abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-Met (c-Met) antibody ab74217

12 References 1 Image

Overview

Product name Anti-Met (c-Met) antibody

Description Rabbit polyclonal to Met (c-Met)

Host species Rabbit

Tested applications Suitable for: IHC-P

Species reactivity Reacts with: Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide within Human Met (c-Met) aa 1350 to the C-terminus (C terminal). The exact

sequence is proprietary. Database link: **P08581**

Positive control IHC-P: Human ovarian carcinoma tissue.

General notes

This product is FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. For commercial use, please contact

partnerships@abcam.com.

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years. Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Storage buffer pH: 7.60

Preservative: 0.1% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 1% BSA

Purity Immunogen affinity purified

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

1

Applications

The Abpromise guarantee

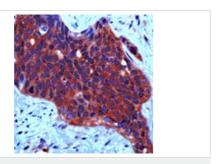
Our <u>Abpromise guarantee</u> covers the use of ab74217 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
IHC-P		1/50. Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Target		
Function	Receptor for hepatocyte growth factor and scatter factor. Has a tyrosine-protein kinase activity. Functions in cell proliferation, scattering, morphogenesis and survival.	
Involvement in disease	Note=Activation of MET after rearrangement with the TPR gene produces an oncogenic protein. Note=Defects in MET may be associated with gastric cancer. Defects in MET are a cause of hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) [MIM:114550]. Defects in MET are a cause of renal cell carcinoma papillary (RCCP) [MIM:605074]. It is a subtype of renal cell carcinoma tending to show a tubulo-papillary architecture formed by numerous, irregular, finger-like projections of connective tissue. Renal cell carcinoma is a heterogeneous group of sporadic or hereditary carcinoma derived from cells of the proximal renatubular epithelium. It is subclassified into common renal cell carcinoma (clear cell, non-papillary carcinoma), papillary renal cell carcinoma, chromophobe renal cell carcinoma, collecting duct carcinoma with medullary carcinoma of the kidney, and unclassified renal cell carcinoma. Note=A common allele in the promoter region of the MET shows genetic association with susceptibility to autism in some families. Functional assays indicate a decrease in MET promote activity and altered binding of specific transcription factor complexes. Note=MET activating mutations may be involved in the development of a highly malignant, metastatic syndrome known as cancer of unknown primary origin (CUP) or primary occult malignancy. Systemic neoplastic spread is generally a late event in cancer progression. However in some instances, distant dissemination arises at a very early stage, so that metastases reach clinical relevance before primary lesions. Sometimes, the primary lesions cannot be identified in spite of the progresses in the diagnosis of malignancies.	
Sequence similarities	Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. Contains 3 IPT/TIG domains. Contains 1 protein kinase domain. Contains 1 Sema domain.	
Domain	The kinase domain is involved in SPSB1 binding.	
Post-translational modifications	Dephosphorylated by PTPRJ at Tyr-1349 and Tyr-1365.	
Cellular localization	Membrane.	

Images



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-Met (c-Met) antibody (ab74217)

ab74217 at 1/50 dilution staining Met (c-Met) in human ovarian carcinoma by Immunohistochemistry, Formalin-fixed, Paraffinembedded tissue.

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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