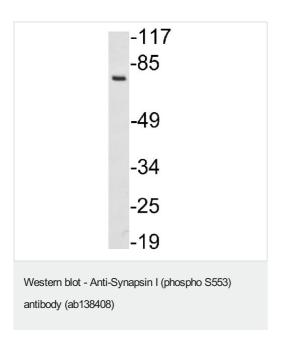
1

Application	Abreviews	Notes
WB		1/500 - 1/1000. Predicted molecular weight: 74 kDa.

Target

Function	Neuronal phosphoprotein that coats synaptic vesicles, binds to the cytoskeleton, and is believed to function in the regulation of neurotransmitter release. The complex formed with NOS1 and CAPON proteins is necessary for specific nitric-oxid functions at a presynaptic level.	
Involvement in disease	Defects in SYN1 are a cause of epilepsy X-linked with variable learning disabilities and behavior disorders [MIM:300491]. XELBD is characterized by variable combinations of epilepsy, learning difficulties, macrocephaly, and aggressive behavior.	
Sequence similarities	Belongs to the synapsin family.	
Post-translational modifications	Substrate of at least four different protein kinases. It is probable that phosphorylation plays a role in the regulation of synapsin-1 in the nerve terminal. Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR.	
Cellular localization	Cell junction > synapse. Golgi apparatus.	

Images



Anti-Synapsin I (phospho S553) antibody (ab138408) at 1/500 dilution + 293 cell extracts, treated with PMA at 30 μg

Predicted band size: 74 kDa

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

Our Abpromise to you: Quality guaranteed and expert technical support

- Replacement or refund for products not performing as stated on the datasheet
- Valid for 12 months from date of delivery
- Response to your inquiry within 24 hours

- We provide support in Chinese, English, French, German, Japanese and Spanish
- Extensive multi-media technical resources to help you
- We investigate all quality concerns to ensure our products perform to the highest standards

If the product does not perform as described on this datasheet, we will offer a refund or replacement. For full details of the Abpromise, please visit https://www.abcam.com/abpromise or contact our technical team.

Terms and conditions

• Guarantee only valid for products bought direct from Abcam or one of our authorized distributors