

# Recombinant Human Superoxide Dismutase 1 protein ab153789

### Description

<b>Product name</b>	Recombinant Human Superoxide Dismutase 1 protein
<b>Purity</b>	> 95 % SDS-PAGE. Greater than 95% as determined by SEC-HPLC and reducing SDS-PAGE. Supplied as a 0.2 µM filtered solution.
<b>Endotoxin level</b>	< 1.000 Eu/µg
<b>Expression system</b>	Escherichia coli
<b>Accession</b>	<b><u>P00441</u></b>
<b>Protein length</b>	Full length protein
<b>Animal free</b>	No
<b>Nature</b>	Recombinant
<b>Species</b>	Human
<b>Sequence</b>	HHHHHHATKAVCVLKGDGPVQGIINFEQKESNGPVKVWG SIKGLTEGLHG FHVHEFGDNTAGCTSAGPHFNPLSRKHGGPKDEERHVG DLGNVTADKDG ADVSIEDSVISLSGDHCHIGRTLTVVHEKADDLGKGGNEEST KTGNAGSRL ACGVIGIAQ
<b>Predicted molecular weight</b>	16 kDa
<b>Amino acids</b>	2 to 154
<b>Tags</b>	His tag C-Terminus

### Specifications

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of **ab153789** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

<b>Applications</b>	SDS-PAGE HPLC
<b>Form</b>	Liquid

### Preparation and Storage

<b>Stability and Storage</b>	<p>Shipped on dry ice. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.</p> <p>pH: 7.20</p> <p>Constituents: 99% Phosphate Buffer, 0.88% Sodium chloride</p>
<b>General Info</b>	
<b>Function</b>	Destroys radicals which are normally produced within the cells and which are toxic to biological systems.
<b>Involvement in disease</b>	<p>Defects in SOD1 are the cause of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis type 1 (ALS1) [MIM:105400].</p> <p>ALS1 is a familial form of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, a neurodegenerative disorder affecting upper and lower motor neurons and resulting in fatal paralysis. Sensory abnormalities are absent. Death usually occurs within 2 to 5 years. The etiology of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis is likely to be multifactorial, involving both genetic and environmental factors. The disease is inherited in 5-10% of cases leading to familial forms.</p>
<b>Sequence similarities</b>	Belongs to the Cu-Zn superoxide dismutase family.
<b>Post-translational modifications</b>	<p>Unlike wild-type protein, the pathogenic variants ALS1 Arg-38, Arg-47, Arg-86 and Ala-94 are polyubiquitinated by RNF19A leading to their proteasomal degradation. The pathogenic variants ALS1 Arg-86 and Ala-94 are ubiquitinated by MARCH5 leading to their proteasomal degradation.</p> <p>The ditryptophan cross-link at Trp-33 is responsible for the non-disulfide-linked homodimerization. Such modification might only occur in extreme conditions and additional experimental evidence is required.</p>
<b>Cellular localization</b>	Cytoplasm. The pathogenic variants ALS1 Arg-86 and Ala-94 gradually aggregates and accumulates in mitochondria.

**Please note:** All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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