abcam

Product datasheet

Recombinant Human Prokineticin 2/PK2 protein ab50154

Description

Product name Recombinant Human Prokineticin 2/PK2 protein

Purity > 95 % SDS-PAGE.

Greater than 98% by SDS-PAGE gel and HPLC analyses. Endotoxin level is less than 0.1 ng per

μg (1EU/μg).

Endotoxin level < 0.100 Eu/μg
Expression system Escherichia coli

Protein length Protein fragment

Animal free No

Nature Recombinant

Species Human

Sequence AVITGACDKD SQCGGGMCCA VSIWVKSIRI

CTPMGKLGDS CHPLTRKVPF FGRRMHHTC

PCLPGLACLR TSFNRFICLA QK

Specifications

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of **ab50154** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Applications SDS-PAGE

Form Lyophilized

Additional notes This product was previously labelled as Prokineticin 2

Preparation and Storage

Stability and Storage Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Reconstitution For lot specific reconstitution information please contact our Scientific Support Team.

General Info

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Function May function as an output molecule from the suprachiasmatic nucleus (SCN) that transmits

behavioral circadian rhythm. May also function locally within the SCN to synchronize output.

Potently contracts gastrointestinal (GI) smooth muscle.

Tissue specificity Expressed in the testis and, at low levels, in the small intestine.

Involvement in disease Defects in PROK2 are the cause of Kallmann syndrome type 4 (KAL4) [MIM:610628]; also known

as hypogonadotropic hypogonadism and anosmia. Anosmia or hyposmia is related to the absence or hypoplasia of the olfactory bulbs and tracts. Hypogonadism is due to deficiency in gonadotropin-releasing hormone and probably results from a failure of embryonic migration of gonadotropin-releasing hormone-synthesizing neurons. KAL4 patients have variable degrees of olfactory and reproductive dysfunction, but do not show any of the occasional clinical anomalies reported in Kallmann syndrome such as renal agenesis, cleft lip/palate, selective tooth agenesis,

and bimanual synkinesis.

Sequence similaritiesBelongs to the AVIT (prokineticin) family.

Cellular localization Secreted.

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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