

Product datasheet

Anti-DCXR antibody ab191369

2 Images

Overview

<b>Product name</b>	Anti-DCXR antibody
<b>Description</b>	Rabbit polyclonal to DCXR
<b>Host species</b>	Rabbit
<b>Tested applications</b>	<b>Suitable for:</b> WB, IHC-P
<b>Species reactivity</b>	<b>Reacts with:</b> Human
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthetic peptide within Human DCXR aa 182-244. The exact sequence is proprietary. Database link: <a href="#">Q7Z4W1</a>
<b>Positive control</b>	Human kidney tissue; HepG2 whole cell lysate.

Properties

<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Storage instructions</b>	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.
<b>Storage buffer</b>	pH: 7 Preservative: 0.01% Thimerosal (merthiolate) Constituents: 59% PBS, 40% Glycerol
<b>Purity</b>	Immunogen affinity purified
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG

Applications

Our [Abpromise guarantee](#) covers the use of **ab191369** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
WB		1/500 - 1/3000. Predicted molecular weight: 26 kDa.
IHC-P		Use a concentration of 7.5 µg/ml.

## Target

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### Function

Catalyzes the NADPH-dependent reduction of several pentoses, tetroses, trioses, alpha-dicarbonyl compounds and L-xylulose. Participates in the uronate cycle of glucose metabolism. May play a role in the water absorption and cellular osmoregulation in the proximal renal tubules by producing xylitol, an osmolyte, thereby preventing osmolytic stress from occurring in the renal tubules.

### Tissue specificity

Highly expressed in kidney, liver and epididymis. In the epididymis, it is mainly expressed in the proximal and distal sections of the corpus region. Weakly or not expressed in brain, lung, heart, spleen and testis.

### Involvement in disease

Note=The enzyme defect in pentosuria has been shown to involve L-xylulose reductase. Essential pentosuria is an inborn error of metabolism characterized by the excessive urinary excretion of the pentose L-xylulose.

### Sequence similarities

Belongs to the short-chain dehydrogenases/reductases (SDR) family.

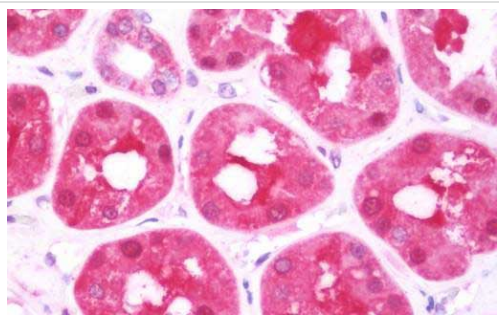
### Cellular localization

Membrane. Probably recruited to membranes via an interaction with phosphatidylinositol.

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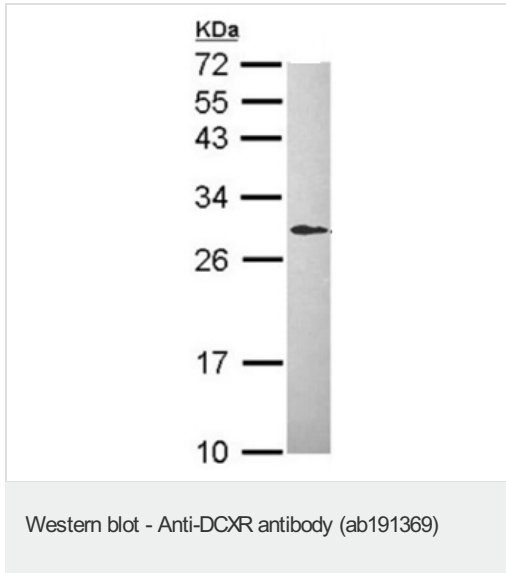
## Images

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Immunohistochemical analysis of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded Human kidney tissue labeling DCXR with ab191369 at 7.5 µg/ml.

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-DCXR antibody (ab191369)



Anti-DCXR antibody (ab191369) at 1/1000 dilution + HepG2 whole cell lysate at 30 µg

**Predicted band size:** 26 kDa

12% SDS-PAGE.

**Please note:** All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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