

## Product datasheet

# Anti-APE1 antibody ab227105

4 Images

### Overview

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<b>Product name</b>	Anti-APE1 antibody
<b>Description</b>	Rabbit polyclonal to APE1
<b>Host species</b>	Rabbit
<b>Tested applications</b>	<b>Suitable for:</b> WB, IHC-P
<b>Species reactivity</b>	<b>Reacts with:</b> Mouse, Human <b>Predicted to work with:</b> Rat, Cow, Dog, Pig, Chimpanzee, Rhesus monkey 
<b>Immunogen</b>	Recombinant fragment within Human APE1 (internal sequence). The exact sequence is proprietary. Database link: <a href="#">P27695</a>
<b>Positive control</b>	WB: HeLa whole cell extract; Mouse brain lysate; A431 whole cell lysate. IHC-P: Human lung cancer tissue.
<b>General notes</b>	<p>Reproducibility is key to advancing scientific discovery and accelerating scientists' next breakthrough.</p> <p>Abcam is leading the way with our range of recombinant antibodies, knockout-validated antibodies and knockout cell lines, all of which support improved reproducibility.</p> <p>We are also planning to innovate the way in which we present recommended applications and species on our product datasheets, so that only applications &amp; species that have been tested in our own labs, our suppliers or by selected trusted collaborators are covered by our Abpromise™ guarantee.</p> <p>In preparation for this, we have started to update the applications &amp; species that this product is Abpromise guaranteed for.</p> <p>We are also updating the applications &amp; species that this product has been “predicted to work with,” however this information is not covered by our Abpromise guarantee.</p> <p>Applications &amp; species from publications and Abreviews that have not been tested in our own labs or in those of our suppliers are not covered by the Abpromise guarantee.</p> <p>Please check that this product meets your needs before purchasing. If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be found below, as well as customer reviews and Q&amp;As.</p>

### Properties

## Properties

<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Storage instructions</b>	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at +4°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.
<b>Storage buffer</b>	pH: 7.00 Preservative: 0.01% Thimerosal (merthiolate) Constituents: 78.99% PBS, 1% BSA, 20% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine)
<b>Purity</b>	Immunogen affinity purified
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG

## Applications

Our [Abpromise guarantee](#) covers the use of **ab227105** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
WB		1/500 - 1/3000. Predicted molecular weight: 35 kDa.
IHC-P		1/100 - 1/1000.

## Target

**Function**

Multifunctional protein that plays a central role in the cellular response to oxidative stress. The two major activities of APEX1 in DNA repair and redox regulation of transcriptional factors. Functions as a apurinic/aprimidinic (AP) endodeoxyribonuclease in the DNA base excision repair (BER) pathway of DNA lesions induced by oxidative and alkylating agents. Initiates repair of AP sites in DNA by catalyzing hydrolytic incision of the phosphodiester backbone immediately adjacent to the damage, generating a single-strand break with 5'-deoxyribose phosphate and 3'-hydroxyl ends. Does also incise at AP sites in the DNA strand of DNA/RNA hybrids, single-stranded DNA regions of R-loop structures, and single-stranded RNA molecules. Has a 3'-5' exonuclease activity on mismatched deoxyribonucleotides at the 3' termini of nicked or gapped DNA molecules during short-patch BER. Possesses a DNA 3' phosphodiesterase activity capable of removing lesions (such as phosphoglycolate) blocking the 3' side of DNA strand breaks. May also play a role in the epigenetic regulation of gene expression by participating in DNA demethylation. Acts as a loading factor for POLB onto non-incised AP sites in DNA and stimulates the 5'-terminal deoxyribose 5'-phosphate (dRp) excision activity of POLB. Plays a role in the protection from granzymes-mediated cellular repair leading to cell death. Also involved in the DNA cleavage step of class switch recombination (CSR). On the other hand, APEX1 also exerts reversible nuclear redox activity to regulate DNA binding affinity and transcriptional activity of transcriptional factors by controlling the redox status of their DNA-binding domain, such as the FOS/JUN AP-1 complex after exposure to IR. Involved in calcium-dependent down-regulation of parathyroid hormone (PTH) expression by binding to negative calcium response elements (nCaREs). Together with HNRNPL or the dimer XRCC5/XRCC6, associates with nCaRE, acting as an activator of transcriptional repression. Stimulates the YBX1-mediated MDR1 promoter activity, when acetylated at Lys-6 and Lys-7, leading to drug resistance. Acts also as an endoribonuclease

involved in the control of single-stranded RNA metabolism. Plays a role in regulating MYC mRNA turnover by preferentially cleaving in between UA and CA dinucleotides of the MYC coding region determinant (CRD). In association with NMD1, plays a role in the rRNA quality control process during cell cycle progression. Associates, together with YBX1, on the MDR1 promoter. Together with NPM1, associates with rRNA. Binds DNA and RNA.

#### **Sequence similarities**

Belongs to the DNA repair enzymes AP/ExoA family.

#### **Domain**

The N-terminus contains the redox activity while the C-terminus exerts the DNA AP-endodeoxyribonuclease activity; both function are independent in their actions. An unconventional mitochondrial targeting sequence (MTS) is harbored within the C-terminus, that appears to be masked by the N-terminal sequence containing the nuclear localization signal (NLS), that probably blocks the interaction between the MTS and Tom proteins.

#### **Post-translational modifications**

Phosphorylated. Phosphorylation by kinase PKC or casein kinase CK2 results in enhanced redox activity that stimulates binding of the FOS/JUN AP-1 complex to its cognate binding site. AP-endodeoxyribonuclease activity is not affected by CK2-mediated phosphorylation. Phosphorylation of Thr-233 by CDK5 reduces AP-endodeoxyribonuclease activity resulting in accumulation of DNA damage and contributing to neuronal death.

Acetylated on Lys-6 and Lys-7. Acetylation is increased by the transcriptional coactivator EP300 acetyltransferase, genotoxic agents like H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> and methyl methanesulfonate (MMS).

Acetylation increases its binding affinity to the negative calcium response element (nCaRE) DNA promoter. The acetylated form induces a stronger binding of YBX1 to the Y-box sequence in the MDR1 promoter than the unacetylated form. Deacetylated on lysines. Lys-6 and Lys-7 are deacetylated by SIRT1.

Cleaved at Lys-31 by granzyme A to create the mitochondrial form; leading in reduction of binding to DNA, AP endodeoxynuclease activity, redox activation of transcription factors and to enhanced cell death. Cleaved by granzyme K; leading to intracellular ROS accumulation and enhanced cell death after oxidative stress.

Cys-65 and Cys-93 are nitrosylated in response to nitric oxide (NO) and lead to the exposure of the nuclear export signal (NES).

Ubiquitinated by MDM2; leading to translocation to the cytoplasm and proteasomal degradation.

#### **Cellular localization**

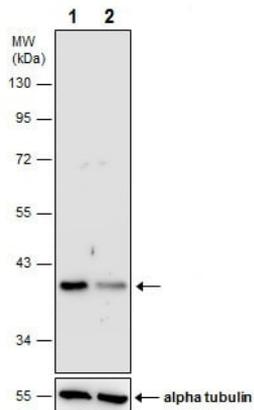
Mitochondrion. The cleaved APEX2 is only detected in mitochondria (By similarity). Translocation from the cytoplasm to the mitochondria is mediated by ROS signaling and cleavage mediated by granzyme A. Tom20-dependent translocated mitochondrial APEX1 level is significantly increased after genotoxic stress and Nucleus. Nucleus, nucleolus. Nucleus speckle. Endoplasmic reticulum.

Cytoplasm. Detected in the cytoplasm of B-cells stimulated to switch (By similarity). Colocalized with SIRT1 in the nucleus. Colocalized with YBX1 in nuclear speckles after genotoxic stress.

Together with OGG1 is recruited to nuclear speckles in UVA-irradiated cells. Colocalized with nucleolin and NPM1 in the nucleolus. Its nucleolar localization is cell cycle dependent and requires active rRNA transcription. Colocalized with calreticulin in the endoplasmic reticulum. Translocation from the nucleus to the cytoplasm is stimulated in presence of nitric oxide (NO) and function in a CRM1-dependent manner, possibly as a consequence of demasking a nuclear export signal (amino acid position 64-80). S-nitrosylation at Cys-93 and Cys-310 regulates its nuclear-cytosolic shuttling. Ubiquitinated form is localized predominantly in the cytoplasm.

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#### **Images**



Western blot - Anti-APE1 antibody (ab227105)

**All lanes :** Anti-APE1 antibody (ab227105) at 1/3000 dilution

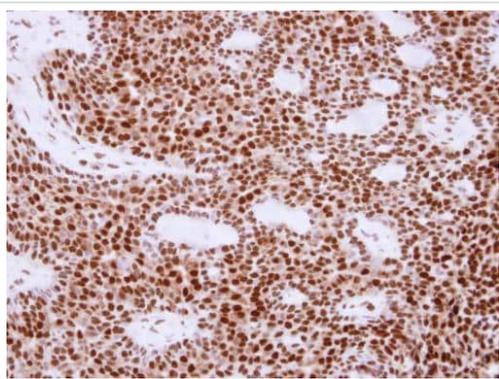
**Lane 1 :** Non-transfected HeLa (human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) whole cell extract

**Lane 2 :** HeLa (human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma), transfected with APE1 shRNA whole cell extract

Lysates/proteins at 30  $\mu$ g per lane.

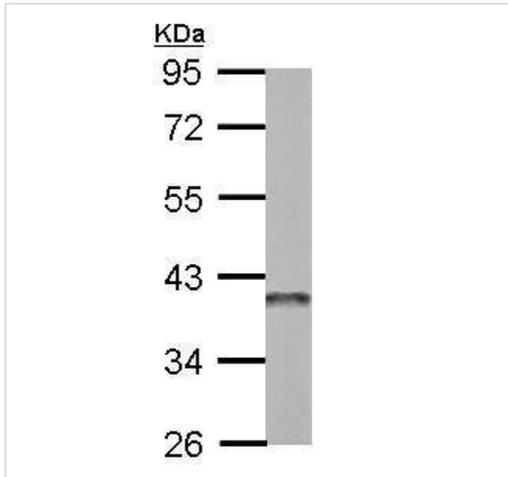
**Predicted band size:** 35 kDa

10% SDS-PAGE gel.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-APE1 antibody (ab227105)

Paraffin-embedded human lung cancer tissue stained for APE1 using ab227105 at 1/250 dilution in immunohistochemical analysis.

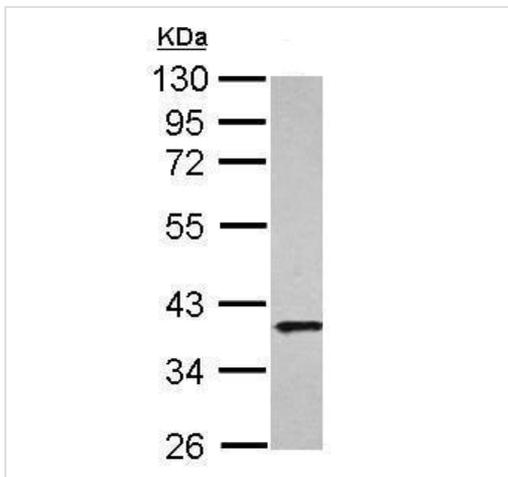


Western blot - Anti-APE1 antibody (ab227105)

Anti-APE1 antibody (ab227105) at 1/3000 dilution + Mouse brain lysate at 50 µg

**Predicted band size:** 35 kDa

10% SDS PAGE



Western blot - Anti-APE1 antibody (ab227105)

Anti-APE1 antibody (ab227105) at 1/1000 dilution + A431 (Human epidermoid carcinoma cell line) whole cell lysate at 30 µg

**Predicted band size:** 35 kDa

10% SDS-PAGE gel.

**Please note:** All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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