abcam

Product datasheet

Recombinant Human Rag A protein ab161103

1 Image

Description

Product name Recombinant Human Rag A protein

Expression system Wheat germ

Protein length Full length protein

Animal free No

Nature Recombinant

Species Human

Sequence MPNTAMKKKVLLMGKSGSGKTSMRSIFANYIARDTRRLGA

TIDVEHSHV

RFLGNLVLNLWDCGGQDTFMENYFTSQRDNIFRNVEVLIY

VFDVESRELE

KDMHYYQSCLEAILQNSPDAKIFCLVHKMDLVQEDQRDLI

FKEREEDLRR

 ${\tt LSRPLECACFRTSIWDETLYKAWSSIVYQLIPNVQQLEMNL}$

RNFAQIIEA

DEVLLFERATFLVISHYQCKEQRDVHRFEKISNIIKQFKLSC

SKLAASFQ

SMEVRNSNFAAFIDIFTSNTYVMVVMSDPSIPSAATLINIRN

ARKHFEKL ERVDGPKHSLLMR

Amino acids 1 to 313

Tags GST tag N-Terminus

Specifications

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of **ab161103** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Applications Western blot

ELISA

Form Liquid

Additional notes This product was previously labelled as RRAGA.

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Preparation and Storage

Stability and Storage

Shipped on dry ice. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

pH: 8.00

Constituents: 0.31% Glutathione, 0.79% Tris HCI

General Info

Function

Has guanine nucleotide-binding activity but undetectable intrinsic GTPase activity. Required for the amino acid-induced relocalization of mTORC1 to the lysosomes and its subsequent activation by the GTPase RHEB. This is a crucial step in the activation of the TOR signaling cascade by amino acids. Involved in the RCC1/Ran-GTPase pathway. May play a direct role in a TNF-alpha signaling pathway leading to induction of cell death. May alternatively act as a cellular target for adenovirus E3-14.7K, an inhibitor of TNF-alpha functions, thereby affecting cell death.

Tissue specificity

Ubiquitously expressed with highest levels of expression in skeletal muscle, heart, and brain.

Sequence similarities

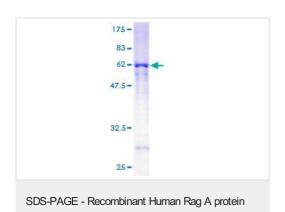
Belongs to the GTR/RAG GTP-binding protein family.

Cellular localization

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Lysosome. Predominantly cytoplasmic. May shuttle between the cytoplasm and nucleus, depending on the bound nucleotide state. Colocalizes in vivo with adenovirus E3-14.7K mainly to the cytoplasm especially near the nuclear membrane and in discrete foci on or near the plasma membrane.

Images

(ab161103)



ab161103 on a 12.5% SDS-PAGE stained with Coomassie Blue.

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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