abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-Alpha-synuclein (phospho Y125) antibody ab10789

★★★★★ <u>5 Abreviews</u> <u>10 References</u> 1 Image

Overview

Product name Anti-Alpha-synuclein (phospho Y125) antibody

Description Rabbit polyclonal to Alpha-synuclein (phospho Y125)

① This product is a <u>fast track antibody</u>. It has been affinity purified and shows high titre

values against the immunizing peptide by ELISA.

Read the terms of use »

Host species

Species reactivity

Rabbit

Predicted to work with: Mouse, Rat, Human

A

Immunogen

Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.

General notes

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw

cycles.

Storage buffer pH: 7.40

Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide

Constituent: PBS

Batches of this product that have a concentration < 1mg/ml may have BSA added as a stabilising agent. If you would like information about the formulation of a specific lot, please contact our

scientific support team who will be happy to help.

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Purity Immunogen affinity purified

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Applications

Fast track antibodies constitute a diverse group of products that have been released to accelerate your research, but are not yet fully characterized. They have all been affinity purified and show high titre values against the immunizing peptide (by ELISA).

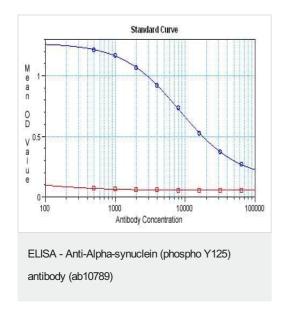
Fast track terms of use

| Application | Abreviews | Notes |
|-------------|-----------|--|
| ELISA | | Use at an assay dependent concentration. |

| Target | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Function | May be involved in the regulation of dopamine release and transport. Induces fibrillization of microtubule-associated protein tau. Reduces neuronal responsiveness to various apoptotic stimuli, leading to a decreased caspase-3 activation. | |
| Tissue specificity | Expressed principally in brain but is also expressed in low concentrations in all tissues examined except in liver. Concentrated in presynaptic nerve terminals. | |
| Involvement in disease | Genetic alterations of SNCA resulting in aberrant polymerization into fibrils, are associated with several neurodegenerative diseases (synucleinopathies). SNCA fibrillar aggregates represent the major non A-beta component of Alzheimer disease amyloid plaque, and a major component of Lewy body inclusions. They are also found within Lewy body (LB)-like intraneuronal inclusions, glial inclusions and axonal spheroids in neurodegeneration with brain iron accumulation type 1. Parkinson disease 1 Parkinson disease 4 Dementia Lewy body | |
| Sequence similarities | Belongs to the synuclein family. | |
| Domain | The 'non A-beta component of Alzheimer disease amyloid plaque' domain (NAC domain) is involved in fibrils formation. The middle hydrophobic region forms the core of the filaments. The C terminus may regulate aggregation and determine the diameter of the filaments. | |
| Post-translational modifications | Phosphorylated, predominantly on serine residues. Phosphorylation by CK1 appears to occur on residues distinct from the residue phosphorylated by other kinases. Phosphorylation of Ser-129 is selective and extensive in synucleinopathy lesions. In vitro, phosphorylation at Ser-129 promoted insoluble fibril formation. Phosphorylated on Tyr-125 by a PTK2B-dependent pathway upon osmotic stress. Hallmark lesions of neurodegenerative synucleinopathies contain alpha-synuclein that is modified by nitration of tyrosine residues and possibly by dityrosine cross-linking to generated stable oligomers. Ubiquitinated. The predominant conjugate is the diubiquitinated form. Acetylation at Met-1 seems to be important for proper folding and native oligomeric structure. | |
| Cellular localization | Cytoplasm, cytosol. Membrane. Nucleus. Cell junction, synapse. Secreted. Membrane-bound in dopaminergic neurons. | |

Images

This Fast-Track antibody is not yet fully characterised. These images represent inconclusive preliminary data.



ab10789 gave a positive result in ELISA against the immunising peptide (ab17030, blue line). It gave a negative result in ELISA against the non-modified equivalent peptide (ab17041, red line). This indicates that it is specific for the modified peptide. Not yet tested in other applications.

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

Terms and conditions

• Guarantee only valid for products bought direct from Abcam or one of our authorized distributors