abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-IB-1 antibody ab24449

4 References 1 Image

Overview

Product name Anti-IB-1 antibody

Description Rabbit polyclonal to IB-1

Host species Rabbit

Tested applications Suitable for: WB

Species reactivity Reacts with: Mouse, Rat, Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide corresponding to Mouse IB-1 (N terminal).

Positive control Mouse Intestine. Rat kidney. Jurkat whole cell lysate (ab7899).

General notes This product is manufactured by BioVision, an Abcam company and was previously called 3664

JIP-1 Antibody.

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years. Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Storage buffer Preservative: 0.02% Thimerosal (merthiolate)

Constituents: PBS, 50% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.1% BSA

Purity Protein A purified

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Applications

The Abpromise guarantee Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab24449 in the following tested applications.

1

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
WB		Use a concentration of 0.5 - 2 µg/ml. Detects a band of approximately 78 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 78 kDa). A band of 110 kDa can also be observed in human samples.

Target

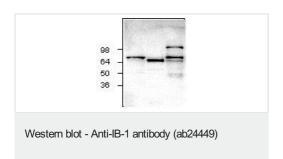
Relevance

Function: The JNK-interacting protein (JIP) group of scaffold proteins selectively mediates JNK signaling by aggregating specific components of the MAPK cascade to form a functional JNK signaling module. Required for JNK activation in response to excitotoxic stress. Cytoplasmic MAPK8IP1 causes inhibition of JNK-regulated activity by retaining JNK in the cytoplasm and inhibiting JNK phosphorylation of c-Jun. May also participate in ApoER2-specific reelin signaling. Directly, or indirectly, regulates GLUT2 gene expression and beta-cell function, Appears to have a role in cell signaling in mature and developing nerve terminals. May function as a regulator of vesicle transport, through interactions with the JNK-signaling components and motor proteins (By similarity). Functions as an anti-apoptotic protein and whose level seems to influence the beta-cell death or survival response. Tissue specificity: Highly expressed in brain. Expressed in neurons, localizing to neurite tips in differentiating cells. Also expressed in the pancreas, testis and prostate. Low levels in heart, ovary and small intestine. Decreased levels in pancreatic beta cells sensitize cells to IL-1-beta-induced apoptosis. Disease: Diabetes mellitus, non-insulin-dependent Similarity: Belongs to the JIP scaffold family. Contains 1 PID domain. Contains 1 SH3 domain. Domain: The destruction boxes (D-box) may act as recognition signals for degradation via the ubiquitin-proteasome pathway. A minimal inhibitory domain prevents pancreatic beta cell apoptosis in vitro, and prevents activation of c-jun by MAPK8, MAPK9 and MAPK10. The SH3 domain mediates homodimerization. PTM: Phosphorylated by MAPK8, MAPK9 and MAPK10. Phosphorylation on Thr-103 is also necessary for the dissociation and activation of MAP3K12. Phosphorylated by isoform 1 and isoform 2 of VRK2. Hyperphosphorylated during mitosis following activation of stress-activated and MAP kinases. Ubiquitinated. Two preliminary events are required to prime for ubiquitination; phosphorylation and an increased in intracellular calcium concentration. Then, the calcium influx initiates ubiquitination and degradation by the ubiquitinproteasome pathway.

Cellular localization

Cytoplasmic. Accumulates in cell surface projections. Under certain stress conditions, translocates to the perinuclear region of neurons. In insulin-secreting cells, detected in both the cytoplasm and nucleus

Images



All lanes: Anti-IB-1 antibody (ab24449)

Lane 1 : Rat kidney
Lane 2 : Mouse Intestine
Lane 3 : Jurkat Cell lysate

Predicted band size: 78 kDa

Observed band size: 78 kDa

Additional bands at: 110 kDa (possible isoform)

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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