abcam

Product datasheet

Recombinant Human HIBCH protein ab124585

1 Image

Description

Product name Recombinant Human HIBCH protein

Purity > 90 % SDS-PAGE.

ab124585 is purified using conventional chromatography techniques.

Expression system Escherichia coli

Accession Q6NVY1

Protein length Full length protein

Animal free No

Nature Recombinant

Species Human

Sequence MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MGSHMDAAEE

VLLEKKGCTG VITLNRPKFL NALTLNMIRQ IYPQLKKWEQ DPETFLIIK GAGGKAFCAG GDIRVISEAE KAKQKIAPVF

FREEYMLNNA VGSCQKPYVA LIHGITMGGG

VGLSVHGQFR VATEKCLFAM PETAIGLFPD VGGGYFLPRL QGKLGYFLAL TGFRLKGRDV

YRAGIATHFV DSEKLAMLEE DLLALKSPSK ENIASVLENY HTESKIDRDK SFILEEHMDK INSCFSANTV EEIIENLQQD GSSFALEQLK VINKMSPTSL KITLRQLMEG SSKTLQEVLT

MEYRLSQACM RGHDFHEGVR AVLIDKDQSP KWKPADLKEV TEEDLNNHFK SLGSSDLKF

Predicted molecular weight 42 kDa including tags

Amino acids 33 to 386

Tags His tag N-Terminus

Specifications

Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab124585 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Applications SDS-PAGE

Mass Spectrometry

Mass spectrometry MALDI-TOF

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Preparation and Storage

Stability and Storage Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw

cycles.

pH: 8.00

Constituents: 0.02% DTT, 0.32% Tris HCl, 10% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 1.17% Sodium

chloride

General Info

Function Hydrolyzes 3-hydroxyisobutyryl-CoA (HIBYL-CoA), a saline catabolite. Has high activity toward

isobutyryl-CoA. Could be an isobutyryl-CoA dehydrogenase that functions in valine catabolism.

Also hydrolyzes 3-hydroxypropanoyl-CoA.

Tissue specificity Highly expressed in liver and kidney, also detected in heart, muscle and brain (at protein level).

Not detected in lung.

Pathway Amino-acid degradation; L-valine degradation.

Involvement in disease Defects in HIBCH are the cause of HIBCH deficiency (HIBCHD) [MIM:250620]; also known as

deficiency of beta-hydroxyisobutyryl CoA deacylase or methacrylic aciduria. The enzyme defect results in accumulation of methacrylyl-CoA, a highly reactive compound, which readily undergoes addition reactions with free sulfhydryl groups. Affected individuals showed delayed development of motor skills, hypotonia, initial poor feeding, and a deterioration in neurological function during

first stages of life.

Sequence similaritiesBelongs to the enoyl-CoA hydratase/isomerase family.

Cellular localization Mitochondrion.

Images



15% SDS-PAGE showing ab124585 at approximately 42.1kDa (3µg).

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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