ab119613

VEGF Receptor 1  Human
ELISA Kit

Instructions for Use

For the quantitative measurement of Human VEGF Receptor 1 concentrations in serum, plasma, body fluids, tissue lysates and cell culture supernatants

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.
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For technical questions please do not hesitate to contact us by email ([technical@abcam.com](mailto:technical@abcam.com)) or phone ([select “contact us” on www.abcam.com](http://www.abcam.com) for the phone number for your region).
1. Introduction

VEGF Receptor 1 is also known as FMS-related tyrosine kinase 1(FLT1). Oncogene FLT belongs to the src gene family and is related to oncogene ROS. Like other members of this family, it shows tyrosine protein kinase activity that is important for the control of cell proliferation and differentiation. FLT is mapped to 13q12. VEGF receptor 1 signaling is essential for osteoclast development and bone marrow formation in colony-stimulating factor 1-deficient mice. The standard product used in this kit is recombinant human VEGF Receptor 1, consisting of 905 amino acids with the molecular mass of 100KDa.

Abcam’s VEGF Receptor 1 Human ELISA Kit was based on standard sandwich enzyme-linked immune-sorbent assay technology. Human VEGF Receptor 1 specific-specific polyclonal antibodies were precoated onto 96-well plates. The human specific detection polyclonal antibodies were biotinylated. The test samples and biotinylated detection antibodies were added to the wells subsequently and then followed by washing with PBS or TBS buffer. Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex was added and unbound conjugates were washed away with PBS or TBS buffer. HRP substrate TMB was used to visualize HRP enzymatic reaction. TMB was catalyzed by HRP to produce a blue color product that changed into yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of yellow is
proportional to the Human VEGF Receptor 1 amount of sample captured in plate.

2. Assay Summary

Add samples and standards and incubate the plate at 37°C for 90 min. Do not wash.

↓

Add biotinylated antibodies and incubate the plate at 37°C for 60 min. Wash plate 3 times with 0.01M TBS.

↓

Add ABC working solution and incubate the plate at 37°C for 30 min. Wash plate 5 times with 0.01M TBS.

↓

Add TMB color developing agent and incubate the plate at 37°C for 25-30 min.

↓

Add TMB stop solution and read.
### 3. Kit Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Recombinant Human VEGF Receptor 1 standard (lyophilized)</td>
<td>2 x 10 ng/tube</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96-well plate precoated with anti-human VEGF Receptor 1 antibody</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample diluent buffer</td>
<td>30 ml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biotinylated anti-human VEGF Receptor 1 antibody (dilution 1:100)</td>
<td>130 µl</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Antibody diluent buffer</td>
<td>12 ml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC) (dilution 1:100)</td>
<td>130 µl</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABC diluent buffer</td>
<td>12 ml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TMB color developing agent</td>
<td>10 ml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TMB stop solution</td>
<td>10 ml</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4. Storage and Handling

Store at 4°C for frequent use, at -20°C for infrequent use. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

5. Additional Materials Required

- Microplate reader in standard size.
- Automated plate washer.
- Adjustable pipettes and pipette tips. Multichannel pipettes are recommended in the condition of large amount of samples in the detection.
- Clean tubes and Eppendorf tubes.
- Washing buffer (neutral PBS or TBS).

Preparation of 0.01M TBS: Add 1.2 g Tris, 8.5 g NaCl; 450 µl of purified acetic acid or 700 µl of concentrated hydrochloric acid to 1000 ml H₂O and adjust pH to 7.2-7.6. Finally, adjust the total volume to 1 L.

Preparation of 0.01 M PBS: Add 8.5 g sodium chloride, 1.4 g Na₂HPO₄ and 0.2 g NaH₂PO₄ to 1000ml distilled water and adjust pH to 7.2 - 7.6. Finally, adjust the total volume to 1 L.
6. Application Notes

- Before using kit, spin tubes and bring down all components to bottom of tube.
- Duplicate well assay was recommended for both standard and sample testing.
- Do not let 96-well plate dry, dry plate will inactivate active components on plate.
- In order to avoid marginal effect of plate incubation due to temperature difference (reaction may be stronger in the marginal wells), it is suggested that the diluted ABC and TMB solution will be pre-warmed in 37°C for 30 min before using.

7. Preparation

A. Plate Washing
Discard the solution in the plate without touching the side walls. Blot the plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material. Soak each well with at least 0.3 ml PBS or TBS buffer for 1~2 minutes. Repeat this process two additional times for a total of THREE washes.

Note: For automated washing, aspirate all wells and wash THREE times with PBS or TBS buffer, overfilling wells with
PBS or TBS buffer. Blot the plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material.

B. Sample Preparation and Storage

Store samples to be assayed within 24 hours at 2 - 8°C. For long-term storage, aliquot and freeze samples at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

- **Cell culture supernatant, Tissue lysate or body fluids**: Remove particulates by centrifugation, analyze immediately or aliquot and store at -20°C.

- **Serum**: Allow the serum to clot in a serum separator tube (about 30 min) at room temperature. Centrifuge at approximately 1000 X g for 15 min. Analyze the serum immediately or aliquot and store frozen at -20°C.

- **Plasma**: Collect plasma using EDTA as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 min at 2-8°C at 1000 x g within 30 min of collection. Analyze immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C.
C. Sample Dilution Guideline

The user needs to estimate the concentration of the target protein in the sample and select a proper dilution factor so that the diluted target protein concentration falls near the middle of the linear regime in the standard curve. Dilute the sample using the provided diluent buffer. The following is a guideline for sample dilution. Several trials may be necessary in practice. **The sample must be well mixed with the diluents buffer.**

- **High target protein concentration**
  (100-1000 ng/ml). The working dilution is 1:100. i.e. Add 1 µl sample into 99 µl sample diluent buffer.

- **Medium target protein concentration**
  (10-100 ng/ml). The working dilution is 1:10. i.e. Add 10 µl sample into 90 µl sample diluent buffer.

- **Low target protein concentration**
  (156-10,000 pg/ml). The working dilution is 1:2. i.e. Add 50 µl sample to 50 µl sample diluent buffer.

- **Very Low target protein concentration**
  (≤156 pg/ml). No dilution necessary, or the working dilution is 1:2.
D. Reagent Preparation and Storage

1. Reconstitution of the Human VEGF Receptor 1 standard: VEGF Receptor 1 standard solution should be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to the experiment. Two tubes of VEGF Receptor 1 standard (10ng per tube) are included in each kit. Use one tube for each experiment.

   a. 10,000 pg/ml of Human VEGF Receptor 1 standard solution: Add 1 ml sample diluent buffer into one tube, keep the tube at room temperature for 10 min and mix thoroughly.

   b. 5000 pg/ml → 156 pg/ml of Human VEGF Receptor 1 standard solutions: Label 6 Eppendorf tubes with 5000 pg/ml, 2500 pg/ml, 1250 pg/ml, 625 pg/ml, 312 pg/ml, 156 pg/ml, respectively. Aliquot 0.3 ml of the sample diluent buffer into each tube. Add 0.3 ml of the above 10,000 pg/ml VEGF Receptor 1 standard solution into 1st tube and mix. Transfer 0.3 ml from 1st tube to 2nd tube and mix. Transfer 0.3 ml from 2nd tube to 3rd tube and mix, and so on.

   Note: The standard solutions are best used within 2 hours. The 10 ng/ml standard solution
may be stored at 4°C for up to 12 hours, or at -20°C for up to 48 hours. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

2. Preparation of biotinylated anti-human VEGF Receptor 1 antibody working solution: The solution should be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to the experiment.

   a. The total volume should be: 0.1 ml/well x (the number of wells). (Allowing 0.1-0.2 ml more than total volume)

   b. Biotinylated anti-human VEGF Receptor 1 antibody should be diluted in 1:99 with the antibody diluent buffer and mixed thoroughly.

3. Preparation of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC) working solution: The solution should be prepared no more than 1 hour prior to the experiment.

   a. The total volume should be: 0.1 ml/well x (the number of wells). (Allowing 0.1-0.2 ml more than total volume).

   b. Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC) should be diluted in 1:99 with the ABC dilution buffer and mixed thoroughly.
8. Assay Procedure

The ABC working solution and TMB color developing agent must be kept warm at 37°C for 30 min before use. When diluting samples and reagents, they must be mixed completely and evenly. Standard VEGF Receptor 1 detection curve should be prepared for each experiment. The user will decide sample dilution fold by crude estimation of VEGF Receptor 1 amount in samples.

1. Aliquot 0.1ml per well of the 10,000 pg/ml, 5000 pg/ml, 2500 pg/ml, 1250 pg/ml, 625 pg/ml, 312 pg/ml, 156 pg/ml Human VEGF Receptor 1 standard solutions into the precoated 96-well plate. Add 0.1 ml of the sample diluent buffer into the control well (Zero well). Add 0.1 ml of each properly diluted sample of human sera, plasma, body fluids, tissue lysates or cell culture supernatants to each empty well. See “Sample Dilution Guideline” above for details. We recommend that each Human VEGF Receptor 1 standard solution and each sample is measured in duplicate.

2. Seal the plate with the cover and incubate at 37°C for 90 min.

3. Remove the cover, discard plate content, and blot the plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material. Do NOT let the wells completely dry at any time.
4. Add 0.1ml of biotinylated anti-human VEGF Receptor 1 antibody working solution into each well and incubate the plate at 37°C for 60 min.

5. Wash the plate three times with 0.01M TBS or 0.01M PBS, and each time let washing buffer stay in the wells for 1 min. Discard the washing buffer and blot the plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material.

6. Add 0.1ml of prepared ABC working solution into each well and incubate the plate at 37°C for 30 min.

7. Wash plate 5 times with 0.01M TBS or 0.01M PBS, and each time let washing buffer stay in the wells for 1-2 min. Discard the washing buffer and blot the plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material.

8. Add 90 µl of prepared TMB color developing agent into each well and incubate plate at 37°C for 25-30 min (shades of blue can be seen in the wells with the four most concentrated Human VEGF Receptor 1 standard solutions; the other wells show no obvious color).

9. Add 0.1ml of prepared TMB stop solution into each well. The color changes into yellow immediately.

10. Read the O.D. absorbance at 450nm in a microplate reader within 30 min after adding the stop solution.
9. Data Analysis

For calculation,

\[(\text{the relative O.D.}_450) = (\text{the O.D.}_450 \text{ of each well}) - (\text{the O.D.}_450 \text{ of Zero well})\]

The standard curve can be plotted as the relative O.D.\text{.}_450 of each standard solution (Y) vs. the respective concentration of the standard solution (X). The Human VEGF Receptor 1 concentration of the samples can be interpolated from the standard curve.

**Note:** if the samples measured were diluted, multiply the dilution factor to the concentrations from interpolation to obtain the concentration before dilution.
A. Typical Data

TMB reaction incubate at 37°C for 30 minutes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Concentration (pg/ml)</th>
<th>O.D</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31.2</td>
<td>0.062</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>62.5</td>
<td>0.117</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>125</td>
<td>0.186</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>250</td>
<td>0.390</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500</td>
<td>0.796</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000</td>
<td>1.554</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>2.931</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This standard curve was generated for demonstration purpose only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.

B. Sensitivity

<4 pg/ml

C. Range

156 pg/ml – 10,000 pg/ml

10. Specificity

No detectable cross-reactivity with any other cytokine.
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