

Product datasheet

Anti-Hsp60 antibody ab6530

★★★★☆ 3 Abreviews 1 References 1 Image

Overview

Product name	Anti-Hsp60 antibody
Description	Rabbit polyclonal to Hsp60
Host species	Rabbit
Tested applications	Suitable for: WB, ICC/IF
Species reactivity	Reacts with: Human
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide conjugated to KLH, corresponding to a region between amino acids 549-561 of Human Hsp60.
Positive control	NIH3T3 whole cell lysate.

Properties

Form	Liquid
Storage instructions	Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.
Storage buffer	Preservative: None Constituents: PBS, Sucrose
Purity	Protein A purified
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG

Applications

Our [Abpromise guarantee](#) covers the use of **ab6530** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
WB	★★★★★	1/1000. Detects a band of approximately 60 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 68.8 kDa). Good results were obtained when blocked with 5% non-fat dry milk in 0.05% PBS-T.
ICC/IF	★★★★☆	Use a concentration of 5 µg/ml.

Target

Function

Implicated in mitochondrial protein import and macromolecular assembly. May facilitate the correct folding of imported proteins. May also prevent misfolding and promote the refolding and proper assembly of unfolded polypeptides generated under stress conditions in the mitochondrial matrix.

Involvement in disease

Defects in HSPD1 are a cause of spastic paraplegia autosomal dominant type 13 (SPG13) [MIM:605280]. Spastic paraplegia is a degenerative spinal cord disorder characterized by a slow, gradual, progressive weakness and spasticity of the lower limbs.

Defects in HSPD1 are the cause of leukodystrophy hypomyelinating type 4 (HLD4) [MIM:612233]; also called mitochondrial HSP60 chaperonopathy or MitCHAP-60 disease. HLD4 is a severe autosomal recessive hypomyelinating leukodystrophy. Clinically characterized by infantile-onset rotary nystagmus, progressive spastic paraplegia, neurologic regression, motor impairment, profound mental retardation. Death usually occurs within the first two decades of life.

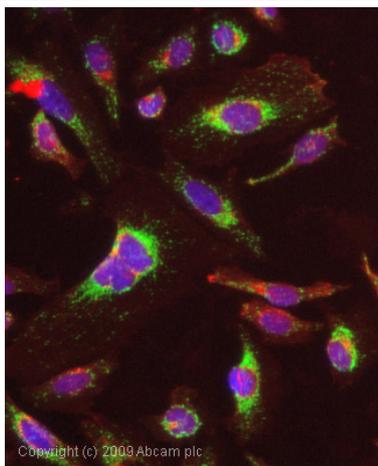
Sequence similarities

Belongs to the chaperonin (HSP60) family.

Cellular localization

Mitochondrion matrix.

Images



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Hsp60 antibody (ab6530)

ICC/IF image of ab6530 stained HeLa cells.

The cells were 4% PFA fixed (10 min) and then incubated in 1%BSA / 10% normal goat serum / 0.3M glycine in 0.1% PBS-Tween for 1h to permeabilise the cells and block non-specific protein-protein interactions. The cells were then incubated with the antibody (ab6530, 5µg/ml) overnight at +4°C. The secondary antibody (green) was Alexa Fluor® 488 goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) used at a 1/1000 dilution for 1h. Alexa Fluor® 594 WGA was used to label plasma membranes (red) at a 1/200 dilution for 1h. DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclei (blue) at a concentration of 1.43µM.

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