abcam

Product datasheet

Alexa Fluor® 488 Anti-EGFR (phospho Y1173) antibody [E124] ab207345

Recombinant RabMAb

2 Images

Overview

Product name Alexa Fluor® 488 Anti-EGFR (phospho Y1173) antibody [E124]

Description Alexa Fluor® 488 Rabbit monoclonal [E124] to EGFR (phospho Y1173)

Host species Rabbit

Conjugation Alexa Fluor® 488. Ex: 495nm, Em: 519nm

Tested applications Suitable for: ICC/IF Species reactivity Reacts with: Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide within Human EGFR (phospho Y1173). The exact immunogen sequence used

> to generate this antibody is proprietary information. If additional detail on the immunogen is needed to determine the suitability of the antibody for your needs, please contact our Scientific

Support team to discuss your requirements. Residues surrounding Tyr1173.

Database link: P00533

Run BLAST with Run BLAST with

Positive control ICC/IF: EGF-treated A431 cells

General notes Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to **RabMAb**® **patents**.

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Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C.

Avoid freeze / thaw cycle. Store In the Dark.

Storage buffer pH: 7.40

Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide

Constituents: PBS, 1% BSA, 30% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine)

Purity Protein A purified

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone number E124
Isotype IgG

Applications

The Abpromise guarantee

Our Abpromise quarantee covers the use of ab207345 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
ICC/IF		1/100. This product gave a positive signal in EGF-treated A431 cells fixed with 4% formaldehyde (10 min)

Target

Function

Receptor tyrosine kinase binding ligands of the EGF family and activating several signaling cascades to convert extracellular cues into appropriate cellular responses. Known ligands include EGF, TGFA/TGF-alpha, amphiregulin, epigen/EPGN, BTC/betacellulin, epiregulin/EREG and HBEGF/heparin-binding EGF. Ligand binding triggers receptor homo- and/or heterodimerization and autophosphorylation on key cytoplasmic residues. The phosphorylated receptor recruits adapter proteins like GRB2 which in turn activates complex downstream signaling cascades. Activates at least 4 major downstream signaling cascades including the RAS-RAF-MEK-ERK, PI3 kinase-AKT, PLCgamma-PKC and STATs modules. May also activate the NF-kappa-B signaling cascade. Also directly phosphorylates other proteins like RGS16, activating its GTPase activity and probably coupling the EGF receptor signaling to the G protein-coupled receptor signaling. Also phosphorylates MUC1 and increases its interaction with SRC and CTNNB1/beta-catenin.

Isoform 2 may act as an antagonist of EGF action.

Tissue specificity Ubiquitously expressed. Isoform 2 is also expressed in ovarian cancers.

Involvement in disease Lung cancer

Inflammatory skin and bowel disease, neonatal, 2

Sequence similaritiesBelongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. EGF receptor subfamily.

Contains 1 protein kinase domain.

Post-translational modifications

Phosphorylation at Ser-695 is partial and occurs only if Thr-693 is phosphorylated. Phosphorylation at Thr-678 and Thr-693 by PRKD1 inhibits EGF-induced MAPK8/JNK1

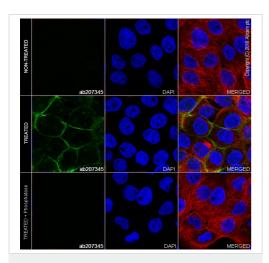
activation. Dephosphorylation by PTPRJ prevents endocytosis and stabilizes the receptor at the plasma membrane. Autophosphorylation at Tyr-1197 is stimulated by methylation at Arg-1199 and enhances interaction with PTPN6. Autophosphorylation at Tyr-1092 and/or Tyr-1110 recruits STAT3. Dephosphorylated by PTPN1 and PTPN2.

Monoubiquitinated and polyubiquitinated upon EGF stimulation; which does not affect tyrosine kinase activity or signaling capacity but may play a role in lysosomal targeting. Polyubiquitin linkage is mainly through 'Lys-63', but linkage through 'Lys-48', 'Lys-11' and 'Lys-29' also occurs. Deubiquitination by OTUD7B prevents degradation. Ubiquitinated by RNF115 and RNF126. Methylated. Methylation at Arg-1199 by PRMT5 stimulates phosphorylation at Tyr-1197.

Cellular localization

Secreted and Cell membrane. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane. Golgi apparatus membrane. Nucleus membrane. Endosome. Endosome membrane. Nucleus. In response to EGF, translocated from the cell membrane to the nucleus via Golgi and ER. Endocytosed upon activation by ligand. Colocalized with GPER1 in the nucleus of estrogen agonist-induced cancer-associated fibroblasts (CAF).

Images

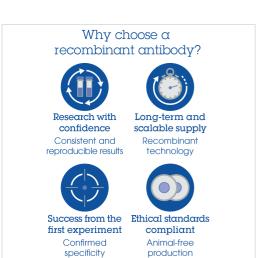


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Alexa Fluor® 488 Anti-EGFR (phospho Y1173) antibody [E124] (ab207345)

ab207345 staining EGFR (phospho Y1173) in A431 cells +/- EGF (100ng/ml, 5min), then treated with LP (31 degrees C, 2 hours). The cells were fixed with 4% formaldehyde (10 min), permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 for 5 minutes and then blocked with 1% BSA/10% normal goat serum/0.3M glycine in 0.1% PBS-Tween for 1h.

The cells were then incubated overnight at +4 $^{\circ}$ C with ab207345 at 1/100 dilution (shown in green) and <u>ab195889</u>, Mouse monoclonal to alpha Tubulin (Alexa Fluor[®] 594), at 1/250 dilution (shown in red). Nuclear DNA was labelled with DAPI (shown in blue).

Image was taken with a confocal microscope (Leica-Microsystems, TCS SP8).



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