

Human MALT1 (MLT) knockout HeLa cell line ab264930

2 Images

Overview

Product name	Human MALT1 (MLT) knockout HeLa cell line
Parental Cell Line	HeLa
Organism	Human
Mutation description	Knockout achieved by using CRISPR/Cas9, Homozygous: Insertion of the selection cassette in exon 1
Passage number	<20
Knockout validation	Sanger Sequencing, Western Blot (WB)
Tested applications	Suitable for: WB
Biosafety level	2
General notes	<p>Recommended control: Human wild-type HeLa cell line (ab255448). Please note a wild-type cell line is not automatically included with a knockout cell line order, if required please add recommended wild-type cell line at no additional cost using the code WILDTYPE-TMTK1.</p> <p>Cryopreservation cell medium: Cell Freezing Medium-DMSO Serum free media, contains 8.7% DMSO in MEM supplemented with methyl cellulose.</p> <p>Culture medium: DMEM (High Glucose) + 10% FBS</p> <p>Initial handling guidelines: Upon arrival, the vial should be stored in liquid nitrogen vapor phase and not at -80°C. Storage at -80°C may result in loss of viability.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Thaw the vial in 37°C water bath for approximately 1-2 minutes. 2. Transfer the cell suspension (0.8 mL) to a 15 mL/50 mL conical sterile polypropylene centrifuge tube containing 8.4 mL pre-warmed culture medium, wash vial with an additional 0.8 mL culture medium (total volume 10 mL) to collect remaining cells, and centrifuge at 201 x g (rcf) for 5 minutes at room temperature. 10 mL represents minimum recommended dilution. 20 mL represents maximum recommended dilution. 3. Resuspend the cell pellet in 5 mL pre-warmed culture medium and count using a haemocytometer or alternative cell counting method. Based on cell count, seed cells in an appropriate cell culture flask at a density of 2×10^4 cells/cm². Seeding density is given as a guide only and should be scaled to align with individual lab schedules. 4. Incubate the culture at 37°C incubator with 5% CO₂. Cultures should be monitored daily. <p>Subculture guidelines:</p> <p>All seeding densities should be based on cell counts gained by established methods. A guide seeding density of 2×10^4 cells/cm² is recommended.</p> <p>A partial media change 24 hours prior to subculture may be helpful to encourage growth, if</p>

required.

Cells should be passaged when they have achieved 80-90% confluence.

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We will provide viable cells that proliferate on revival.

Properties

Number of cells	1 x 10 ⁶ cells/vial, 1 mL
Adherent /Suspension	Adherent
Tissue	Cervix
Cell type	epithelial
Disease	Adenocarcinoma
Gender	Female
STR Analysis	Amelogenin X D5S818: 11, 12 D13S317: 12, 13.3 D7S820: 8, 12 D16S539: 9, 10 vWA: 16, 18 TH01: 7 TPOX: 8, 12 CSF1PO: 9, 10
Mycoplasma free	Yes
Storage instructions	Shipped on Dry Ice. Store in liquid nitrogen.
Storage buffer	Constituents: 8.7% Dimethylsulfoxide, 2% Cellulose, methyl ether

Target

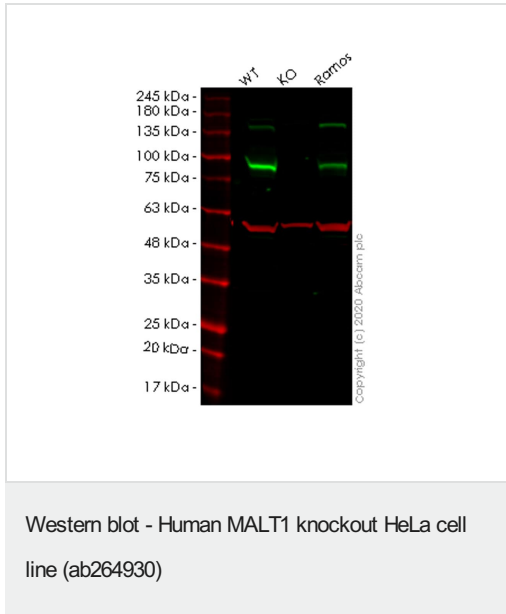
Function	Enhances BCL10-induced activation of NF-kappa-B. Involved in nuclear export of BCL10. Binds to TRAF6, inducing TRAF6 oligomerization and activation of its ligase activity. Has ubiquitin ligase activity. MALT1-dependent BCL10 cleavage plays an important role in T-cell antigen receptor-induced integrin adhesion.
Tissue specificity	Highly expressed in peripheral blood mononuclear cells. Detected at lower levels in bone marrow, thymus and lymph node, and at very low levels in colon and lung.
Involvement in disease	Note=A chromosomal aberration involving MALT1 is recurrent in low-grade mucosa-associated lymphoid tissue (MALT lymphoma). Translocation t(11;18)(q21;q21) with BIRC2. This translocation is found in approximately 50% of cytogenetically abnormal low-grade MALT lymphoma.
Sequence similarities	Belongs to the peptidase C14B family. Contains 1 death domain. Contains 2 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains.
Cellular localization	Cytoplasm > perinuclear region. Nucleus. Shuttles between the nucleus and cytoplasm. Found in perinuclear structures together with BCL10.

Applications

The Abpromise guarantee Our [Abpromise guarantee](#) covers the use of ab264930 in the following tested applications. The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
WB		Use at an assay dependent concentration. Predicted molecular weight: 92 kDa.

Images



All lanes : Anti-MALT1/MLT antibody [EP603Y] ([ab33921](#)) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1 : Wild-type HeLa cell lysate

Lane 2 : MALT1 knockout HeLa cell lysate

Lane 3 : Ramos cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.

Secondary

All lanes : Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye® 800CW) preadsorbed ([ab216773](#)) at 1/10000 dilution

Predicted band size: 92 kDa

Observed band size: 92 kDa

Lanes 1-3: Merged signal (red and green). Green - [ab33921](#) observed at 92 kDa. Red - loading control [ab7291](#) observed at 50 kDa.

[ab33921](#) Anti-MALT1/MLT antibody [EP603Y] was shown to specifically react with MALT1/MLT in wild-type HeLa cells. Loss of signal was observed when knockout cell line ab264930 (knockout cell lysate [ab257149](#)) was used. Wild-type and MALT1/MLT knockout samples were subjected to SDS-PAGE. [ab33921](#) and Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Loading Control ([ab7291](#)) were incubated overnight at 4°C at 1 in 1000 dilution and 1 in 20000 dilution respectively. Blots were developed with Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye®800CW) preadsorbed ([ab216773](#)) and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye®680RD) preadsorbed ([ab216776](#)) secondary antibodies at 1 in 20000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature before imaging.

