abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-PADI4 / PAD4 antibody ab26071

1 References 2 Images

Overview

Product name Anti-PAD4 / PAD4 antibody

Description Goat polyclonal to PADI4 / PAD4

Host species Goat

Tested applications Suitable for: ICC

Species reactivity Reacts with: Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide corresponding to Human PADI4/ PAD4 aa 1-100 (N terminal).

Database link: NP_036519.2

Run BLAST with Run BLAST with

Positive control ICC: HeLa and U2OS cells.

General notes

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C or -

80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Storage buffer pH: 7.30

Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide

Constituents: 99% Tris buffered saline, 0.5% BSA

Purity Immunogen affinity purified

Purification notes This antibody was purified from goat serum by ammonium sulphate precipitation followed by

antigen affinity chromatography using the immunizing peptide.

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

1

Applications

The Abpromise guarantee

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of ab26071 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
ICC		Use a concentration of 10 µg/ml.

Target

Function

Catalyzes the citrullination/deimination of arginine residues of proteins. Citrullinates histone H3 at 'Arg-8' and/or 'Arg-17' and histone H4 at 'Arg-3', which prevents their methylation by CARM1 and HRMT1L2/PRMT1 and represses transcription. Citrullinates EP300/P300 at 'Arg-2142', which favors its interaction with NCOA2/GRIP1.

Tissue specificity Involvement in disease

Expressed in eosinophils and neutrophils, not expressed in peripheral monocytes or lymphocytes.

Genetic variations in PADI4 are a cause of susceptibility to rheumatoid arthritis (RA) [MIM:180300]. It is a systemic inflammatory disease with autoimmune features and a complex genetic component. It primarily affects the joints and is characterized by inflammatory changes in the synovial membranes and articular structures, widespread fibrinoid degeneration of the collagen fibers in mesenchymal tissues, and by atrophy and rarefaction of bony structures. Note=Could have an important role in the pathogenesis of rheumatoid arthritis by increasing citrullination of proteins in rheumatoid arthritis synovial tissues, leading, in a cytokine-rich milieu, to a break in tolerance to citrullinated peptides processed and presented in the appropriate HLA context.

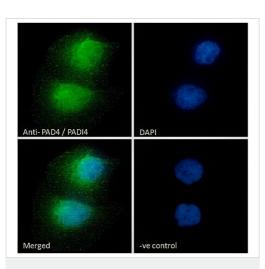
Sequence similarities

Belongs to the protein arginine deiminase family.

Cellular localization

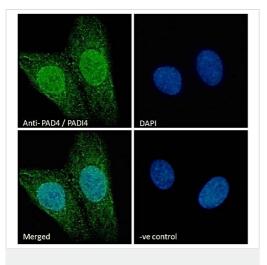
Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cytoplasmic granule. Cytoplasmic granules of eosinophils and neutrophils.

Images



Immunocytochemistry - Anti-PADI4 / PAD4 antibody (ab26071)

Immunocytochemistry analysis of HeLa cells labeling PAD4 / PAD4 antibody with ab26071 at 10 μ g/mL (1 hour incubation). Cells were fixed with paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with 0.15% Triton. Alexa Fluor[®] 488 2 μ g/mL was used as the secondary antibody. The nuclear stain is DAPI (blue). Negative control: Unimmunized goat IgG at 10 μ g/mL followed by Alexa Fluor[®] 488 secondary antibody 2 μ g/mL.



Immunocytochemistry - Anti-PADI4 / PAD4 antibody (ab26071)

Immunocytochemistry analysis of U2OS cells labeling PAD4 / PAD4 antibody with ab26071 at 10 μ g/mL (1 hour incubation). Cells were fixed with paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with 0.15% Triton. Alexa Fluor[®] 488 2 μ g/mL was used as the secondary antibody. The nuclear stain is DAPI (blue). Negative control: Unimmunized goat lgG at 10 μ g/mL followed by Alexa Fluor[®] 488 secondary antibody 2 μ g/mL.

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

Our Abpromise to you: Quality guaranteed and expert technical support

- Replacement or refund for products not performing as stated on the datasheet
- Valid for 12 months from date of delivery
- Response to your inquiry within 24 hours
- We provide support in Chinese, English, French, German, Japanese and Spanish
- Extensive multi-media technical resources to help you
- · We investigate all quality concerns to ensure our products perform to the highest standards

If the product does not perform as described on this datasheet, we will offer a refund or replacement. For full details of the Abpromise, please visit https://www.abcam.com/abpromise or contact our technical team.

Terms and conditions

· Guarantee only valid for products bought direct from Abcam or one of our authorized distributors