

Human PDGFRB knockout SH-SY5Y cell line ab273749

3 Images

Overview

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Product name | Human PDGFRB knockout SH-SY5Y cell line |
| Parental Cell Line | SHSY-5Y |
| Organism | Human |
| Mutation description | Knockout achieved by using CRISPR/Cas9, Homozygous: 5 bp deletion in exon 3 |
| Passage number | <20 |
| Knockout validation | Sanger Sequencing, Western Blot (WB) |
| Tested applications | Suitable for: WB |
| Biosafety level | 1 |
| General notes | <p>Recommended control: Human wild-type SHSY-5Y cell line (ab275475). Please note a wild-type cell line is not automatically included with a knockout cell line order, if required please add recommended wild-type cell line at no additional cost using the code WILDTYPE-TMTK1.</p> <p>Cryopreservation cell medium: Cell Freezing Medium-DMSO Serum free media, contains 8.7% DMSO in MEM supplemented with methyl cellulose.</p> <p>Culture medium: 1:1 mixture of EMEM and F-12K + 10% FBS</p> <p>Initial handling guidelines: Upon arrival, the vial should be stored in liquid nitrogen vapor phase and not at -80°C. Storage at -80°C may result in loss of viability.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Thaw the vial in 37°C water bath for approximately 1-2 minutes. 2. Transfer the cell suspension (0.8 mL) to a 15 mL/50 mL conical sterile polypropylene centrifuge tube containing 8.4 mL pre-warmed culture medium, wash vial with an additional 0.8 mL culture medium (total volume 10 mL) to collect remaining cells, and centrifuge at 201 x g (rcf) for 5 minutes at room temperature. 10 mL represents minimum recommended dilution. 20 mL represents maximum recommended dilution. 3. Resuspend the cell pellet in 5 mL pre-warmed culture medium and count using a haemocytometer or alternative cell counting method. Based on cell count, seed cells in an appropriate cell culture flask at a density of 1-2x10⁴ cells/cm². Seeding density is given as a guide only and should be scaled to align with individual lab schedules. 4. Incubate the culture at 37°C incubator with 5% CO₂. Cultures should be monitored daily. <p>Subculture guidelines:</p> <p>All seeding densities should be based on cell counts gained by established methods. These cells grow as a mixture of floating and adherent cells. Remove media containing floating cells and recover cells by centrifugation, detach cells using standard methods, combine with floating cells and transfer to a new culture flask.</p> |

A guide seeding density of $1-2 \times 10^4$ cells/cm² is recommended.

Cells should be seeded at a density conducive to cell–cell communication to proliferate. If cells are seeded too sparsely, growth rate is reduced and cell death is high.

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We will provide viable cells that proliferate on revival.

Properties

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Number of cells | 1 x 10 ⁶ cells/vial, 1 mL |
| Adherent /Suspension | Adherent |
| Tissue | Bone marrow |
| Cell type | neuroblastoma |
| Disease | Neuroblastoma |
| Gender | Female |
| Mycoplasma free | Yes |
| Storage instructions | Shipped on Dry Ice. Store in liquid nitrogen. |
| Storage buffer | Constituents: 8.7% Dimethylsulfoxide, 2% Cellulose, methyl ether |

Target

Function Receptor that binds specifically to PDGFB and PDGFD and has a tyrosine-protein kinase activity. Phosphorylates Tyr residues at the C-terminus of PTPN11 creating a binding site for the SH2 domain of GRB2.

Involvement in disease Note=A chromosomal aberration involving PDGFRB is found in a form of chronic myelomonocytic leukemia (CMML). Translocation t(5;12)(q33;p13) with EVT6/TEL. It is characterized by abnormal clonal myeloid proliferation and by progression to acute myelogenous leukemia (AML).

Note=A chromosomal aberration involving PDGFRB may be a cause of acute myelogenous leukemia. Translocation t(5;14)(q33;q32) with TRIP11. The fusion protein may be involved in clonal evolution of leukemia and eosinophilia.

Note=A chromosomal aberration involving PDGFRB may be a cause of juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia. Translocation t(5;17)(q33;p11.2) with SPECC1.

Defects in PDGFRB are a cause of myeloproliferative disorder chronic with eosinophilia (MPE) [MIM:131440]. A hematologic disorder characterized by malignant eosinophils proliferation.

Note=A chromosomal aberration involving PDGFRB is found in many instances of myeloproliferative disorder chronic with eosinophilia. Translocation t(5;12) with ETV6 on chromosome 12 creating an PDGFRB-ETV6 fusion protein.

Note=A chromosomal aberration involving PDGFRB may be the cause of a myeloproliferative disorder (MBD) associated with eosinophilia. Translocation t(1;5)(q23;q33) that forms a PDE4DIP-PDGFRB fusion protein.

Sequence similarities

Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. CSF-1/PDGF receptor subfamily.

Contains 5 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains.

Contains 1 protein kinase domain.

Post-translational modifications

Autophosphorylated. Dephosphorylated by PTPRJ at Tyr-751, Tyr-857, Tyr-1009 and Tyr-1021.

Cellular localization

Membrane.

Applications

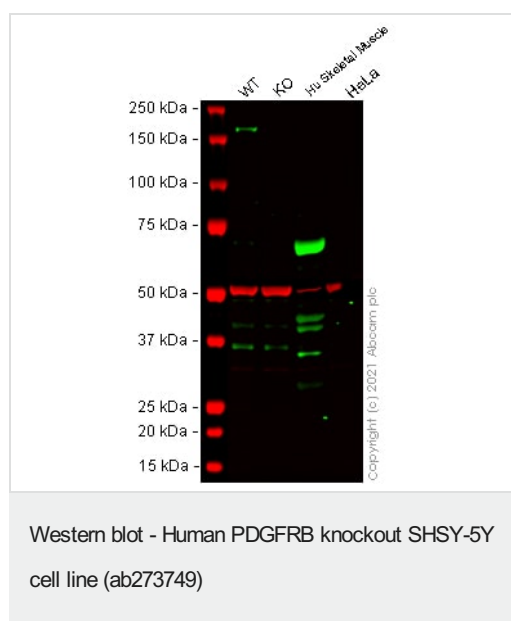
The Abpromise guarantee

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of ab273749 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

| Application | Abreviews | Notes |
|-------------|-----------|--|
| WB | | Use at an assay dependent concentration. |

Images



Western blot - Human PDGFRB knockout SH-SY-5Y cell line (ab273749)

All lanes : Anti-PDGFR beta antibody [42G12] (**ab69506**) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1 : Wild-type SH-SY5Y cell lysate

Lane 2 : PDGFRB knockout SH-SY5Y cell lysate

Lane 3 : Human Skeletal Muscle tissue lysate

Lane 4 : HeLa cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 30 µg per lane.

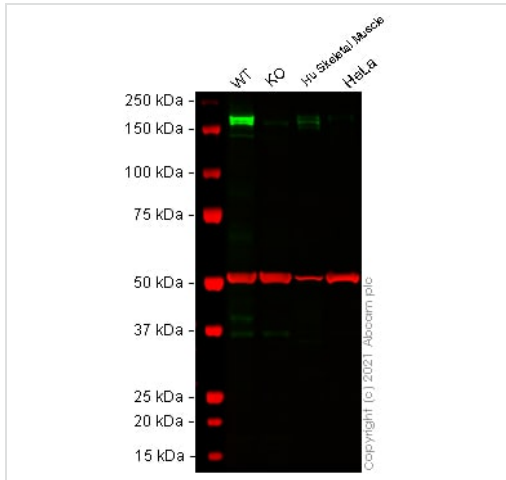
Performed under reducing conditions.

Observed band size: 170 kDa

Lanes 1 - 4: Merged signal (red and green). Green - **ab69506** observed at 170 kDa. Red - loading control **ab52866** (Rabbit anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [EP1332Y]) observed at 55 kDa.

ab69506 was shown to react with PDGFR beta in wild-type SH-SY5Y cells in Western blot with loss of signal observed in PDGFRB knockout cell line ab273749 (knockout cell lysate **ab275523**). Wild-type SH-SY5Y and PDGFRB knockout cell lysates were subjected to SDS-PAGE. Membranes were blocked in 3 % milk in TBS-T (0.1 % Tween®) before incubation with **ab69506** and **ab52866** (Rabbit anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [EP1332Y]) overnight at 4 °C at a 1 in 1000 dilution and a 1 in 20000 dilution respectively. Blots were incubated with Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye® 800CW)

preabsorbed ([ab216772](#)) and Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye® 680RD) preabsorbed ([ab216777](#)) secondary antibodies at 1 in 20000 dilution for 1 h at room temperature before imaging.



Western blot - Human PDGFRB knockout SHSY-5Y cell line ([ab273749](#))

All lanes : Anti-PDGFR alpha + PDGFR beta antibody [Y92] - C-terminal ([ab32570](#)) at 1/5000 dilution

Lane 1 : Wild-type SH-SY5Y cell lysate

Lane 2 : PDGFR beta knockout SH-SY5Y cell lysate

Lane 3 : Human Skeletal Muscle tissue lysate

Lane 4 : HeLa cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 30 µg per lane.

Performed under reducing conditions.

Observed band size: 170 kDa

Lanes 1 - 4: Merged signal (red and green). Green - [ab32570](#) observed at 170 kDa. Red - loading control [ab7291](#) (Mouse anti-Alpha Tubulin [DM1A]) observed at 55 kDa.

[ab32570](#) was shown to react with PDGFRB in wild-type SH-SY5Y cells in Western blot with loss of signal observed in PDGFRB knockout cell line [ab273749](#) (knockout cell lysate [ab275523](#)). Wild-type SH-SY5Y and PDGFRB knockout cell lysates were subjected to SDS-PAGE. Membranes were blocked in fluorescent western blot (TBS-based) blocking solution before incubation with [ab32570](#) and [ab7291](#) (Mouse anti-Alpha Tubulin [DM1A]) overnight at 4 °C at a 1 in 5000 dilution and a 1 in 20000 dilution respectively. Blots were incubated with Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye® 800CW) preabsorbed ([ab216773](#)) and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye® 680RD) preabsorbed ([ab216776](#)) secondary antibodies at 1 in 20000 dilution for 1 h at room temperature before imaging.

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KO AGAATACTTTTGCACCCACA-----TCCCGTGGACTGGAGACCGA
   |||
WT AGAATACTTTTGCACCCACAATGACTCCCGTGGACTGGAGACCGA
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Sanger Sequencing - Human PDGFRB knockout SHSY-5Y cell line ([ab273749](#))

Allele-1: 5 bp deletion in exon 3

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