

## Product datasheet

### PE Anti-CD105 antibody [MEM-229] $\alpha$ b53321

[18 References](#)   [1 Image](#)

#### Overview

<b>Product name</b>	PE Anti-CD105 antibody [MEM-229]
<b>Description</b>	PE Mouse monoclonal [MEM-229] to CD105
<b>Host species</b>	Mouse
<b>Conjugation</b>	PE. Ex: 488nm, Em: 575nm
<b>Tested applications</b>	<b>Suitable for:</b> IHC-Fr
<b>Species reactivity</b>	<b>Reacts with:</b> Pig
<b>Immunogen</b>	Tissue, cells or virus corresponding to Human CD105. Database link: <a href="#">P17813</a>
<b>General notes</b>	<p>The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years. Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets your needs before purchasing.</p> <p>If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&amp;As</p>

#### Properties

<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Storage instructions</b>	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C.
<b>Storage buffer</b>	pH: 7.4 Preservative: 0.097% Sodium azide Constituents: 0.2% BSA, PBS
<b>Purity</b>	Size exclusion
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone number</b>	MEM-229
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG2a

#### Applications

## The Abpromise guarantee

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of ab53321 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
IHC-Fr		1/200. Fix with acetone.

## Target

### Function

Major glycoprotein of vascular endothelium. May play a critical role in the binding of endothelial cells to integrins and/or other RGD receptors.

### Tissue specificity

Endoglin is restricted to endothelial cells in all tissues except bone marrow.

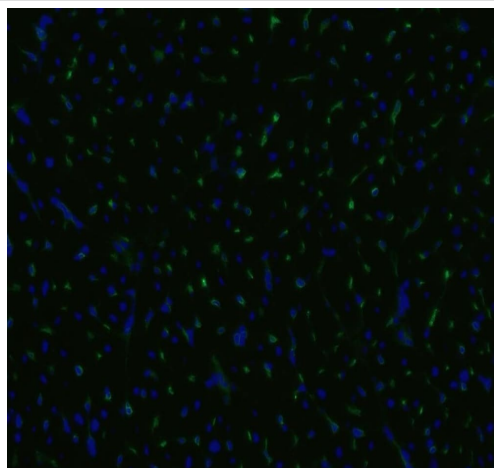
### Involvement in disease

Defects in ENG are the cause of hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia type 1 (HHT1) [MIM:187300, 108010]; also known as Osler-Rendu-Weber syndrome 1 (ORW1). HHT1 is an autosomal dominant multisystemic vascular dysplasia, characterized by recurrent epistaxis, muco-cutaneous telangiectases, gastro-intestinal hemorrhage, and pulmonary (PAVM), cerebral (CAVM) and hepatic arteriovenous malformations; all secondary manifestations of the underlying vascular dysplasia. Although the first symptom of HHT1 in children is generally nose bleed, there is an important clinical heterogeneity.

### Cellular localization

Membrane.

## Images



Immunohistochemistry (Frozen sections) - PE Anti-CD105 antibody [MEM-229] (ab53321)

**ab53318** staining CD105 in infarcted porcine heart by Immunohistochemistry (Frozen sections). Cell nuclei were counterstained blue with DAPI.

**Please note:** All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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