

Product datasheet

Recombinant human MMP13 protein ab134452

[1 References](#) [1 Image](#)

Description

Product name	Recombinant human MMP13 protein
Biological activity	The specific activity is >0.5 U/mg. 1 U is the activity that hydrolyzes 1 mmol peptide (7-methoxycoumarin-4-yl) acetyl-Pro-Leu-Gly-Leu-(3-[2, 4-dinitrophenyl]-L-2, 3-diamino-propionyl)-Ala-Arg-NH ₂ (Mca-Pro-Leu-Gly-Leu-Dpa-Ala-Arg) within 1 min.
Purity	> 90 % SDS-PAGE.
Expression system	Escherichia coli
Accession	<u>P45452</u>
Protein length	Protein fragment
Animal free	No
Nature	Recombinant
Species	Human
Sequence	YNVFPRTLKWSKMNLTYRIVNYTPDMTHSEVEKAFKKAFK VWSDVTPLNF TRLHDGIADIMISFGIKEHGDFYPPFDGPSGLLAHAFPPGPN YGGDAHFD DETWTSSSKGYNLFLVAAHEFGHSLGLDHSKDPGALMFP ITYTGKSHFM LPDDDVGQISLYGPGDEDPN
Predicted molecular weight	19 kDa
Amino acids	104 to 274

Specifications

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of **ab134452** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Applications	SDS-PAGE Functional Studies
---------------------	--------------------------------

Form	Liquid
-------------	--------

Preparation and Storage

Stability and Storage

Shipped on dry ice. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

pH: 7.50

Constituents: 0.05% Calcium chloride, 0.79% Tris HCl, 0.88% Sodium chloride

This product is an active protein and may elicit a biological response in vivo, handle with caution.

General Info

Function

Degrades collagen type I. Does not act on gelatin or casein. Could have a role in tumoral process.

Tissue specificity

Seems to be specific to breast carcinomas.

Involvement in disease

Defects in MMP13 are the cause of spondyloepimetaphyseal dysplasia Missouri type (SEMD-MO) [MIM:602111]. A bone disease characterized by moderate to severe metaphyseal changes, mild epiphyseal involvement, rhizomelic shortening of the lower limbs with bowing of the femora and/or tibiae, coxa vara, genu varum and pear-shaped vertebrae in childhood. Epimetaphyseal changes improve with age.

Defects in MMP13 are the cause of metaphyseal anadysplasia type 1 (MANDP1) [MIM:602111]. Metaphyseal anadysplasia consists of an abnormal bone development characterized by severe skeletal changes that, in contrast with the progressive course of most other skeletal dysplasias, resolve spontaneously with age. Clinical characteristics are evident from the first months of life and include slight shortness of stature and a mild varus deformity of the legs. Patients attain a normal stature in adolescence and show improvement or complete resolution of varus deformity of the legs and rhizomelic micromelia.

Sequence similarities

Belongs to the peptidase M10A family.

Contains 4 hemopexin-like domains.

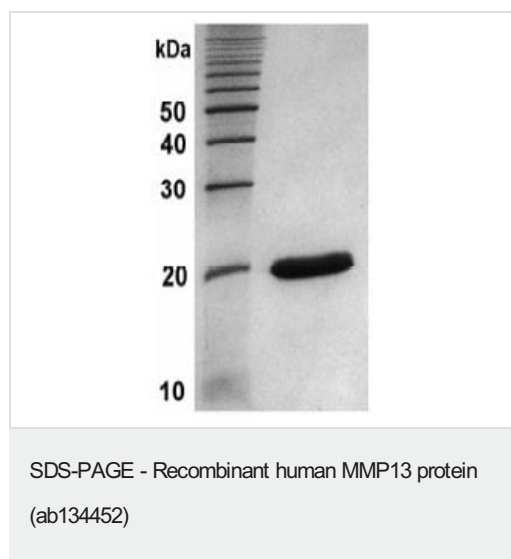
Domain

The conserved cysteine present in the cysteine-switch motif binds the catalytic zinc ion, thus inhibiting the enzyme. The dissociation of the cysteine from the zinc ion upon the activation-peptide release activates the enzyme.

Cellular localization

Secreted > extracellular space > extracellular matrix.

Images



SDS-PAGE analysis of ab134452 (4µg).

Our Abpromise to you: Quality guaranteed and expert technical support

- Replacement or refund for products not performing as stated on the datasheet
- Valid for 12 months from date of delivery
- Response to your inquiry within 24 hours

- We provide support in Chinese, English, French, German, Japanese and Spanish
- Extensive multi-media technical resources to help you
- We investigate all quality concerns to ensure our products perform to the highest standards

If the product does not perform as described on this datasheet, we will offer a refund or replacement. For full details of the Abpromise, please visit <https://www.abcam.com/abpromise> or contact our technical team.

Terms and conditions

- Guarantee only valid for products bought direct from Abcam or one of our authorized distributors