

# Anti-PARP1 antibody [E102] - BSA and Azide free ab221923

**KO VALIDATED** Recombinant RabMAB

[7 Images](#)

### Overview

<b>Product name</b>	Anti-PARP1 antibody [E102] - BSA and Azide free
<b>Description</b>	Rabbit monoclonal [E102] to PARP1 - BSA and Azide free
<b>Host species</b>	Rabbit
<b>Specificity</b>	This antibody recognises both pro-form and p25 cleaved form of PARP1.
<b>Tested applications</b>	<b>Suitable for:</b> IHC-P, WB, ICC/IF, Flow Cyt (Intra) <b>Unsuitable for:</b> IP
<b>Species reactivity</b>	<b>Reacts with:</b> Human
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.
<b>Positive control</b>	WB: Wild type HAP1 whole cell lysate; HeLa whole cell lysate ( <a href="#">ab150035</a> ); HEK-293T cell lysate; ICC/IF: HeLa cells; IHC-P: Human breast carcinoma tissue; Flow Cyt (intra): HeLa cells, HAP1 cells. WB: Jurkat whole cell lysate.
<b>General notes</b>	<p>Ab221923 is the carrier-free version of <a href="#">ab32138</a>.</p> <p>Our <b>carrier-free</b> antibodies are typically supplied in a PBS-only formulation, purified and free of BSA, sodium azide and glycerol. The carrier-free buffer and high concentration allow for increased conjugation efficiency.</p> <p>This conjugation-ready format is designed for use with fluorochromes, metal isotopes, oligonucleotides, and enzymes, which makes them ideal for antibody labelling, functional and cell-based assays, flow-based assays (e.g. mass cytometry) and Multiplex Imaging applications.</p> <p>Use our <b>conjugation kits</b> for antibody conjugates that are ready-to-use in as little as 20 minutes with &lt;1 minute hands-on-time and 100% antibody recovery: available for fluorescent dyes, HRP, biotin and gold.</p> <p>This product is compatible with the Maxpar<sup>®</sup> Antibody Labeling Kit from Fluidigm, without the need for antibody preparation. Maxpar<sup>®</sup> is a trademark of Fluidigm Canada Inc.</p> <p>This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility</li><li>- Improved sensitivity and specificity</li><li>- Long-term security of supply</li><li>- Animal-free production</li></ul>

For more information [see here](#).

Our RabMAb<sup>®</sup> technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to [RabMAb<sup>®</sup> patents](#).

Mouse, Rat: We have preliminary internal testing data to indicate this antibody may not react with these species. Please contact us for more information.

## Properties

<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Storage instructions</b>	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C. Do Not Freeze.
<b>Storage buffer</b>	pH: 7.20 Constituent: PBS
<b>Carrier free</b>	Yes
<b>Purity</b>	Protein A purified
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone number</b>	E102
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG

## Applications

**The Abpromise guarantee** Our [Abpromise guarantee](#) covers the use of ab221923 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
<b>IHC-P</b>		Use at an assay dependent concentration. Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with citrate buffer pH 6 before commencing with IHC staining protocol. See <a href="#">IHC antigen retrieval protocols</a> .
<b>WB</b>		Use at an assay dependent concentration. Predicted molecular weight: 113 kDa. Existing as a 113 kDa nuclear protein, PARP1 is cleaved between amino acids Asp214 and Gly215 to yield two fragments of 29 kDa (C-terminal catalytic domain) and 85 kDa (N-terminal DNA-binding domain)
<b>ICC/IF</b>		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
<b>Flow Cyt (Intra)</b>		Use at an assay dependent concentration. <a href="#">ab199376</a> - Rabbit monoclonal IgG, is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody.

**Application notes** Is unsuitable for IP.

## Target

## Function

Involved in the base excision repair (BER) pathway, by catalyzing the poly(ADP-ribosyl)ation of a limited number of acceptor proteins involved in chromatin architecture and in DNA metabolism. This modification follows DNA damages and appears as an obligatory step in a detection/signaling pathway leading to the reparation of DNA strand breaks. Mediates the poly(ADP-ribosyl)ation of APLF and CHFR. Positively regulates the transcription of MTUS1 and negatively regulates the transcription of MTUS2/TIP150.

## Sequence similarities

Contains 1 BRCT domain.  
Contains 1 PARP alpha-helical domain.  
Contains 1 PARP catalytic domain.  
Contains 2 PARP-type zinc fingers.

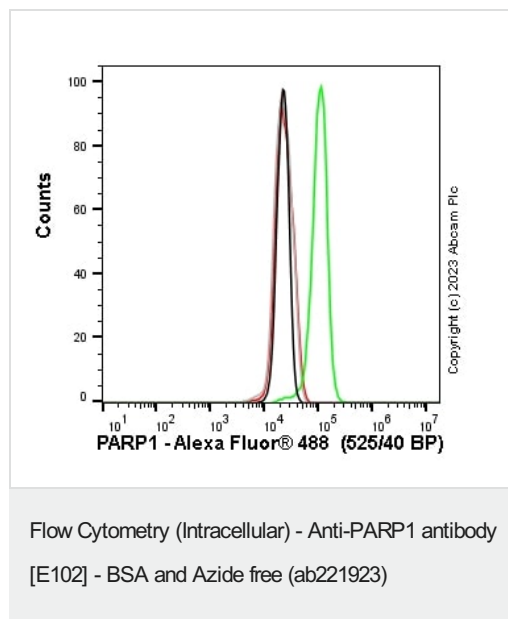
## Post-translational modifications

Phosphorylated by PRKDC. Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR. Poly-ADP-ribosylated by PARP2. Poly-ADP-ribosylation mediates the recruitment of CHD1L to DNA damage sites.  
S-nitrosylated, leading to inhibit transcription regulation activity.

## Cellular localization

Nucleus.

## Images

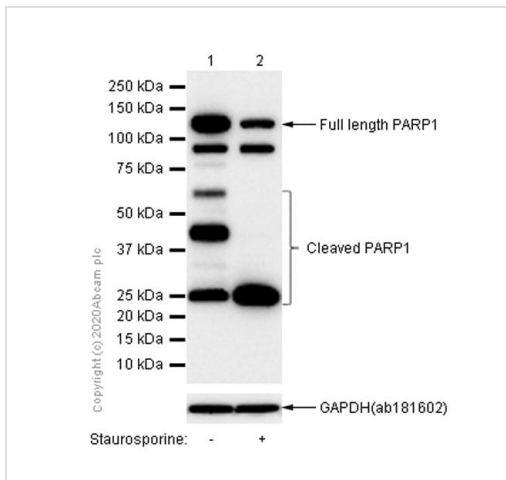


This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide ([ab32138](#)).

Flow cytometry overlay histogram showing wild-type Hap1 (green line) and PARP1 knockout Hap1 stained with [ab32138](#) (red line). The cells were fixed with 4% formaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilised with 0.1% PBS-Triton X-100 for 15 min. The cells were then incubated in 1x PBS containing 10% normal goat serum to block non-specific protein-protein interaction followed by the antibody ([ab32138](#)) ( $1 \times 10^6$  in 100  $\mu$ l at 0.04  $\mu$ g/ml (1/55750)) for 30min at 22°C.

The secondary antibody Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed was incubated at 1/4000 for 30min at 22°C. Isotype control antibody Recombinant Rabbit IgG, monoclonal [EPR25A] - Isotype Control was used at the same concentration and conditions as the primary antibody (wild-type Hap1 - black line, PARP1 knockout Hap1 - grey line). Unlabelled sample was also used as a control (this line is not shown for the purpose of simplicity).

Acquisition of >5000 events were collected using a 50 mW Blue laser (488nm) and 525/40 bandpass filter.



Western blot - Anti-PARP1 antibody [E102] - BSA and Azide free (ab221923)

**All lanes** : Anti-PARP1 antibody [E102] ([ab32138](#)) at 1/1000 dilution (Purified)

**Lane 1** : Untreated Jurkat (Human T cell leukemia T lymphocyte) whole cell lysate

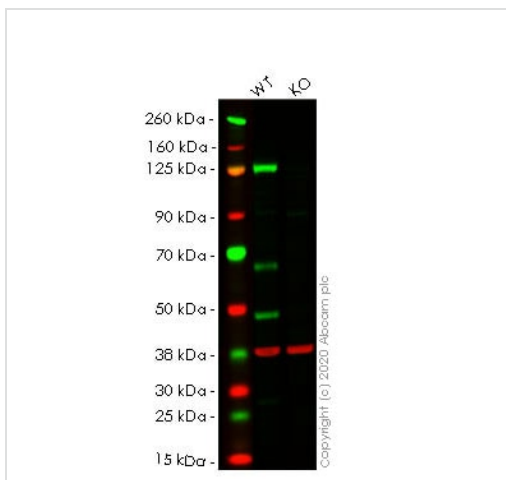
**Lane 2** : Jurkat (Human T cell leukemia T lymphocyte) treated with 1 μM staurosporine for 4 hours whole cell lysate

### Secondary

**All lanes** : Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) ([ab97051](#)) at 1/20000 dilution

**Predicted band size:** 113 kDa

pro-form: 116kDa; p25 caspases cleaved form: 25kDa; proteolysis cleaved fragments: 58kDa and 42kDa



Western blot - Anti-PARP1 antibody [E102] - BSA and Azide free (ab221923)

**All lanes** : Anti-PARP1 antibody [E102] ([ab32138](#)) at 1/1000 dilution

**Lane 1** : Wild-type HEK-293T cell lysate

**Lane 2** : PARP1 knockout HEK-293T cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 20 μg per lane.

Performed under reducing conditions.

**Predicted band size:** 113 kDa

**Observed band size:** 113 kDa

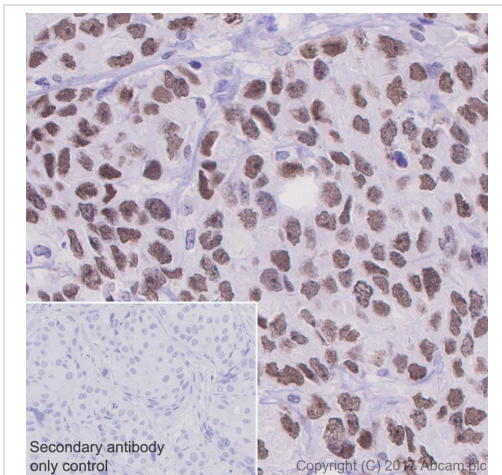
This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide ([ab32138](#)).

**Lanes 1- 2:** Merged signal (red and green). Green - [ab32138](#) observed at 113 kDa. Red - Anti-GAPDH antibody [6C5] - Loading Control ([ab8245](#)) observed at 37 kDa.

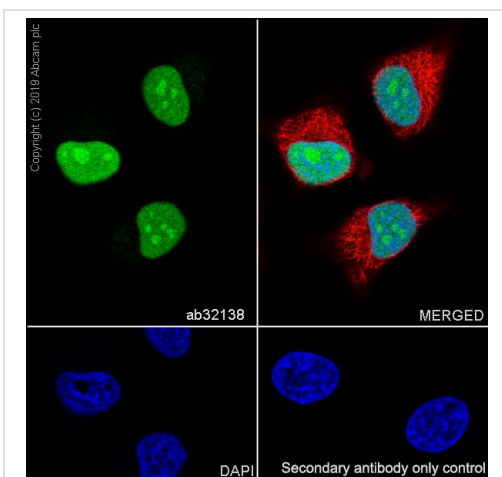
**ab32138** was shown to react with PARP1 in wild-type HEK-293T cells in western blot. Loss of signal was observed when knockout cell line **ab266598** (knockout cell lysate **ab257017**). Wild-type HEK-293T and PARP1 knockout HEK-293T cell lysates were subjected to SDS-PAGE. **ab32138** and Anti-GAPDH antibody [6C5] - Loading Control (**ab8245**) overnight at 4°C at a 1 in 1000 dilution and a 1 in 20000 dilution respectively. Blots were developed with Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye®800CW) preadsorbed (**ab216773**) and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye®680RD) preadsorbed (**ab216776**) secondary antibodies at 1 in 20000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature before imaging.

This data was developed using **ab32138**, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) analysis of human breast carcinoma tissue sections labeling PARP1 with purified **ab32138** at 1/200 dilution (0.51 µg/mL). Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed using Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval using **ab93684** (Tris/EDTA buffer, pH 9.0). Tissue was counterstained with Hematoxylin. ImmunoHistoProbe one step HRP Polymer (ready to use) secondary antibody was used at 1/0 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the negative control.



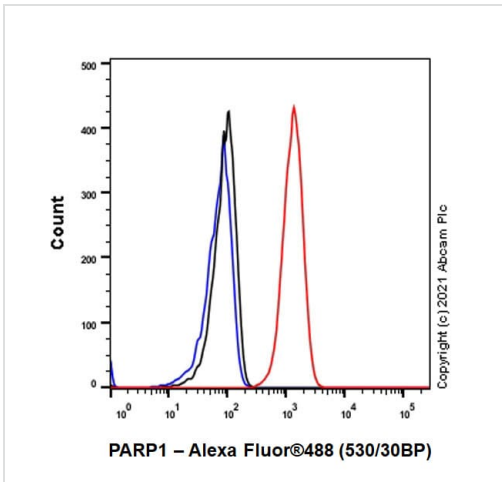
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-PARP1 antibody [E102] - BSA and Azide free (ab221923)



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-PARP1 antibody [E102] - BSA and Azide free (ab221923)

This data was developed using **ab32138**, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.





Immunocytochemistry analysis of HeLa (Human cervix adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) cells labeling PARP1 with purified **ab32138** at 1/100 dilution (1.0 µg/mL). Cells were fixed in 4% Paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with 0.1% TritonX-100. Cells were counterstained with Ab195889 Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) 1/200 (2.5 µg/mL). Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, **ab150077**) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1000 (2 µg/mL) dilution. DAPI (blue) was used as nuclear counterstain. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control.



This data was developed using **ab32138**, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation. Intracellular Flow Cytometry analysis of HeLa (Human cervix adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) cells labelling PARP1 with purified **ab32138** at 1/20 dilution (10 µg/mL) (Red). Cells were fixed with 4% Paraformaldehyde and permeabilised with 90% Methanol. A Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, **ab150077**) secondary antibody was used at 1/2000. Isotype control - Rabbit monoclonal IgG (Black). Unlabelled control - Cell without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody (Blue).

Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-PARP1 antibody [E102] - BSA and Azide free (ab221923)

Why choose a recombinant antibody?

 <p><b>Research with confidence</b> Consistent and reproducible results</p>	 <p><b>Long-term and scalable supply</b> Recombinant technology</p>
 <p><b>Success from the first experiment</b> Confirmed specificity</p>	 <p><b>Ethical standards compliant</b> Animal-free production</p>

Anti-PARP1 antibody [E102] - BSA and Azide free (ab221923)

**Please note:** All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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