

## Product datasheet

# Recombinant Human HP1 alpha protein ab124602

1 Image

### Description

<b>Product name</b>	Recombinant Human HP1 alpha protein
<b>Purity</b>	> 90 % SDS-PAGE. ab124602 is purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.
<b>Expression system</b>	Escherichia coli
<b>Accession</b>	<b><u>P45973</u></b>
<b>Protein length</b>	Full length protein
<b>Animal free</b>	No
<b>Nature</b>	Recombinant
<b>Species</b>	Human
<b>Sequence</b>	<b>MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MGSHMGKKTK</b> RTADSSSSSED EEEYVVEKVL DRRVVKGQVE YLLKWKGFS EHTNWEPEKN LDCPELISEF MKKYKKMKEG ENNKPREKSE SNKRKSNFSN SADDIKSKKK REQSNDIARG FERGLEPEKI IGATDSCGDL MFLMKWKD TD EADLVLAKEA NVKCPQVIA FYEERLTWHA YPEDAENKEK ETAKS
<b>Predicted molecular weight</b>	25 kDa including tags
<b>Amino acids</b>	1 to 191
<b>Tags</b>	His tag N-Terminus

### Specifications

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of **ab124602** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

<b>Applications</b>	SDS-PAGE Mass Spectrometry
<b>Mass spectrometry</b>	MALDI-TOF
<b>Form</b>	Liquid

### Preparation and Storage

**Stability and Storage**

Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

pH: 8.00

Constituents: 0.02% DTT, 0.32% Tris HCl, 30% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.58% Sodium chloride

**General Info**

**Function**

Component of heterochromatin that recognizes and binds histone H3 tails methylated at 'Lys-9' (H3K9me), leading to epigenetic repression. In contrast, it is excluded from chromatin when 'Tyr-41' of histone H3 is phosphorylated (H3Y41ph). Can interact with lamin-B receptor (LBR). This interaction can contribute to the association of the heterochromatin with the inner nuclear membrane. Involved in the formation of functional kinetochore through interaction with MIS12 complex proteins.

**Sequence similarities**

Contains 2 chromo domains.

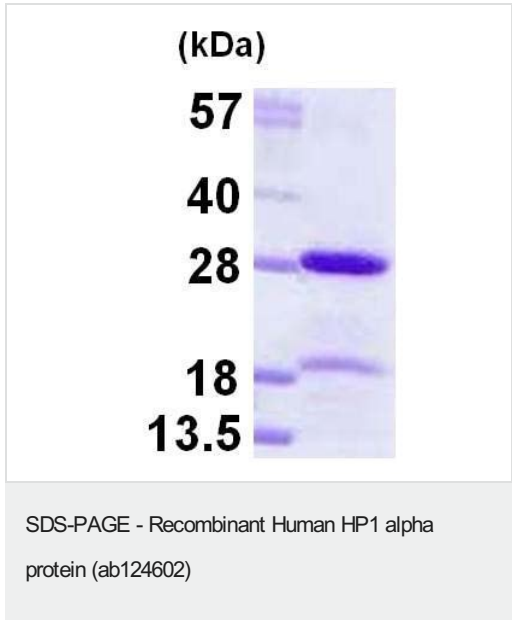
**Post-translational modifications**

Phosphorylation of HP1 and LBR may be responsible for some of the alterations in chromatin organization and nuclear structure which occur at various times during the cell cycle (By similarity). Phosphorylated during interphase and possibly hyper-phosphorylated during mitosis. Ubiquitinated.

**Cellular localization**

Nucleus. Chromosome. Chromosome > centromere. Component of centromeric and pericentromeric heterochromatin. Associates with chromosomes during mitosis. Associates specifically with chromatin during metaphase and anaphase.

**Images**



15% SDS-PAGE showing ab124602 (3 µg).

**Please note:** All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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- We provide support in Chinese, English, French, German, Japanese and Spanish
- Extensive multi-media technical resources to help you
- We investigate all quality concerns to ensure our products perform to the highest standards

If the product does not perform as described on this datasheet, we will offer a refund or replacement. For full details of the Abpromise, please visit <https://www.abcam.com/abpromise> or contact our technical team.

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