abcam

Product datasheet

Alexa Fluor® 594 Anti-SDHA antibody [2E3GC12FB2AE2] ab170172

3 Images

Overview

Product name Alexa Fluor® 594 Anti-SDHA antibody [2E3GC12FB2AE2]

Description Alexa Fluor® 594 Mouse monoclonal [2E3GC12FB2AE2] to SDHA

Host species Mouse

Conjugation Alexa Fluor® 594. Ex: 590nm, Em: 617nm

Tested applications Suitable for: ICC/IF Species reactivity Reacts with: Human

Predicted to work with: Mouse, Rat, Cow, Dog

Tissue, cells or virus corresponding to Cow SDHA. Purified mitochondrial complex II (Cow). **Immunogen**

Database link: P31039

Positive control ICC/IF: HeLa and HDFn cells.

General notes ab170172 was previously used as a component in the MitoBiogenesis™ ICC Kit. The

protocol for this kit is available here.

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The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years. Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or

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contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

Product was previously marketed under the MitoSciences sub-brand.

Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C.

Avoid freeze / thaw cycle. Store In the Dark.

Storage buffer pH: 7.40

Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide

Constituents: 1% BSA, 30% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), PBS

Purity lgG fraction

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone number 2E3GC12FB2AE2

Isotype IgG1

Applications

The Abpromise guarantee

Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab170172 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
ICC/IF		1/1000. ab178000 - Mouse monoclonal lgG1 (Alexa Fluor® 594), is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody.

Target

Function Flavoprotein (FP) subunit of succinate dehydrogenase (SDH) that is involved in complex II of the

mitochondrial electron transport chain and is responsible for transferring electrons from succinate

to ubiquinone (coenzyme Q).

Pathway Carbohydrate metabolism; tricarboxylic acid cycle; fumarate from succinate (eukaryal route): step

1/1.

Involvement in disease Defects in SDHA are a cause of mitochondrial complex II deficiency (MT-C2D) [MIM:252011]. A

disorder of the mitochondrial respiratory chain with heterogeneous clinical manifestations. Clinical features include psychomotor regression in infants, poor growth with lack of speech development, severe spastic quadriplegia, dystonia, progressive leukoencephalopathy, muscle weakness, exercise intolerance, cardiomyopathy. Some patients manifest Leigh syndrome or Kearns-Sayre

syndrome.

Defects in SDHA are a cause of Leigh syndrome (LS) [MIM:256000]. LS is a severe disorder

characterized by bilaterally symmetrical necrotic lesions in subcortical brain regions.

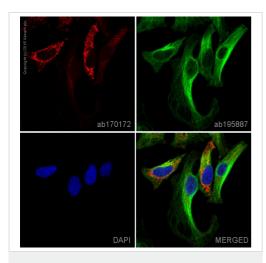
Defects in SDHA are the cause of cardiomyopathy dilated type 1GG (CMD1GG) [MIM:613642].

CMD1GG is a disorder characterized by ventricular dilation and impaired systolic function,

Belongs to the FAD-dependent oxidoreductase 2 family. FRD/SDH subfamily.

Mitochondrion inner membrane.

Images

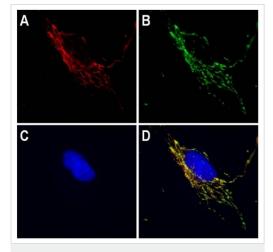


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Alexa Fluor® 594 Anti-SDHA antibody [2E3GC12FB2AE2] (ab170172)

ab170172 staining SDHA in HeLa cells. The cells were fixed with 4% formaldehyde (10 min), permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 for 5 minutes and then blocked with 1% BSA/10% normal goat serum/0.3M glycine in 0.1% PBS-Tween for 1h. The cells were then incubated overnight at +4°C with ab170172 at a 1/1000 dilution (shown in pseudo color red) and ab195887, Mouse monoclonal to alpha Tubulin (Alexa Fluor[®] 488), at a 1/250 dilution (shown in green). Nuclear DNA was labelled with DAPI (shown in blue).

Image was taken with a confocal microscope (Leica-Microsystems, TCS SP8).

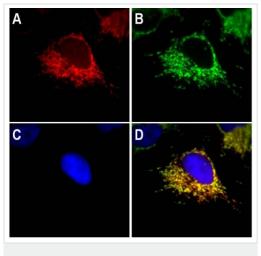
This product also gave a positive signal under the same testing conditions in HeLa cells fixed with 100% methanol (5 min).



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Alexa Fluor® 594 Anti-SDHA antibody [2E3GC12FB2AE2] (ab170172)

Immunocytochemistry with HDFn (100x) cells.

A) HDFn stained with anti-SDHA Alexa-594 antibody (1.0 μg/mL). B) HDFn stained with Anti-mitochondrial chaperone HSP60 (1/1000, <u>ab46798</u>), Secondary antibody used was goat anti-rabbit Alexa® 488 (1/1000, <u>ab150077</u>). C) DAPI as nuclear stain (1/10000). D) Merge of color channels to show specificity of signal to mitochondria.



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Alexa Fluor® 594 Anti-SDHA antibody [2E3GC12FB2AE2] (ab170172)

Immunocytochemistry with HeLa cells (100x).

- A) HeLa stained with anti-SDHA Alexa-594 antibody (1.0 µg/mL).
- B) HeLa stained with Anti-HSP60 (1/1000, <u>ab46798</u>), Secondary antibody used was goat anti-rabbit Alexa® 488 (1/1000,

<u>ab150077</u>). C) DAPI as nuclear stain (1/10000). D) Merge of color channels to show specificity of signal to mitochondria.

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