

Product datasheet

Anti-Vimentin antibody [V9] - Cytoskeleton Marker ab8069

KO VALIDATED

★★★★☆ 18 Abreviews 44 References 13 Images

Overview

Product name	Anti-Vimentin antibody [V9] - Cytoskeleton Marker
Description	Mouse monoclonal [V9] to Vimentin - Cytoskeleton Marker
Host species	Mouse
Specificity	Does not react with GFAP, neurofilamen or desmin.
Tested applications	Suitable for: ICC/IF, Flow Cyt, IHC-FoFr, IHC-P, IHC-Fr, WB
Species reactivity	Reacts with: Rat, Horse, Chicken, Cow, Cat, Dog, Human, Pig Does not react with: Mouse
Immunogen	Porcine Lens
Positive control	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> <p>Purchase matching WB positive control: Recombinant Human Vimentin protein ></p> </div> <p>WB: HeLa and MOLT4 whole cell lysates. ICC/IF: HeLa cells. IHC-P - Human kidney FFPE tissue sections. Flow Cyt: MDA-MB-231 cells, SV40LT-SMC cells.</p>
General notes	<p>This antibody clone is manufactured by Abcam.</p> <p>This monoclonal antibody to vimentin has been knockout validated in ICC/IF. The expected staining was observed in wild type cells and no staining was seen in vimentin knockout cells.</p> <p>If you require this antibody in a particular buffer formulation or a particular conjugate for your experiments, please contact orders@abcam.com or you can find further information here.</p>

Properties

Form	Liquid
Storage instructions	Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
Storage buffer	pH: 7.40 Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 6.97% L-Arginine
Purity	IgG fraction

Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone number	V9
Isotype	IgG1

Applications

Our [Abpromise guarantee](#) covers the use of **ab8069** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
ICC/IF	★★★★☆	Use a concentration of 0.5 - 5 µg/ml.
Flow Cyt	★★★★☆	Use 0.1-1µg for 10 ⁶ cells. ab170190 - Mouse monoclonal IgG1, is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody.
IHC-FoFr	★★★★☆	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
IHC-P	★★★★★	Use a concentration of 0.5 - 5 µg/ml. Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval before commencing with IHC staining protocol.
IHC-Fr	★★★★★	1/300.
WB	★★★★★	Use a concentration of 1 µg/ml. Detects a band of approximately 57 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 54 kDa).

Target

Function	Vimentins are class-III intermediate filaments found in various non-epithelial cells, especially mesenchymal cells. Vimentin is attached to the nucleus, endoplasmic reticulum, and mitochondria, either laterally or terminally. Involved with LARP6 in the stabilization of type I collagen mRNAs for CO1A1 and CO1A2.
Tissue specificity	Highly expressed in fibroblasts, some expression in T- and B-lymphocytes, and little or no expression in Burkitt's lymphoma cell lines. Expressed in many hormone-independent mammary carcinoma cell lines.
Involvement in disease	Cataract 30
Sequence similarities	Belongs to the intermediate filament family.
Domain	The central alpha-helical coiled-coil rod region mediates elementary homodimerization. The [IL]-x-C-x-x-[DE] motif is a proposed target motif for cysteine S-nitrosylation mediated by the iNOS-S100A8/A9 transnitrosylase complex.
Post-translational modifications	Filament disassembly during mitosis is promoted by phosphorylation at Ser-55 as well as by nestin (By similarity). One of the most prominent phosphoproteins in various cells of mesenchymal origin. Phosphorylation is enhanced during cell division, at which time vimentin filaments are significantly reorganized. Phosphorylation by PKN1 inhibits the formation of filaments. Phosphorylated at Ser-56 by CDK5 during neutrophil secretion in the cytoplasm. Phosphorylated by STK33. O-glycosylated during cytokinesis at sites identical or close to phosphorylation sites, this

interferes with the phosphorylation status.

S-nitrosylation is induced by interferon-gamma and oxidatively-modified low-density lipoprotein (LDL(ox)) possibly implicating the iNOS-S100A8/9 transnitrosylase complex.

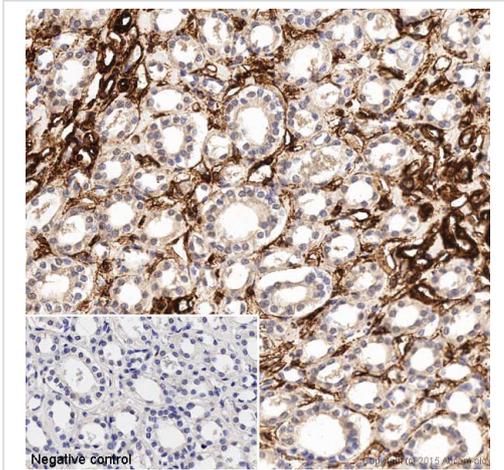
Cellular localization

Cytoplasm.

Form

Vimentin is found in connective tissue and in the cytoskeleton.

Images

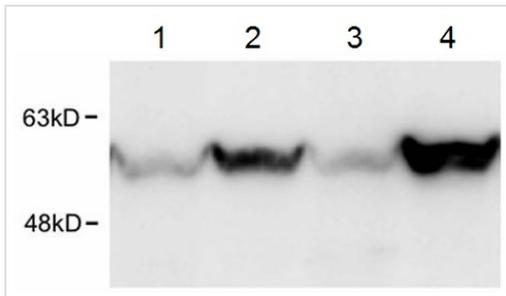


Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Vimentin antibody [V9] - Cytoskeleton Marker (ab8069)

IHC image of ab8069 staining Vimentin in normal human kidney formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue sections*, performed on a Leica Bond. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH6, epitope retrieval solution 1) for 20 mins. The section was then incubated with ab8069, 1/500 dilution, for 15 mins at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX. No primary antibody was used in the negative control (shown on the inset).

For other IHC staining systems (automated and non-automated) customers should optimize variable parameters such as antigen retrieval conditions, primary antibody concentration and antibody incubation times.

*Tissue obtained from the Human Research Tissue Bank, supported by the NIHR Cambridge Biomedical Research Centre



Western blot - Anti-Vimentin antibody [V9] - Cytoskeleton Marker (ab8069)

Image from Tange S et al., PLoS One. 2014;9(12):e115684. Fig 9(H).; doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0115684.

All lanes : Anti-Vimentin antibody [V9] - Cytoskeleton Marker (ab8069)

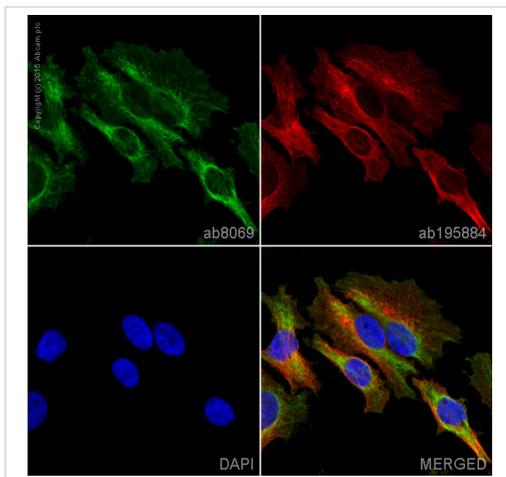
Lane 1 : Whole cell lysate of A549 cells

Lane 2 : Whole cell lysate of A549 cells treated with TGF-beta

Lane 3 : Whole cell lysate of A549 cells overexpressing JARID2

Lane 4 : Whole cell lysate of A549 cells overexpressing JARID2 treated with TGF-beta

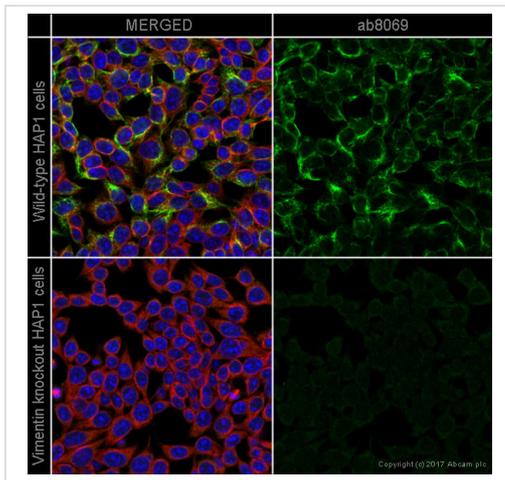
Predicted band size: 54 kDa



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Vimentin antibody [V9] - Cytoskeleton Marker (ab8069)

ab8069 staining Vimentin in HeLa cells. The cells were fixed with 4% formaldehyde (10min), permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 for 5 minutes and then blocked with 1% BSA/10% normal goat serum/0.3M glycine in 0.1%PBS-Tween for 1h. The cells were then incubated overnight at +4°C with ab8069 at 1/100 dilution (shown in green) and ab195889, Mouse monoclonal to alpha Tubulin (Alexa Fluor® 594), at 2µg/ml (shown in red). Nuclear DNA was labelled with DAPI (shown in blue).

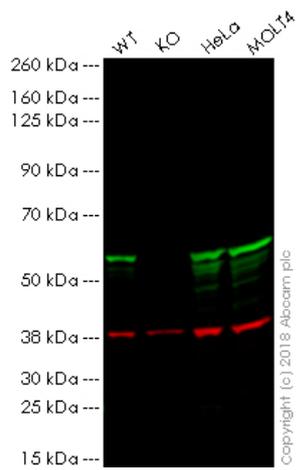
Image was taken with a confocal microscope (Leica-Microsystems, TCS SP8).



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Vimentin antibody [V9] - Cytoskeleton Marker (ab8069)

ab8069 staining Vimentin (colored green) in wild-type HAP1 cells (top panel) and VIM knockout HAP1 cells (bottom panel). The cells were fixed with 100% methanol (5min), permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 for 5 minutes and then blocked with 1% BSA/10% normal goat serum/0.3M glycine in 0.1% PBS-Tween for 1h. The cells were then incubated with ab8069 at 0.5µg/ml and [ab202272](#) (Rabbit monoclonal [EP1332Y] to alpha Tubulin (Alexa Fluor® 594)) at 1/250 dilution overnight at +4°C, followed by a further incubation at room temperature for 1h with [ab150117](#) (Goat secondary antibody to Mouse IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488)) at 2 µg/ml (colored green). Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

Image was taken with a confocal microscope (Leica-Microsystems, TCS SP8).



Western blot - Anti-Vimentin antibody [V9] - Cytoskeleton Marker (ab8069)

All lanes : Anti-Vimentin antibody [V9] - Cytoskeleton Marker (ab8069) at 1 µg/ml

Lane 1 : Wild-type HAP1 whole cell lysate

Lane 2 : VIM (Vimentin) knockout HAP1 whole cell lysate

Lane 3 : HeLa whole cell lysate

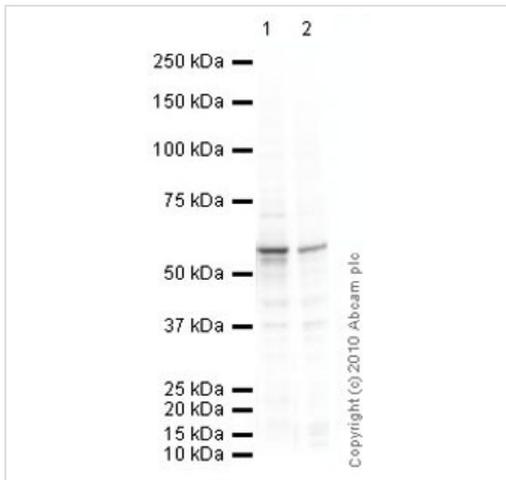
Lane 4 : MOLT4 whole cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.

Predicted band size: 54 kDa

Lanes 1 - 4: Merged signal (red and green). Green - ab8069 observed at 57 kDa. Red - loading control, [ab181602](#), observed at 37 kDa.

ab8069 was shown to specifically react with Vimentin in wild-type HAP1 cells as signal was lost in VIM (Vimentin) knockout cells. Wild-type and VIM (Vimentin) knockout samples were subjected to SDS-PAGE. Ab8069 and [ab181602](#) (Rabbit anti-GAPDH loading control) were incubated overnight at 4°C at 1 µg/ml and 1/10000 dilution respectively. Blots were developed with Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye® 800CW) preabsorbed [ab216772](#) and Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye® 680RD) preabsorbed [ab216777](#) secondary antibodies at 1/10000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature before imaging.



Western blot - Anti-Vimentin antibody [V9] - Cytoskeleton Marker (ab8069)

All lanes : Anti-Vimentin antibody [V9] - Cytoskeleton Marker (ab8069) at 1 µg/ml

Lane 1 : HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) Whole Cell Lysate

Lane 2 : MOLT4 (Human lymphoblastic leukemia cell line) Whole Cell Lysate

Lysates/proteins at 10 µg per lane.

Secondary

All lanes : Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (HRP) preadsorbed (ab97040) at 1/5000 dilution

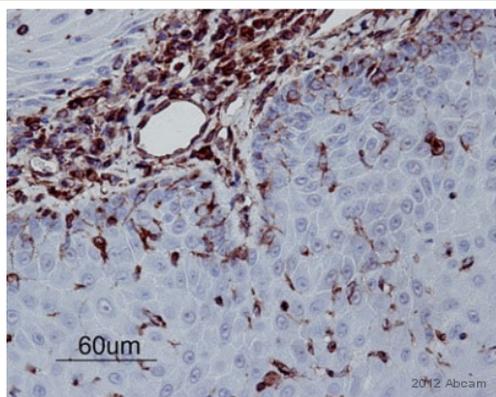
Developed using the ECL technique.

Performed under reducing conditions.

Predicted band size: 54 kDa

Observed band size: 57 kDa

Exposure time: 20 minutes

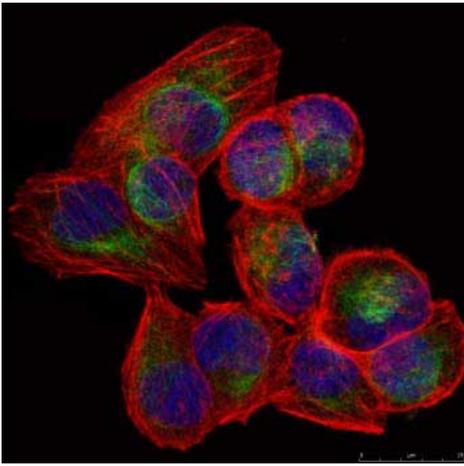


Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Vimentin antibody [V9] - Cytoskeleton Marker (ab8069)

This image is courtesy of an anonymous Abreview

ab8069 staining Vimentin in Human oral cavity tissue sections by Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections).

Tissue was fixed with paraformaldehyde and blocked with ab64226 Protein Block for 5 minutes at 25°C; antigen retrieval was by heat mediation in pH 6 buffer . Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/1000 in 10% NGS) for 16 hours at 4°C. An undiluted biotinylated goat anti-rabbit polyclonal IgG was used as the secondary antibody.

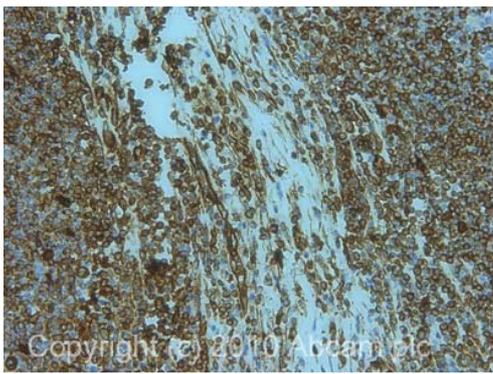


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Vimentin antibody [V9] - Cytoskeleton Marker (ab8069)

Image from Loessner D et al, Biomaterials. 2010 Nov;31(32):8494-506. Epub 2010 Aug 14. doi:10.1016/j.biomaterials.2010.07.064

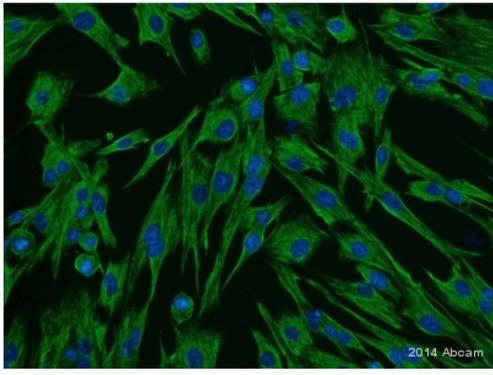
ab8069 staining Vimentin in human epithelial ovarian serous adenocarcinoma cell line SKOV-3 by Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence.

Samples were fixed with 4% PFA in PBS pH 7.4 and then permeabilised using 0.2% saponin for 30 minutes. A blocking step was performed using 1% BSA/PBS for 1 hour. Samples were then incubated with ab8069 at a 1/200 dilution in 1% BSA/PBS for 1 hour. The secondary antibody was a goat anti-mouse Alexa 488 (green) diluted 1/1000, 1% BSA/PBS for 1 hour. Samples were then incubated with phalloidin (red for actin staining) in 1% BSA/PBS for 45 minutes and counterstained with DAPI (blue for nuclei staining) in PBS for 45 minutes.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Vimentin antibody [V9] - Cytoskeleton Marker (ab8069)

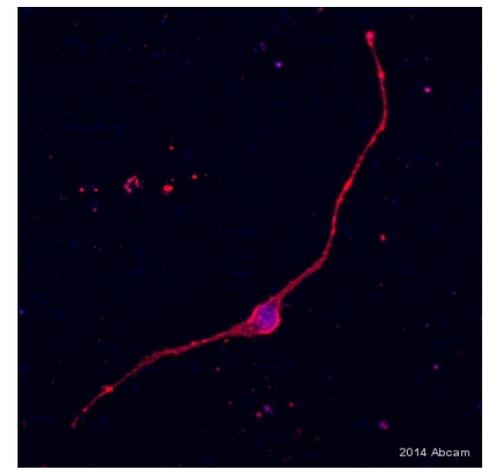
IHC image of Vimentin staining in human Hodgkin's Lymphoma formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section, performed on a Leica Bond™ system using the standard protocol F. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH6, epitope retrieval solution 1) for 20 mins. The section was then incubated with ab8069, 1µg/ml, for 15 mins at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Vimentin antibody [V9] - Cytoskeleton Marker (ab8069)

This image is courtesy of an anonymous Abreview

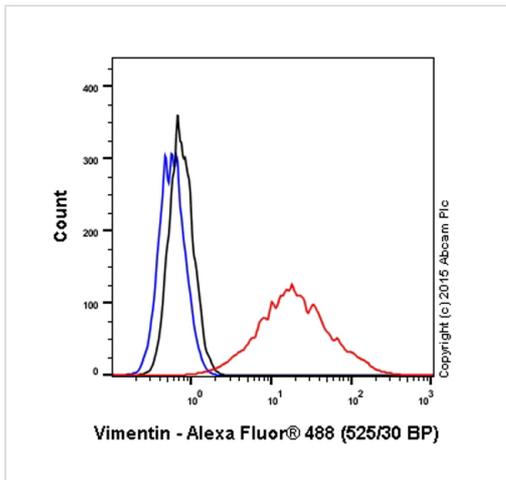
ab8069 staining Vimentin in pig cardiac fibroblasts by ICC/IF (Immunocytochemistry/immunofluorescence). Cells were fixed with acetone and permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100. Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/100 in PBS pH 7.4) for 30 minutes. A FITC-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG polyclonal (1/20) was used as the secondary antibody.



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Vimentin antibody [V9] - Cytoskeleton Marker (ab8069)

This image is courtesy of an anonymous Abreview

ab8069 staining Vimentin in rat glial cells by ICC/IF (Immunocytochemistry/immunofluorescence). Cells were fixed with formaldehyde and blocked with 1% BSA for 10 minutes at 25°C. Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/200) for 10 hours at 4°C. An Alexa Fluor® 555-conjugated anti-mouse IgG polyclonal (1/300) was used as the secondary antibody.

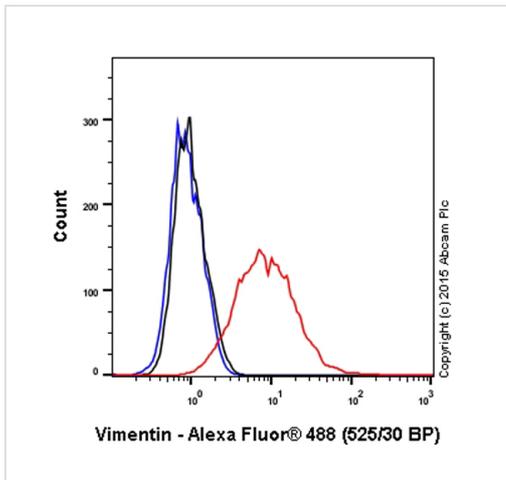


Flow Cytometry - Anti-Vimentin antibody [V9] - Cytoskeleton Marker (ab8069)

Overlay histogram showing SV40LT-SMC cells stained with ab8069 (red line). The cells were fixed with 4% formaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with 0.1% PBS-Triton X-100 for 20 min. The cells were then incubated in 1x PBS / 10% normal goat serum / 0.3M glycine to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (ab8069, 0.1µg/1x10⁶ cells) for 30 min at 22°C. The secondary antibody used was Alexa Fluor® 488 goat anti-mouse IgG (H&L) (ab150113) at 1/2000 dilution for 30 min at 22°C. Isotype control antibody (black line) was mouse IgG1 [ICIGG1] (ab91353, 0.1µg/1x10⁶ cells) used under the same conditions. Unlabelled sample (blue line) was also used as a control.

Acquisition of >5,000 events were collected using a 20mW Argon ion laser (488nm) and 525/30 bandpass filter.

This antibody gave a positive signal in SV40LT-SMC cells fixed with 80% methanol (5 min)/permeabilized with 0.1% PBS-Triton X-100 for 20 min used under the same conditions.



Flow Cytometry - Anti-Vimentin antibody [V9] - Cytoskeleton Marker (ab8069)

Overlay histogram showing MDA-MB-231 cells stained with ab8069 (red line). The cells were fixed with 4% formaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with 0.1% PBS-Triton X-100 for 20 min. The cells were then incubated in 1x PBS / 10% normal goat serum / 0.3M glycine to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (ab8069, 1µg/1x10⁶ cells) for 30 min at 22°C. The secondary antibody used was Alexa Fluor® 488 goat anti-mouse IgG (H&L) (ab150113) at 1/2000 dilution for 30 min at 22°C. Isotype control antibody (black line) was mouse IgG1 [ICIGG1] (ab91353, 1µg/1x10⁶ cells) used under the same conditions. Unlabelled sample (blue line) was also used as a control.

Acquisition of >5,000 events were collected using a 20mW Argon ion laser (488nm) and 525/30 bandpass filter.

This antibody gave a positive signal in MDA-MB-231 cells fixed with 80% methanol (5 min)/permeabilized with 0.1% PBS-Triton X-100 for 20 min used under the same conditions.

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