Product datasheet

Anti-Occludin antibody ab31721

⭐⭐⭐⭐ 12 Abreviews  113 References  2 Images

Overview

Product name  Anti-Occludin antibody
Description  Rabbit polyclonal to Occludin
Host species  Rabbit
Specificity  New batches of this antibody are no longer guaranteed in ICC/IF, IHC-P or IHC-Fr as they have not passed our stringent batch testing criteria. Please contact customer support for any specific queries. We recommend ab216327 as an alternative for ICC/IF and IHC-P. The immunogen used to raise this antibody has 78% homology with the Mouse Occludin protein and the Rat Occludin protein. Some customers have successfully used ab31721 with Mouse/Rat lysates/tissue, however we have not been successful detecting Occludin in these species in our own testing.

Tested applications  Suitable for: WB, In-Cell ELISA
Species reactivity  Reacts with: Human, Pig
Predicted to work with: Dog

Immunogen  Synthetic peptide conjugated to KLH derived from within residues 350 - 450 of Human Occludin.Read Abcam's proprietary immunogen policy(Peptide available as ab34440.)

Positive control  WB: Recombinant Human Occludin protein (ab114189), HAP1 and HepG2 Cell lysates

Properties

Form  Liquid
Storage instructions  Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.
Storage buffer  pH: 7.40
Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide
Constituent: PBS

Batches of this product that have a concentration < 1mg/ml may have BSA added as a stabilising agent. If you would like information about the formulation of a specific lot, please contact our scientific support team who will be happy to help.

Purity  Immunogen affinity purified
Clonality  Polyclonal
Isotype  IgG
Function
May play a role in the formation and regulation of the tight junction (TJ) paracellular permeability barrier. It is able to induce adhesion when expressed in cells lacking tight junctions.

Tissue specificity
Localized at tight junctions of both epithelial and endothelial cells. Highly expressed in kidney. Not detected in testis.

Involvement in disease
Defects in OCLN are the cause of band-like calcification with simplified gyration and polymicrogyria (BLCPMG) [MIM:251290]; also known as pseudo-TORCH syndrome. BLCPMG is a neurologic disorder with characteristic clinical and neuroradiologic features that mimic intrauterine TORCH infection in the absence of evidence of infection. Affected individuals have congenital microcephaly, intracranial calcifications, and severe developmental delay.

Sequence similarities
Belongs to the ELL/occludin family. Contains 1 MARVEL domain.

Domain
The C-terminal is cytoplasmic and is important for interaction with ZO-1. Sufficient for the tight junction localization. Involved in the regulation of the permeability barrier function of the tight junction (By similarity). The first extracellular loop participates in an adhesive interaction.

Post-translational modifications
Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR. Dephosphorylated by PTPRJ. The tyrosine phosphorylation on Tyr-398 and Tyr-402 reduces its ability to interact with TJP1.

Cellular localization
Membrane. Cell junction > tight junction.

Applications

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<tr>
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<th>Abreviews</th>
<th>Notes</th>
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<tr>
<td>WB</td>
<td>★★★☆☆</td>
<td>1/250. Detects a band of approximately 62 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 59 kDa).</td>
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<td>In-Cell ELISA</td>
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<td>Use at an assay dependent concentration. PubMed: 22689949</td>
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**All lanes**: Anti-Occludin antibody (ab31721) at 1/250 dilution

**Lane 1**: Wild-type HAP1 whole cell lysate at 40 µg
**Lane 2**: OCLN (Occludin) knockout HAP1 whole cell lysate at 40 µg
**Lane 3**: HeLa whole cell lysate (Low Occludin expression) at 20 µg
**Lane 4**: HepG2 whole cell lysate (High Occludin expression) at 20 µg

**Predicted band size**: 59 kDa

**Lanes 1 - 4**: Merged signal (red and green). Green - ab31721 observed at 59 kDa. Red - loading control, ab9484, observed at 37 kDa.

ab31721 was shown to recognize Occludin in wild-type HAP1 cells as signal was lost at the expected MW in OCLN (Occludin) knockout cells. Additional cross-reactive bands were observed in the wild-type and knockout cells. Wild-type and OCLN (Occludin) knockout samples were subjected to SDS-PAGE. Ab31721 and ab9484 (Mouse anti-GAPDH loading control) were incubated overnight at 4°C at 1/250 dilution and 1/20000 dilution respectively. Blots were developed with Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye® 800CW) preabsorbed ab216773 and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye® 680RD) preabsorbed ab216776 secondary antibodies at 1/20000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature before imaging.

**Lane 1**: Anti-Occludin antibody [EPR8208] (ab167161) at 1/5000 dilution
**Lane 2**: Anti-Occludin antibody (ab31721) at 1/1000 dilution
**Lane 3**: Anti-Occludin antibody [EPR20992] (ab216327) at 1/5000 dilution

**All lanes**: Recombinant Human Occludin protein (ab114189)

Lysates/proteins at 0.025 µg per lane.

**Secondary**

**All lanes**: Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/20000 dilution

**Predicted band size**: 59 kDa
**Observed band size**: 85 kDa

3
why is the actual band size different from the predicted?

Blocking and diluting buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

**Exposure time:** 5.5 seconds

**Please note:** All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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