

Product datasheet

Human CDK4 knockout HeLa cell lysate ab263780

3 Images

Overview

Product name	Human CDK4 knockout HeLa cell lysate
Product overview	Knockout cell lysate achieved by CRISPR/Cas9.
Parental Cell Line	HeLa
Organism	Human
Mutation description	Knockout achieved by using CRISPR/Cas9, 139 bp insertion in exon2 and 2 bp deletion in exon2.
Passage number	<20
Knockout validation	Sanger Sequencing, Western Blot (WB)
Reconstitution notes	To use as WB control, resuspend the lyophilizate in 50 µL of LDS* Sample Buffer to have a final concentration of 2 mg/ml. For reducing conditions, we recommend a final concentration of 0.1 M DTT.

**Usage of SDS sample buffer is not recommended with these lyophilized lysates.*

Notes

Lysate preparation: Our lysates are made using RIPA buffer to which we add a protease inhibitor cocktail and phosphatase inhibitor cocktail (ratio: 300:100:10). *This means that the protein of interest is denatured.* If you require a native form of the protein please use the live cell version - found [here](#). Please refer to our lysis protocol for further details on how our lysates are prepared.

User storage instructions: Lyophilizate may be stored at 4°C. After reconstitution, store at -20°C for short-term storage or -80°C for long-term storage.

Access thousands of knockout cell lysates, generated from commonly used cancer cell lines.

[See here for more information on knockout cell lysates.](#)

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Tested applications **Suitable for:** WB

Properties

Storage instructions Store at -80°C. Please refer to protocols.

Components	1 kit
ab255482 - Human CDK4 knockout HeLa cell lysate	1 x 100µg
ab255929 - Human wild-type HeLa cell lysate	1 x 100µg

Cell type epithelial
Disease Adenocarcinoma
Gender Female
STR Analysis Amelogenin X D5S818: 11, 12 D13S317: 12, 13.3 D7S820: 8, 12 D16S539: 9, 10 vWA: 16, 18 TH01: 7 TPOX: 8,12 CSF1PO: 9, 10

Target

Function Ser/Thr-kinase component of cyclin D-CDK4 (DC) complexes that phosphorylate and inhibit members of the retinoblastoma (RB) protein family including RB1 and regulate the cell-cycle during G(1)/S transition. Phosphorylation of RB1 allows dissociation of the transcription factor E2F from the RB/E2F complexes and the subsequent transcription of E2F target genes which are responsible for the progression through the G(1) phase. Hypophosphorylates RB1 in early G(1) phase. Cyclin D-CDK4 complexes are major integrators of various mitogenic and antimitogenic signals. Also phosphorylates SMAD3 in a cell-cycle-dependent manner and represses its transcriptional activity. Component of the ternary complex, cyclin D/CDK4/CDKN1B, required for nuclear translocation and activity of the cyclin D-CDK4 complex.

Involvement in disease Defects in CDK4 are a cause of susceptibility to cutaneous malignant melanoma type 3 (CMM3) [MIM:609048]. Malignant melanoma is a malignant neoplasm of melanocytes, arising de novo or from a pre-existing benign nevus, which occurs most often in the skin but also may involve other sites.

Sequence similarities Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. CMGC Ser/Thr protein kinase family. CDC2/CDKX subfamily.
Contains 1 protein kinase domain.

Post-translational modifications Phosphorylation at Thr-172 is required for enzymatic activity. Phosphorylated, in vitro, at this site by CCNH-CDK7, but, in vivo, appears to be phosphorylated by a proline-directed kinase. In the cyclin D-CDK4-CDKN1B complex, this phosphorylation and consequent CDK4 enzyme activity, is dependent on the tyrosine phosphorylation state of CDKN1B. Thus, in proliferating cells, CDK4 within the complex is phosphorylated on Thr-172 in the T-loop. In resting cells, phosphorylation on Thr-172 is prevented by the non-tyrosine-phosphorylated form of CDKN1B.

Cellular localization Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Membrane. Cytoplasmic when non-complexed. Forms a cyclin D-CDK4 complex in the cytoplasm as cells progress through G(1) phase. The complex accumulates on the nuclear membrane and enters the nucleus on transition from G(1) to S phase. Also present in nucleoli and heterochromatin lumps. Colocalizes with RB1 after release into the nucleus.

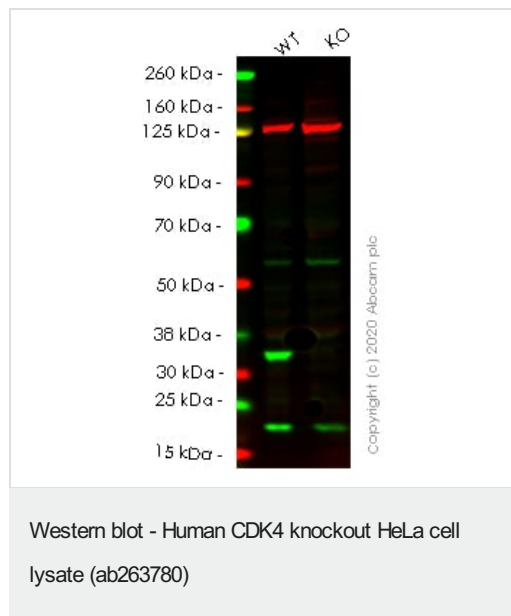
Applications

The Abpromise guarantee Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of ab263780 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
WB		Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Images

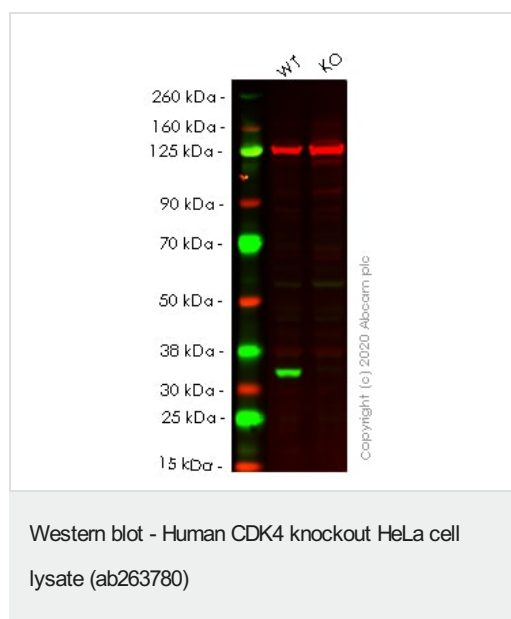


Lane 1: Wild-type HeLa cell lysate (20µg)

Lane 2: CDK4 knockout HeLa cell lysate (20µg)

Lanes 1- 2: Merged signal (red and green). Green - **ab199728** observed at 34 kDa. Red - loading control **ab130007** observed at 124 kDa.

ab199728 Recombinant Anti-Cdk4 antibody [EPR17525] was shown to specifically react with CDK4 in wild-type HeLa cells in western blot. Loss of signal was observed when knockout cell line **ab255378** (knockout cell lysate ab263780) was used. Wild-type and CDK4 knockout samples were subjected to SDS-PAGE. Membrane was blocked for 1 hour at room temperature in 0.1% TBST with 3% non-fat dried milk. **ab199728** and Anti-Vinculin antibody [VIN-54] were incubated overnight at 4 °C at 1 in 2000 dilution and 1 in 20000 dilution respectively. Blots were developed with Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye® 800CW) preadsorbed (**ab216773**) and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye® 680RD) preadsorbed (**ab216776**) secondary antibodies at 1 in 20000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature before imaging.



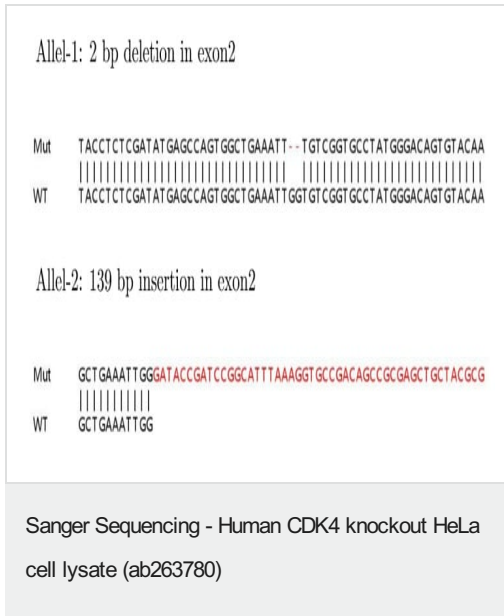
Lane 1: Wild-type HeLa cell lysate (20µg)

Lane 2: CDK4 knockout HeLa cell lysate (20µg)

Lanes 1- 2: Merged signal (red and green). Green - **ab108357** observed at 34 kDa. Red - loading control **ab130007** observed at 124 kDa.

ab108357 Recombinant Anti-Cdk4 antibody [EPR4513-32-7] was shown to specifically react with CDK4 in wild-type HeLa cells in western blot. Loss of signal was observed when knockout cell line **ab255378** (knockout cell lysate ab263780) was used. Wild-type and CDK4 knockout samples were subjected to SDS-PAGE. Membrane was blocked for 1 hour at room temperature in 0.1%

TBST with 3% non-fat dried milk. **ab108357** and Anti-Vinculin antibody [VIN-54] were incubated overnight at 4 °C at 1 in 1000 dilution and 1 in 20000 dilution respectively. Blots were developed with Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye® 800CW) preadsorbed (**ab216773**) and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye® 680RD) preadsorbed (**ab216776**) secondary antibodies at 1 in 20000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature before imaging.



Allele-1: 2 bp deletion in exon2; Allele-2: 139 bp insertion in exon2

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