

## Product datasheet

# Anti-CD81 antibody [Eat2] (Biotin) ab36438

### 1 References

#### Overview

<b>Product name</b>	Anti-CD81 antibody [Eat2] (Biotin)
<b>Description</b>	Armenian hamster monoclonal [Eat2] to CD81 (Biotin)
<b>Host species</b>	Armenian hamster
<b>Conjugation</b>	Biotin
<b>Specificity</b>	ab36438 recognises mouse and rat CD81, a 26kD cell surface glycoprotein that is also known as TAPA-1.
<b>Tested applications</b>	<b>Suitable for:</b> Flow Cyt
<b>Species reactivity</b>	<b>Reacts with:</b> Mouse, Rat
<b>Immunogen</b>	38C13, murine B cell line.

#### Properties

<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Storage instructions</b>	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.
<b>Storage buffer</b>	Preservative: 0.09% Sodium Azide Constituents: 1% BSA, PBS, pH 7.4
<b>Purity</b>	Protein G purified
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone number</b>	Eat2
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG1

#### Applications

Our [Abpromise guarantee](#) covers the use of **ab36438** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
Flow Cyt		

**Application notes**

Flow Cyt: Use neat.

Use 10ul of the suggested working dilution to label  $10^6$  cells in 100ul.

Not yet tested in other applications.

Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

**Target**

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**Function**

May play an important role in the regulation of lymphoma cell growth. Interacts with a 16-kDa Leu-13 protein to form a complex possibly involved in signal transduction. May acts a the viral receptor for HCV.

**Tissue specificity**

Hematolymphoid, neuroectodermal and mesenchymal tumor cell lines.

**Involvement in disease**

Defects in CD81 are the cause of immunodeficiency common variable type 6 (CVID6) [MIM:613496]; also called antibody deficiency due to CD81 defect. CVID6 is a primary immunodeficiency characterized by antibody deficiency, hypogammaglobulinemia, recurrent bacterial infections and an inability to mount an antibody response to antigen. The defect results from a failure of B-cell differentiation and impaired secretion of immunoglobulins; the numbers of circulating B cells is usually in the normal range, but can be low.

**Sequence similarities**

Belongs to the tetraspanin (TM4SF) family.

**Post-translational modifications**

Not glycosylated.

**Cellular localization**

Membrane.

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