# abcam

# Product datasheet

# GSH/GSSG Ratio Detection Assay Kit II (Fluorometric - Green) ab205811

32 References 3 Images

#### Overview

Product name GSH/GSSG Ratio Detection Assay Kit II (Fluorometric - Green)

**Detection method** Fluorescent

Sample type Urine, Plasma, Tissue Extracts, Cell Lysate

Assay type Quantitative

Sensitivity 10 nM
Assay time 0h 30m

Product overview GSH/GSSG Ratio Detection Assay Kit II (Fluorometric - Green) (ab205811) provides an

ultrasensitive assay to quantitate glutathione in the sample.

The GSH/GSSG assay protocol uses a proprietary non-fluorescent water-soluble dye that becomes strongly fluorescent upon reacting with GSH. With a one-step fluorimetric method, the kit can detect as little as 1 picomole of GSH or GSSG in a 100  $\mu$ L assay volume.

The assay can be performed in a convenient 96-well or 384-well microtiter-plate format and readily adapted to automation without a separation step. Its signal can be easily read by a fluorescence microplate reader at Ex/Em = 490/520 nm.

GSH/GSSG assay protocol summary:

- add samples (deproteinized) and standards to wells
- for GSH assay add Thiol Green in assay buffer, or for total glutathione (GSH + GSSG) assay also add GSSG probe
- incubate for 10 60 min at room temp
- analyze with microplate reader

GSSG levels can be calculated by subtracting GSH from total glutathione levels.

NOTE: For measuring GSH Standard only, there is enough reagent provided to perform 200

tests.

This product contains water-soluble Thiol green indicator. We recommend this kit as a replacement for <u>GSH/GSSG Ratio Detection Assay Kit (Fluorometric - Green) (ab138881)</u>, which uses a DMSO-soluble probe.

**Background information on GSH/GSSG** 

Notes

Glutathione (GSH) is a tripeptide that contains L-cysteine, L-glutamic acid and glycine. It is the smallest intracellular protein thiol molecule in the cells, which prevents cell damage caused by reactive oxygen species such as free radicals and peroxides. Glutathione exists in reduced (GSH) and oxidized (GSSG) states.

Reduced glutathione (GSH) is a major tissue antioxidant that provides reducing equivalents for the glutathione peroxidase (GPx) catalyzed reduction of lipid hydroperoxides to their corresponding alcohols and hydrogen peroxide to water. In the GPx catalyzed reaction, the formation of a disulfide bond between two GSH molecules generates oxidized glutathione (GSSG).

Glutathione reductase (GR) recycles GSSG to GSH with the simultaneous oxidation of  $\beta$ -nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate ( $\beta$ -NADPH2).

In healthy cells, >90% of the total glutathione pool is in the reduced form (GSH). When cells are exposed to increased levels of oxidative stress, GSSG accumulates and the ratio of GSSG to GSH increases. An increased ratio of GSSG-to-GSH is an indication of oxidative stress.

#### **Platform**

Microplate reader

#### **Properties**

#### Storage instructions

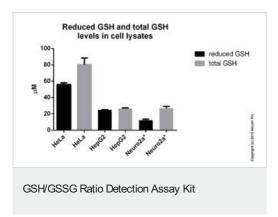
Store at -20°C. Please refer to protocols.

| Components               | 100 tests |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| Assay Buffer             | 1 x 25ml  |
| GSH Standard             | 1 x 62µg  |
| GSSG Probe               | 1 vial    |
| GSSG Standard            | 1 x 124μg |
| Thiol Green Indicator WS | 1 vial    |

## Relevance

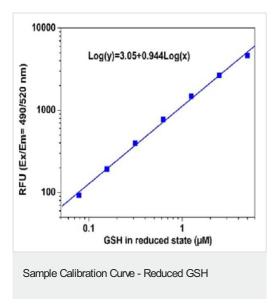
Glutathione is a small peptide composed of three amino acids: cysteine, glutamic acid, and glycine and is present in tissues in concentrations as high as one millimolar. Glutathione is the principal intracellular low-molecular-weight thiol that plays a critical role in the cellular defense against oxidative and nitrosative stress in mammalian cells. Diminished glutathione levels have been observed in the early stages of apoptosis.

#### **Images**

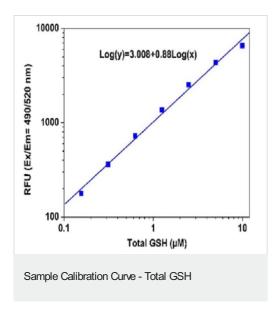


Reduced GSH and total GSH levels in cell lysates. Cells lysed to the concentration of 1e7 cells per mL and tested diluted 6-54 fold.

\* Cells serum starved for 24 hours.



Reduced GSH dose responses were measured in a black 96-well plate with ab205811 using a fluorescence microplate reader. 50  $\mu$ L of GSH standards (0.01 to 5  $\mu$ M) or blank control was added into each well, and then 50  $\mu$ L of GSH Assay Mixture was added. The fluorescence intensity was measured at Ex/Em = 490/520 nm after 30 minutes incubation.



Total GSH dose responses were measured with ab205811 in a black 96-well plate using a fluorescence microplate reader. 50  $\mu$ L of GSSG standards (0.01 to 5  $\mu$ M), GSH-containing samples or blank control were added into each well, and then 50  $\mu$ L of Total GSH Reaction Mixture was added. Fluorescence intensity was measured at Ex/Em = 490/520 nm after 30 minutes incubation.

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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