abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-Morphine antibody ab30683

Overview

Product name Anti-Morphine antibody

Description Rabbit polyclonal to Morphine

Host species Rabbit

Tested applications Suitable for: ELISA

Species reactivity Reacts with: Species independent

Immunogen Chemical/ Small Molecule: Morphine hemisuccinate.

General notes

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Add glycerol to a final volume of 50% for

extra stability and aliquot. Store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Storage buffer Constituent: Whole serum

Purity Whole antiserum

Purification notes Purity is greater than or equal to 98% by SDS PAGE. No contaminants detected. Single band by

SDS PAGE, IEP, and/or RID.

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Applications

The Abpromise guarantee Our <u>Abpromise guarantee</u> covers the use of ab30683 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

1

Application	Abreviews	Notes
ELISA		Use at an assay dependent dilution.

Target

Relevance

Morphine is thought to produce reinforcement phenomena via stimulation of mu, delta, and kappa opioid receptors that regulate stress perception, pain control, reward behavior, and neurohormone secretion in reward-relevant brain systems. It has the highest affinity for mu, followed by delta and kappa. Rapid activation of the mu opioid receptor by morphine results in a euphoric phenotype, thus conferring the reinforcing effects of the drug. This activation is accompanied by extracellular dopamine release, which alters several events related to the cAMP signal transduction pathway. Of particular significance is that CREB seems to be modified by morphine, thereby affecting addictive behavioral phenomena, such as withdrawal symptoms.

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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