abcam

Product datasheet

APC Anti-IL-2 Receptor alpha antibody [3C7] ab25485

1 References

Overview

Product name APC Anti-IL-2 Receptor alpha antibody [3C7]

Description APC Rat monoclonal [3C7] to IL-2 Receptor alpha

Host species Rat

Conjugation APC. Ex: 645nm, Em: 660nm

Specificity ab25485 recognises low affinity alpha chain IL-2 receptor (MW 55 kDa) (IL-2R alpha).

Species reactivity Reacts with: Mouse

Immunogen Tissue, cells or virus corresponding to IL-2 Receptor alpha. IL-2 dependent BALB/c helper T cell

clone HT2

General notes

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C.

Storage buffer pH: 7.3

Preservative: 0.09% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 16% Sucrose

Stabilising agent.

Purity Affinity purified

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone number3C7IsotypeIgG2bLight chain typekappa

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Applications

Application notes BL: Use at an assay dependent dilution.

ab25485 is useful for in vitro blocking of IL2 binding.

Flow Cyt: Use 0.3µg for 10⁶ cells.

IP: Use at an assay dependent dilution.

Inhib: Use at an assay dependent dilution.

ab25485 inhibits IL2 or mitogen induced T cell proliferation.

Not yet tested in other applications.

Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Target

Function Receptor for interleukin-2.

Involvement in disease Genetic variations in IL2RA are associated with susceptibility to diabetes mellitus insulin-

dependent type 10 (IDDM10) [MIM:601942]. A multifactorial disorder of glucose homeostasis that is characterized by susceptibility to ketoacidosis in the absence of insulin therapy. Clinical fetaures are polydipsia, polyphagia and polyuria which result from hyperglycemia-induced

osmotic diuresis and secondary thirst. These derangements result in long-term complications that

affect the eyes, kidneys, nerves, and blood vessels.

Sequence similarities Contains 2 Sushi (CCP/SCR) domains.

Cellular localization Membrane.

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