# abcam

### Product datasheet

## Anti-BLNK (phospho Y96) antibody ab73204

## 2 Images

#### Overview

Product name Anti-BLNK (phospho Y96) antibody

**Description** Rabbit polyclonal to BLNK (phospho Y96)

Host species Rabbit

**Tested applications** Suitable for: WB, IHC-P

Species reactivity Reacts with: Human

Predicted to work with: Mouse

**Immunogen** Synthetic peptide corresponding to Human BLNK (phospho Y96).

Run BLAST with EXPASY MRUN BLAST with S NCBI

Positive control Human lymph node tissue. COLO205 cell extract.

General notes

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

#### **Properties**

Form Liquid

**Storage instructions** Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C. Stable for 12 months at -20°C.

Storage buffer pH: 7.40

Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide

Constituents: 50% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.87% Sodium chloride, PBS

Without Mg2+ and Ca2+

Purity Immunogen affinity purified

Purification notes ab73204 was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-

specific phosphopeptide. The antibody against non-phosphopeptide was removed by chromatography using non-phosphopeptide corresponding to the phosphorylation site.

**Clonality** Polyclonal

1

**Isotype** IgG

#### **Applications**

The Abpromise guarantee

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of ab73204 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
WB		1/500 - 1/1000. Detects a band of approximately 51 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 51 kDa).
IHC-P		Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Target
--------

**Function** 

Functions as a central linker protein that bridges kinases associated with the B-cell receptor (BCR) with a multitude of signaling pathways, regulating biological outcomes of B-cell function and development. Plays a role in the activation of ERK/EPHB2, MAP kinase p38 and JNK. Modulates AP1 activation. Important for the activation of NF-kappa-B and NFAT. Plays an important role in BCR-mediated PLCG1 and PLCG2 activation and Ca(2+) mobilization and is required for trafficking of the BCR to late endosomes. However, does not seem to be required for pre-BCR-mediated activation of MAP kinase and phosphatidyl-inositol 3 (Pl3) kinase signaling. May be required for the RAC1-JNK pathway. Plays a critical role in orchestrating the pro-B cell to pre-B cell transition (By similarity). Plays an important role in BCR-induced B-cell apoptosis.

Tissue specificity

Expressed in B-cell lineage and fibroblast cell lines (at protein level). Highest levels of expression in the spleen, with lower levels in the liver, kidney, pancreas, small intestines and colon.

Involvement in disease

Defects in BLNK are the cause of agammaglobulinemia type 4 (AGM4) [MIM:613502]. It is a primary immunodeficiency characterized by profoundly low or absent serum antibodies and low or absent circulating B cells due to an early block of B-cell development. Affected individuals develop severe infections in the first years of life.

Sequence similarities

Contains 1 SH2 domain.

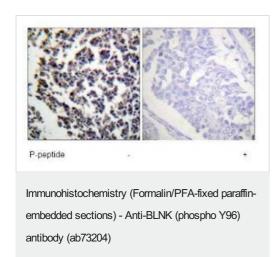
Post-translational modifications

Following BCR activation, phosphorylated on tyrosine residues by SYK and LYN. When phosphorylated, serves as a scaffold to assemble downstream targets of antigen activation, including PLCG1, VAV1, GRB2 and NCK1. Phosphorylation of Tyr-84, Tyr-178 and Tyr-189 facilitates PLCG1 binding. Phosphorylation of Tyr-96 facilitates BTK binding. Phosphorylation of Tyr-72 facilitates VAV1 and NCK1 binding. Phosphorylation is required for both Ca(2+) and MAPK signaling pathways.

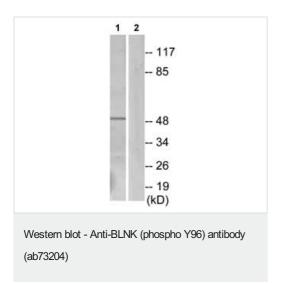
Cellular localization

Cytoplasm. Cell membrane. BCR activation results in the translocation to membrane fraction.

Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of BLNK in paraffin-embedded human lymph node tissue using ab73204 at 1/50 dilution in the presence (right panel) or absence (left panel) of immunising phosphopeptide.



**All lanes :** Anti-BLNK (phospho Y96) antibody (ab73204) at 1/500 dilution

Lane 1: COLO205 cell extract

Lane 2: COLO205 cell extract with immunising phosphopeptide at

10 µg

Lysates/proteins at 30 µg per lane.

**Predicted band size:** 51 kDa **Observed band size:** 51 kDa

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

## Our Abpromise to you: Quality guaranteed and expert technical support

- Replacement or refund for products not performing as stated on the datasheet
- Valid for 12 months from date of delivery
- Response to your inquiry within 24 hours
- We provide support in Chinese, English, French, German, Japanese and Spanish
- Extensive multi-media technical resources to help you
- We investigate all quality concerns to ensure our products perform to the highest standards

If the product does not perform as described on this datasheet, we will offer a refund or replacement. For full details of the Abpromise, please visit <a href="https://www.abcam.com/abpromise">https://www.abcam.com/abpromise</a> or contact our technical team.

## Terms and conditions

• Guarantee only valid for products bought direct from Abcam or one of our authorized distributors