abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-GABA B Receptor 1 antibody [EPR9404] ab166604

Recombinant RabMAb

5 References 2 Images

Overview

Product name Anti-GABA B Receptor 1 antibody [EPR9404]

Description Rabbit monoclonal [EPR9404] to GABA B Receptor 1

Host species Rabbit

Suitable for: WB **Tested applications**

Unsuitable for: Flow Cyt,ICC/IF,IHC-P or IP

Species reactivity Reacts with: Human

Predicted to work with: Mouse, Rat

Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers. **Immunogen**

Positive control Fetal brain, U87-MG, HeLa and SH-SY5Y lysates

General notes This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility

- Improved sensitivity and specificity

- Long-term security of supply - Animal-free production

For more information see here.

Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to **RabMAb**® **patents**.

Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Storage buffer pH: 7.2

Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide

Constituents: 9% PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA, 50% Tissue culture

supernatant

Purity Tissue culture supernatant

Clonality Monoclonal Clone number **EPR9404**

Isotype IgG

Applications

The Abpromise guarantee

Our Abpromise quarantee covers the use of ab166604 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
WB		1/1000 - 1/5000. Detects a band of approximately 108 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 108 kDa).

Application notes

Is unsuitable for Flow Cyt,ICC/IF,IHC-P or IP.

Target

Function

Receptor for GABA. The activity of this receptor is mediated by G-proteins that inhibit adenylyl cyclase activity, stimulates phospholipase A2, activates potassium channels, inactivates voltage-dependent calcium-channels and modulates inositol phospholipids hydrolysis. Plays a critical role in the fine-tuning of inhibitory synaptic transmission. Pre-synaptic GABA-B-R inhibit neurotransmitter release by down-regulating high-voltage activated calcium channels, whereas postsynaptic GABA-B-R decrease neuronal excitability by activating a prominent inwardly rectifying potassium (Kir) conductance that underlies the late inhibitory postsynaptic potentials. Not only implicated in synaptic inhibition but also in hippocampal long-term potentiation, slow wave sleep, muscle relaxation and antinociception. Activated by (-)-baclofen, cgp27492 and blocked by phaclofen.

Isoform 1E function may be to regulate the availability of functional GABA-B-R1A/GABA-B-R2 heterodimers by competing for GABA-B-R2 dimerization. This could explain the observation that certain small molecule ligands exhibit differential affinity for central versus peripheral sites.

Tissue specificity

Highly expressed in brain and weakly in heart, small intestine and uterus. Isoform 1A is mostly expressed in granular cell and molecular layer. Isoform 1B is mostly expressed in Purkinje cells. Isoform 1E is predominantly expressed in peripheral tissues as kidney, lung, trachea, colon, small intestine, stomach, bone marrow, thymus and mammary gland.

Sequence similarities

Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 3 family. GABA-B receptor subfamily.

Contains 2 Sushi (CCP/SCR) domains.

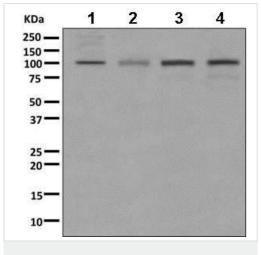
Domain

Alpha-helical parts of the C-terminal intracellular region mediate heterodimeric interaction with GABA-B receptor 2. The linker region between the transmembrane domain 3 (TM3) and the transmembrane domain 4 (TM4) probably play a role in the specificity for G-protein coupling.

Cellular localization

Secreted and Cell membrane. Cell junction > synapse > postsynaptic cell membrane. Colocalizes with ATF4 in hippocampal neuron dendritic membranes (By similarity). Moreover coexpression of GABA-B-R1 and GABA-B-R2 appears to be a prerequisite for maturation and transport of GABA-B-R1 to the plasma membrane.

Images



Western blot - Anti-GABA B Receptor 1 antibody [EPR9404] (ab166604) **All lanes :** Anti-GABA B Receptor 1 antibody [EPR9404] (ab166604) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1 : Fetal brain lysate
Lane 2 : U87-MG lysate
Lane 3 : HeLa lysate

Lane 4: SH-SY5Y lysate

Lysates/proteins at 10 µg per lane.

Secondary

All lanes: HRP labelled goat anti-rabbit at 1/2000 dilution

Predicted band size: 108 kDa Observed band size: 108 kDa



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