

Product datasheet

Recombinant human PTPN13 protein ab42581

Overview

Product name	Recombinant human PTPN13 protein
Protein length	Protein fragment

Description

Nature	Recombinant
Source	Escherichia coli
Amino Acid Sequence	
Species	Human
Molecular weight	72 kDa including tags
Amino acids	2091 to 2490
Tags	GST tag N-Terminus

Specifications

Our [Abpromise guarantee](#) covers the use of **ab42581** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Biological activity	Specific Activity: 5 U/μg. One unit will hydrolyze 1 nmol p-nitrophenyl phosphate per minute at pH 7.4 and 30°C. Assay buffer: 50 mM HEPES, pH 7.4, 2 mM EDTA, 3mM DTT, 100 mM NaCl, 50 mM pNPP. The specific activity of PTPN13 was determined using pNPP. Enzyme reaction condition: 20 mM pNPP, 5 min incubation at 30°C, 1μg enzyme.
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Applications	Inhibition Assay
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Form	Liquid
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Preparation and Storage

Stability and Storage	Shipped on Dry Ice. Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle. pH: 8.00 Constituents: 0.307% Glutathione, 0.0154% DTT, 0.395% Tris HCl, 0.05% Tween, 50% Glycerol, 0.435% Sodium chloride This product is an active protein and may elicit a biological response in vivo, handle with caution.
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General Info

Relevance

PTPN13 is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family. PTPs are known to be signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processes including cell growth, differentiation, mitotic cycle, and oncogenic transformation. This PTP is a large protein that possesses a PTP domain at C-terminus, and multiple noncatalytic domains, which include a domain with similarity to band 4.1 superfamily of cytoskeletal associated proteins, a region consisting of five PDZ domains, and a leucine zipper motif. This PTP was found to interact with, and dephosphorylate Fas receptor, as well as I-kappa-B-alpha through the PDZ domains, which suggested its role in Fas mediated programmed cell death. This PTP was also shown to interact with GTPase-activating protein, and thus may function as a regulator of Rho signaling pathway.

Cellular localization

Cytoplasmic

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