abcam

Product datasheet

Recombinant Human NSDHL protein ab162360

1 Image

Description

Product name Recombinant Human NSDHL protein

Expression system Wheat germ

Protein length Full length protein

Animal free No

Nature Recombinant

Species Human

Sequence MEPAVSEPMRDQVARTHLTEDTPKVNADIEKVNQNQAKR

CTVIGGSGFLG

QHMVEQLLARGYAVNVFDIQQGFDNPQVRFFLGDLCSRQ

DLYPALKGVNT

VFHCASPPPSSNNKELFYRVNYIGTKNVIETCKEAGVQKLI

LTSSASVIF

EGVDIKNGTEDLPYAMKPIDYYTETKILQERAVLGANDPEK

NFLTTAIRP

HGIFGPRDPQLVPILIEAARNGKMKFVIGNGKNLVDFTFVE

NVVHGHILA

AEQLSRDSTLGGKAFHITNDEPIPFWTFLSRILTGLNYEAPK

YHIPYWVA

YYLALLLSLLVMVISPVIQLQPTFTPMRVALAGTFHYYSCER

AKKAMGYQ PLVTMDDAMERTVQSFRHLRRVK

Amino acids 1 to 373

Tags GST tag N-Terminus

Specifications

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of **ab162360** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Applications ELISA

Western blot

Form Liquid

Additional notes

1

Preparation and Storage

Stability and Storage Shipped on dry ice. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

pH: 8.00

Constituents: 0.31% Glutathione, 0.79% Tris HCI

General Info

Tissue specificity Brain, heart, liver, lung, kidney, skin and placenta.

Pathway Steroid biosynthesis; zymosterol biosynthesis; zymosterol from lanosterol: step 4/6.

Involvement in diseaseDefects in NSDHL are the cause of congenital hemidysplasia with ichthyosiform erythroderma

and limb defects (CHILD) [MIM:308050]. CHILD is an X-linked dominant disorder of lipid metabolism with disturbed cholesterol biosynthesis, which typically results in male lethality. Clinically, it is characterized by congenital, unilateral, ichthyosisform erythroderma with striking lateralization, sharp midline demarcation, and ipsilateral limb defects and hypoplasia of the body.

Limbs defects range from hypoplasia of digits or ribs to complete amelia, often including

scoliosis.

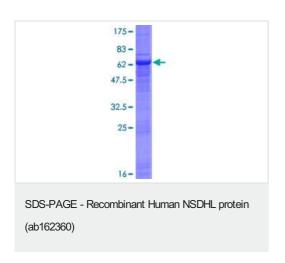
Defects in NSDHL are the cause of CK syndrome (CKS) [MIM:300831]. CKS is a disorder characterized by mild to severe cognitive impairment, seizures, microcephaly, cerebral cortical

malformations, dysmorphic facial features, and thin body habitus.

Sequence similaritiesBelongs to the 3-beta-HSD family.

Cellular localization Membrane.

Images



ab162360 on a 12.5% SDS-PAGE stained with Coomassie Blue.

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

Our Abpromise to you: Quality guaranteed and expert technical support

• Replacement or refund for products not performing as stated on the datasheet

- Valid for 12 months from date of delivery
- Response to your inquiry within 24 hours
- We provide support in Chinese, English, French, German, Japanese and Spanish
- Extensive multi-media technical resources to help you
- · We investigate all quality concerns to ensure our products perform to the highest standards

If the product does not perform as described on this datasheet, we will offer a refund or replacement. For full details of the Abpromise, please visit https://www.abcam.com/abpromise or contact our technical team.

Terms and conditions

· Guarantee only valid for products bought direct from Abcam or one of our authorized distributors