## abcam

## Product datasheet

## Anti-Optineurin antibody ab23666

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#### Overview

Product name Anti-Optineurin antibody

**Description** Rabbit polyclonal to Optineurin

Host species Rabbit

Tested applications Suitable for: WB

Species reactivity Reacts with: Human

Predicted to work with: Mouse, Rat, Cow, Pig, Cynomolgus monkey, Macaque monkey

**Immunogen** Synthetic peptide. This information is considered to be commercially sensitive.

**General notes**The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

## **Properties**

Form Liquid

**Storage instructions** Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Storage buffer pH: 7.40

Constituents: 66% Sodium chloride, 25% Tris

**Purity** Protein A purified

**Clonality** Polyclonal

**Isotype** IgG

## **Applications**

The Abpromise guarantee Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab23666 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

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Application	Abreviews	Notes
WB	★★★★☆ (4)	1/200. Detects a band of approximately 75 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 74 kDa).

#### **Target**

## **Function**

Plays an important role in the maintenance of the Golgi complex, in membrane trafficking, in exocytosis, through its interaction with myosin VI and Rab8. Links myosin VI to the Golgi complex and plays an important role in Golgi ribbon formation. Negatively regulates the induction of IFNB in response to RNA virus infection. Plays a neuroprotective role in the eye and optic nerve. Probably part of the TNF-alpha signaling pathway that can shift the equilibrium toward induction of cell death. May act by regulating membrane trafficking and cellular morphogenesis via a complex that contains Rab8 and hungtingtin (HD). May constitute a cellular target for adenovirus E3 14.7, an inhibitor of TNF-alpha functions, thereby affecting cell death.

### Tissue specificity

Present in acqueous humor of the eye (at protein level). Highly expressed in trabecular meshwork. Expressed nonpigmented ciliary epithelium, retina, brain, adrenal cortex, fetus, lymphocyte, fibroblast, skeletal muscle, heart, liver, brain and placenta.

#### Involvement in disease

Defects in OPTN are the cause of primary open angle glaucoma type 1E (GLC1E) [MIM:137760]. Primary open angle glaucoma (POAG) is characterized by a specific pattern of optic nerve and visual field defects. The angle of the anterior chamber of the eye is open, and usually the intraocular pressure is increased. The disease is asymptomatic until the late stages, by which time significant and irreversible optic nerve damage has already taken place.

Defects in OPTN are a cause of susceptibility to normal pressure glaucoma (NPG) [MIM:606657]. Defects in OPTN are the cause of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis type 12 (ALS12) [MIM:613435]. It is a neurodegenerative disorder affecting upper motor neurons in the brain and lower motor neurons in the brain stem and spinal cord, resulting in fatal paralysis. Sensory abnormalities are absent. Death usually occurs within 2 to 5 years. The etiology of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis is likely to be multifactorial, involving both genetic and environmental factors. The disease is inherited in 5-10% of the cases.

## **Domain**

Ubiquitin-binding motif (UBAN) is essential for its inhibitory function, subcellular localization and interaction with TBK1.

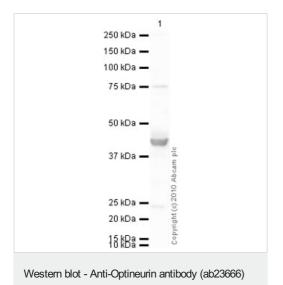
# Post-translational modifications

Phosphorylated. Phosphorylation is induced by phorbol esters and decreases its half-time.

## Cellular localization

Cytoplasm > perinuclear region. Golgi apparatus. Golgi apparatus > trans-Golgi network. Found in the perinuclear region and associates with the Golgi apparatus. Colocalizes with MYO6 and RAB8 at the Golgi complex and in vesicular structures close to the plasma membrane.

## **Images**



Anti-Optineurin antibody (ab23666) at 1 µg + Human skeletal muscle tissue lysate - total protein at 10 µg

## Secondary

Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) preadsorbed (ab97080) at 1/5000 dilution

Developed using the ECL technique.

Performed under reducing conditions.

**Predicted band size:** 74 kDa **Observed band size:** 75 kDa

Additional bands at: 24 kDa, 43 kDa. We are unsure as to the

identity of these extra bands.

Exposure time: 1 minute

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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