# abcam

# Product datasheet

# Anti-LCAT antibody [EPR1384Y] ab51060

Recombinant RabMAb

**5 References** 6 Images

Overview

**Product name** Anti-LCAT antibody [EPR1384Y]

**Description** Rabbit monoclonal [EPR1384Y] to LCAT

**Host species** Rabbit

**Tested applications** Suitable for: IP, WB, IHC-P

Species reactivity Reacts with: Human

**Immunogen** Synthetic peptide within Human LCAT (C terminal). The exact sequence is proprietary.

Database link: P04180

Positive control WB: Human serum and plasma lysates IHC-P: Human brain and liver tissue IP: Human plasma

**General notes** This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility

- Improved sensitivity and specificity

- Long-term security of supply

- Animal-free production

For more information see here.

Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to **RabMAb**® **patents**.

Mouse, Rat: We have preliminary internal testing data to indicate this antibody may not react with

these species. Please contact us for more information.

**Properties** 

**Form** Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C long

term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Storage buffer pH: 7.2

Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide

Constituents: 0.05% BSA, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 59% PBS

**Purity** Protein A purified

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone number EPR1384Y

**Isotype** IgG

#### **Applications**

# The Abpromise guarantee

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of ab51060 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
IP		1/20. For unpurified use at 1/100.
WB		1/10000. Detects a band of approximately 62 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 50 kDa).
IHC-P		1/100 - 1/250. Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval before commencing with IHC staining protocol.  See IHC antigen retrieval protocols.
		The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument.

#### **Target**

#### **Function**

Central enzyme in the extracellular metabolism of plasma lipoproteins. Synthesized mainly in the liver and secreted into plasma where it converts cholesterol and phosphatidylcholines (lecithins) to cholesteryl esters and lysophosphatidylcholines on the surface of high and low density lipoproteins (HDLs and LDLs). The cholesterol ester is then transported back to the liver. Has a preference for plasma 16:0-18:2 or 18:0-18:2 phosphatidylcholines. Also produced in the brain by primary astrocytes, and esterifies free cholesterol on nascent APOE-containing lipoproteins secreted from glia and influences cerebral spinal fluid (CSF) APOE- and APOA1 levels. Together with APOE and the cholesterol transporter ABCA1, plays a key role in the maturation of glial-derived, nascent lipoproteins. Required for remodeling high-density lipoprotein particles into their spherical forms.

# Tissue specificity

Expressed mainly in brain, liver and testes. Secreted into plasma and cerebral spinal fluid. In liver, expressed in HEPG2 hepatocytes.

#### Involvement in disease

Defects in LCAT are the cause of lecithin-cholesterol acyltransferase deficiency (LCATD) [MIM:245900]; also called Norum disease. LCATD is a disorder of lipoprotein metabolism characterized by inadequate esterification of plasmatic cholesterol. Two clinical forms are recognized: familial LCAT deficiency and fish-eye disease. Familial LCAT deficiency is associated with a complete absence of alpha and beta LCAT activities and results in esterification anomalies involving both HDL (alpha-LCAT activity) and LDL (beta-LCAT activity). It causes a typical triad of diffuse corneal opacities, target cell hemolytic anemia, and proteinuria with renal failure.

Defects in LCAT are a cause of fish-eye disease (FED) [MIM:136120]; also known as dyslipoproteinemic corneal dystrophy or alpha-LCAT deficiency. FED is due to a partial LCAT deficiency that affects only alpha-LCAT activity. It is characterized by low plasma HDL and corneal opacities due to accumulation of cholesterol deposits in the cornea ('fish-eye').

### Sequence similarities

Belongs to the AB hydrolase superfamily. Lipase family.

# Post-translational modifications

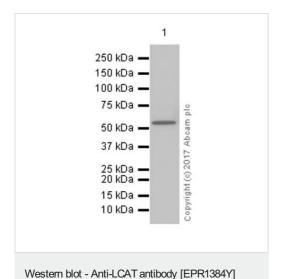
#### **Cellular localization**

O- and N-glycosylated. O-glycosylation on Thr-431 and Ser-433 consists of sialylated galactose beta 1-->3N-acetylgalactosamine structures. N-glycosylated sites contain sialylated triantennary and/or biantennary complex structures.

Secreted. Secreted into blood plasma. Produced in astrocytes and secreted into cerebral spinal fluid.

#### **Images**

(ab51060)



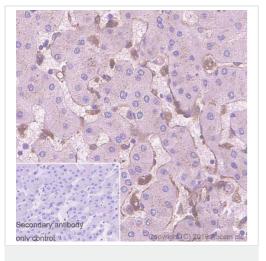
Anti-LCAT antibody [EPR1384Y] (ab51060) at 1/10000 dilution (Purified) + Human plasma lysates at 15 µg

# **Secondary**

Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (HRP) with minimal cross-reactivity with human IgG at 1/2000 dilution

Predicted band size: 50 kDa
Observed band size: 62 kDa

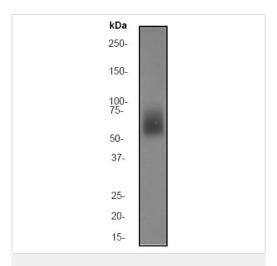
Blocking/Diluting Buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-LCAT antibody
[EPR1384Y] (ab51060)

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) analysis of human liver tissue sections labeling LCAT with purified ab51060 at 1/100 dilution (1.03 µg/mL). Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed using Bond™ Epitope Retrieval Solution 2 (pH 9.0) . Rabbit specific IHC polymer detection kit HRP/DAB (ab209101) was used as the secondary antibody. Negative control: PBS instead of the primary antibody. Hematoxylin was used as a counterstain.

The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument.



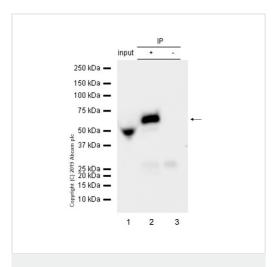
Western blot - Anti-LCAT antibody [EPR1384Y] (ab51060)

Anti-LCAT antibody [EPR1384Y] (ab51060) at 1/10000 dilution (unpurified) + Human serum at 10  $\mu g$ 

#### Secondary

Goat anti-Rabbit HRP at 1/2000 dilution

**Predicted band size:** 50 kDa **Observed band size:** 62 kDa



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-LCAT antibody [EPR1384Y] (ab51060)

ab51060 (Purified) at 1/20 dilution (0.5ug) immunoprecipitating LCAT in Human plasma.

Lane 1 (input): Human plasma 10ug

Lane 2 (+): ab51060 & Human plasma

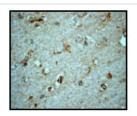
Lane 3 (-): Rabbit monoclonal lgG (<u>ab172730</u>) instead of ab51060 in Human plasma

For western blotting, VeriBlot for IP Detection Reagent (HRP)

(ab131366) was used at 1/1000 dilution.

Blocking and diluting buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

50 kDa band in input lane should be human lgG heavy chain.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-LCAT antibody
[EPR1384Y] (ab51060)

ab51060 (unpurified) at 1/100 dilution staining LCAT in paraffin embedded human brain tissue by Immunohistochemistry. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

# Our Abpromise to you: Quality guaranteed and expert technical support

- Replacement or refund for products not performing as stated on the datasheet
- · Valid for 12 months from date of delivery
- Response to your inquiry within 24 hours
- We provide support in Chinese, English, French, German, Japanese and Spanish
- Extensive multi-media technical resources to help you
- We investigate all quality concerns to ensure our products perform to the highest standards

If the product does not perform as described on this datasheet, we will offer a refund or replacement. For full details of the Abpromise, please visit <a href="https://www.abcam.com/abpromise">https://www.abcam.com/abpromise</a> or contact our technical team.

#### Terms and conditions

• Guarantee only valid for products bought direct from Abcam or one of our authorized distributors