abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-IGF1 Receptor antibody [EPR19322] - Low endotoxin, Azide free ab246702

KO VALIDATED Recombinant RabMAb

6 Images

Overview

Product name	Anti-IGF1 Receptor antibody [EPR19322] - Low endotoxin, Azide free
Description	Rabbit monoclonal [EPR19322] to IGF1 Receptor - Low endotoxin, Azide free
Host species	Rabbit
Tested applications	**Suitable for:** WB, ICC/IF, Flow Cyt, IP
Species reactivity	**Reacts with:** Mouse, Rat, Human
Immunogen	Recombinant fragment within Mouse IGF1 Receptor aa 700-950. The exact sequence is proprietary. Database link: Q60751
Positive control	WB: C2C12, HeLa, 293, MCF7, C6, and NIH/3T3 whole cell lysates; Mouse brain and spleen lysates; Rat brain lysate. ICC/IF: C2C12 and C6 cells. Flow Cyt: C2C12 cells. IP: C2C12 whole cell lysate.
General notes	ab246702 is a carrier-free antibody designed for use in antibody labeling, including fluorochromes, metal isotopes, oligonucleotides, enzymes. Our Low endotoxin, azide-free formats have low endotoxin level (≤ 1 EU/ml, determined by the LAL assay) and are free from azide, to achieve consistent experimental results in functional assays. This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including: - High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility - Improved sensitivity and specificity - Long-term security of supply - Animal-free production For more information see here. Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents. Reproducibility is key to advancing scientific discovery and accelerating scientists' next breakthrough. Abcam is leading the way with our range of recombinant antibodies, knockout-validated antibodies and knockout cell lines, all of which support improved reproducibility.

We are also planning to innovate the way in which we present recommended applications and species on our product datasheets, so that only applications & species that have been tested in our own labs, our suppliers or by selected trusted collaborators are covered by our Abpromise™ guarantee.

In preparation for this, we have started to update the applications & species that this product is Abpromise guaranteed for.

We are also updating the applications & species that this product has been "predicted to work with," however this information is not covered by our Abpromise guarantee.

Applications & species from publications and Abreviews that have not been tested in our own labs or in those of our suppliers are not covered by the Abpromise guarantee.

Please check that this product meets your needs before purchasing. If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be found below, as well as customer reviews and Q&As.

Properties

Form	Liquid
Storage instructions	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C. Do Not Freeze.
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 Constituent: PBS
Carrier free	Yes
Purity	Protein A purified
Purification notes	Endotoxin level is less than 1 EU/ml as determined by the TAL test.
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone number	EPR19322
Isotype	IgG

Applications

Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of **ab246702** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
WB		Use at an assay dependent concentration. Detects a band of approximately 100, 200 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 154 kDa).
ICC/IF		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Flow Cyt		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
IP		Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Target

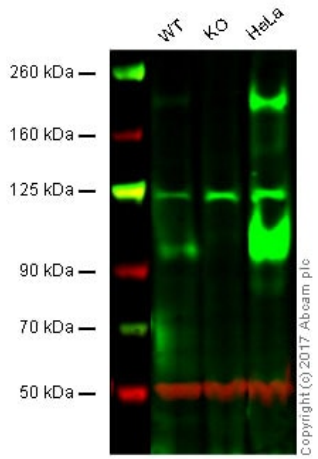
Target

Function	Receptor tyrosine kinase which mediates actions of insulin-like growth factor 1 (IGF1). Binds IGF1 with high affinity and IGF2 and insulin (INS) with a lower affinity. The activated IGF1R is involved in cell growth and survival control. IGF1R is crucial for tumor transformation and survival of malignant cell. Ligand binding activates the receptor kinase, leading to receptor autophosphorylation, and tyrosines phosphorylation of multiple substrates, that function as signaling adapter proteins including, the insulin-receptor substrates (IRS1/2), Shc and 14-3-3 proteins. Phosphorylation of IRSs proteins lead to the activation of two main signaling pathways: the PI3K-AKT/PKB pathway and the Ras-MAPK pathway. The result of activating the MAPK pathway is increased cellular proliferation, whereas activating the PI3K pathway inhibits apoptosis and stimulates protein synthesis. Phosphorylated IRS1 can activate the 85 kDa regulatory subunit of PI3K (PIK3R1), leading to activation of several downstream substrates, including protein AKT/PKB. AKT phosphorylation, in turn, enhances protein synthesis through mTOR activation and triggers the antiapoptotic effects of IGFIR through phosphorylation and inactivation of BAD. In parallel to PI3K-driven signaling, recruitment of Grb2/SOS by phosphorylated IRS1 or Shc leads to recruitment of Ras and activation of the ras-MAPK pathway. In addition to these two main signaling pathways IGF1R signals also through the Janus kinase/signal transducer and activator of transcription pathway (JAK/STAT). Phosphorylation of JAK proteins can lead to phosphorylation/activation of signal transducers and activators of transcription (STAT) proteins. In particular activation of STAT3, may be essential for the transforming activity of IGF1R. The JAK/STAT pathway activates gene transcription and may be responsible for the transforming activity. JNK kinases can also be activated by the IGF1R. IGF1 exerts inhibiting activities on JNK activation via phosphorylation and inhibition of MAP3K5/ASK1, which is able to directly associate with the IGF1R. When present in a hybrid receptor with INSR, binds IGF1. PubMed:12138094 shows that hybrid receptors composed of IGF1R and INSR isoform Long are activated with a high affinity by IGF1, with low affinity by IGF2 and not significantly activated by insulin, and that hybrid receptors composed of IGF1R and INSR isoform Short are activated by IGF1, IGF2 and insulin. In contrast, PubMed:16831875 shows that hybrid receptors composed of IGF1R and INSR isoform Long and hybrid receptors composed of IGF1R and INSR isoform Short have similar binding characteristics, both bind IGF1 and have a low affinity for insulin.
Tissue specificity	Found as a hybrid receptor with INSR in muscle, heart, kidney, adipose tissue, skeletal muscle, hepatoma, fibroblasts, spleen and placenta (at protein level). Expressed in a variety of tissues. Overexpressed in tumors, including melanomas, cancers of the colon, pancreas prostate and kidney.
Involvement in disease	Insulin-like growth factor 1 resistance
Sequence similarities	Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. Insulin receptor subfamily. Contains 4 fibronectin type-III domains. Contains 1 protein kinase domain.
Post-translational modifications	Autophosphorylated on tyrosine residues in response to ligand binding. Autophosphorylation occurs in trans, i.e. one subunit of the dimeric receptor phosphorylates tyrosine residues on the other subunit. Autophosphorylation occurs in a sequential manner; Tyr-1165 is predominantly phosphorylated first, followed by phosphorylation of Tyr-1161 and Tyr-1166. While every single phosphorylation increases kinase activity, all three tyrosine residues in the kinase activation loop (Tyr-1165, Tyr-1161 and Tyr-1166) have to be phosphorylated for optimal activity. Can be autophosphorylated at additional tyrosine residues (in vitro). Autophosphorylated is followed by phosphorylation of juxtamembrane tyrosines and C-terminal serines. Phosphorylation of Tyr-980 is required for IRS1- and SHC1-binding. Phosphorylation of Ser-1278 by GSK-3beta restrains kinase activity and promotes cell surface expression, it requires a priming phosphorylation at Ser-1282. Dephosphorylated by PTPN1. Polyubiquitinated at Lys-1168 and Lys-1171 through both 'Lys-48' and 'Lys-29' linkages,

promoting receptor endocytosis and subsequent degradation by the proteasome. Ubiquitination is facilitated by pre-existing phosphorylation.
Sumoylated with SUMO1.
Controlled by regulated intramembrane proteolysis (RIP). Undergoes metalloprotease-dependent constitutive ectodomain shedding to produce a membrane-anchored 52 kDa C-Terminal fragment which is further processed by presenilin gamma-secretase to yield an intracellular 50 kDa fragment.

Cellular localization Cell membrane.

Images



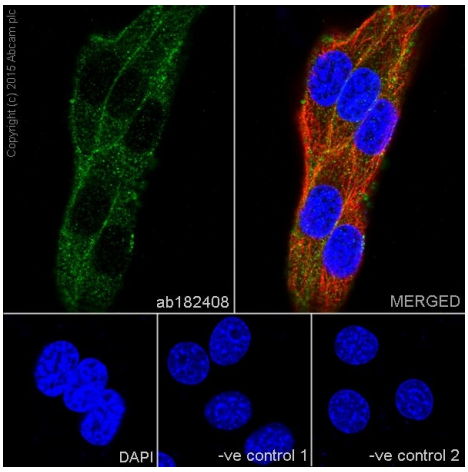
Western blot - Anti-IGF1 Receptor antibody [EPR19322] - Low endotoxin, Azide free (ab246702)

Lane 1: Wild-type HAP1 whole cell lysate (40 µg)
Lane 2: IGF1R knockout HAP1 whole cell lysate (40 µg)
Lane 3: HeLa whole cell lysate (40 µg)

Lanes 1 - 3 Merged signal (red and green). Green - ab182408 observed at 100 kDa. Red - loading control, ab8245, observed at 37 kDa.

ab182408 was shown to specifically recognize IGF1R in wild-type HAP1 cells along with additional cross-reactve bands. No band was observed when IGF1R knockout samples were examined. Wild-type and IGF1R knockout samples were subjected to SDS-PAGE. Ab182408 and ab8245 (Mouse anti GAPDH loading control) were incubated overnight at 4°C at 1/2000 dilution and 1/10,000 dilution respectively. Blots were developed with Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye® 800CW) preabsorbed ab216773 and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye® 680RD) preabsorbed ab216776 secondary antibodies at 1/10,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature before imaging.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol and sodium azide (ab182408).



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-IGF1 Receptor antibody [EPR19322] - Low endotoxin, Azide free (ab246702)

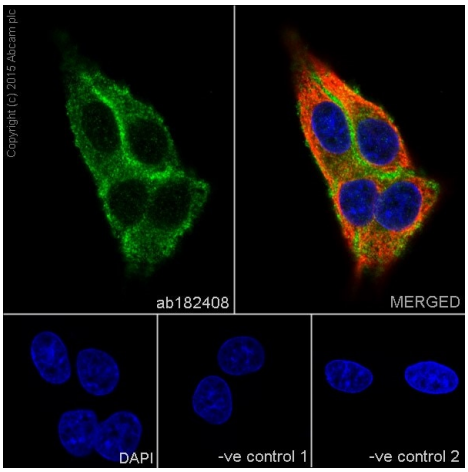
Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilized C2C12 (Mouse myoblast cell line) cells labeling IGF1 Receptor with ab182408 at 1/1000 dilution, followed by Goat anti-rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution (green). Confocal image showing membranous and cytoplasmic staining on C2C12 cell line. The nuclear counterstain is DAPI (blue).

Tubulin is detected with Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Loading Control (ab7291) at 1/1000 dilution and Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 594) preadsorbed (ab150120) at 1/1000 dilution (red).

The negative controls are as follows:

-ve control 1: ab182408 at 1/1000 dilution followed by ab150120 at 1/1000 dilution.
-ve control 2: ab7291 at 1/1000 dilution followed by ab150077 at 1/1000 dilution.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol and sodium azide (ab182408).



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-IGF1 Receptor antibody [EPR19322] - Low endotoxin, Azide free (ab246702)

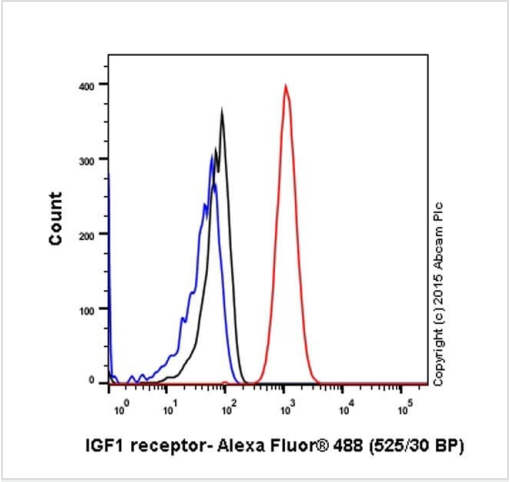
Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilized C6 (Rat glial tumor cell line) cells labeling IGF1 Receptor with ab182408 at 1/1000 dilution, followed by Goat anti-rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution (green). Confocal image showing membranous and cytoplasmic staining on C6 cell line. The nuclear counterstain is DAPI (blue).

Tubulin is detected with Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Loading Control (ab7291) at 1/1000 dilution and Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 594) preadsorbed (ab150120) at 1/1000 dilution (red).

The negative controls are as follows:

-ve control 1: ab182408 at 1/1000 dilution followed by ab150120 at 1/1000 dilution.
-ve control 2: ab7291 at 1/1000 dilution followed by ab150077 at 1/1000 dilution.

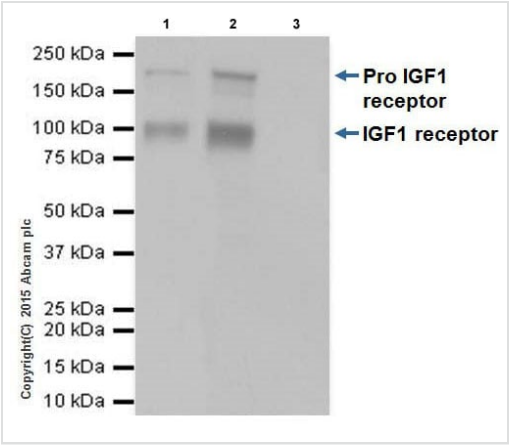
This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol and sodium azide (ab182408).



Flow Cytometry - Anti-IGF1 Receptor antibody [EPR19322] - Low endotoxin, Azide free (ab246702)

Flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed C2C12 (Mouse myoblast cell line) cells labeling IGF1 Receptor with ab182408 at 1/80 dilution (red) compared with a Rabbit IgG,monoclonal[EPR25A] - Isotype Control (ab172730) (black) and an unlabeled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody) (blue). Goat anti Rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488) at 1/500 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol and sodium azide (ab182408).



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-IGF1 Receptor antibody [EPR19322] - Low endotoxin, Azide free (ab246702)

IGF1 Receptor was immunoprecipitated from 1mg of C2C12 (Mouse myoblast cell line) whole cell lysate with ab182408 at 1/50 dilution. Western blot was performed from the immunoprecipitate using ab182408 at 1/1000 dilution. VeriBlot for IP Detection Reagent (HRP) (ab131366), was used for detection at 1/10000 dilution.

Lane 1: C2C12 whole cell lysate, 10µg (Input).

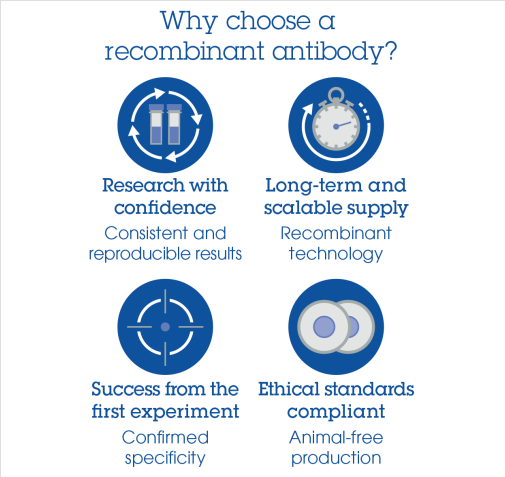
Lane 2: ab182408 IP in C2C12 whole cell lysate.

Lane 3: Rabbit IgG,monoclonal [EPR25A] - Isotype Control (ab172730) instead of ab182408 in C2C12 whole cell lysate.

Blocking and dilution buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Exposure time: 3 seconds.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol and sodium azide (ab182408).



Anti-IGF1 Receptor antibody [EPR19322] - Low endotoxin, Azide free (ab246702)

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