

## Product datasheet

### Recombinant Human CLIC2 protein ab106875

1 Image

#### Description

<b>Product name</b>	Recombinant Human CLIC2 protein
<b>Purity</b>	> 95 % SDS-PAGE. ab106875 was purified using conventional chromatography.
<b>Expression system</b>	Escherichia coli
<b>Accession</b>	<u><b>O15247</b></u>
<b>Protein length</b>	Full length protein
<b>Animal free</b>	No
<b>Nature</b>	Recombinant
<b>Species</b>	Human
<b>Sequence</b>	<b>MGSSHHHHHHSSGLVPRGSHMSGLRPGTQVDPEIELFV</b> KAGSDGESIGNC PFCQQLFMILWLKGVKFNVTVDMTRKPEELKDLAPGTNP PFLVYNKELK TDFIKIEEFLEQTLAPPRYPHLSPKYKESFDVGCNLFKFS AYKNTQKE ANKNFEKSLLKEFKRLDDYLNTPLLDEIDPDSAEPPVSR RLFLDGDQLT LADCSLLPKLNIIKVAACKYRDFDIPAEFSGVWRYLHNAYA REEFTHTCP EDKEIENTYANVAKQKS
<b>Predicted molecular weight</b>	31 kDa including tags
<b>Amino acids</b>	1 to 247
<b>Tags</b>	His tag N-Terminus

#### Specifications

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of **ab106875** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

<b>Applications</b>	SDS-PAGE Mass Spectrometry
<b>Mass spectrometry</b>	MALDI-TOF
<b>Form</b>	Liquid

## Preparation and Storage

### Stability and Storage

Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

pH: 8.00

Constituents: 0.0154% DTT, 0.316% Tris HCl, 20% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.58% Sodium chloride

## General Info

### Function

Can insert into membranes and form chloride ion channels. Channel activity depends on the pH. Membrane insertion seems to be redox-regulated and may occur only under oxidizing conditions. Modulates the activity of RYR2 and inhibits calcium influx.

### Tissue specificity

Detected in adult brain, heart, liver, lung, spleen, stomach and testis. Expressed in fetal liver and adult skeletal muscle.

### Sequence similarities

Belongs to the chloride channel CLIC family.  
Contains 1 GST C-terminal domain.

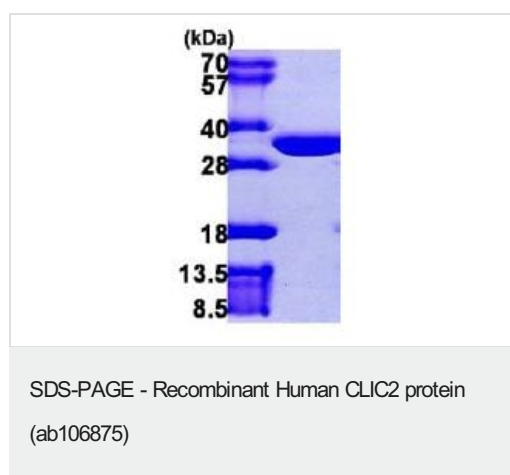
### Domain

Members of this family may change from a globular, soluble state to a state where the N-terminal domain is inserted into the membrane and functions as chloride channel. A conformation change of the N-terminal domain is thought to expose hydrophobic surfaces that trigger membrane insertion.

### Cellular localization

Cytoplasm. Membrane. Exists both as soluble cytoplasmic protein and as membrane protein with probably a single transmembrane domain.

## Images



15% SDS-PAGE analysis of 3 µg ab106875.

**Please note:** All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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