abcam

Product datasheet

Human FHL1 knockout HeLa cell lysate ab257952

3 Images

Overview

Product name Human FHL1 knockout HeLa cell lysate

Product overview

Knockout cell lysate achieved by CRISPR/Cas9.

Parental Cell Line HeLa

Organism Human

Mutation description Knockout achieved by using CRISPR/Cas9, 1 bp deletion in exon4 and Insertion of the selection

cassette in exon4.

Passage number <20

Knockout validation Sanger Sequencing, Western Blot (WB)

Reconstitution notesTo use as WB control, resuspend the lyophilizate in 50 μL of LDS* Sample Buffer to have a final

concentration of 2 mg/ml. For reducing conditions, we recommend a final concentration of 0.1 M

DTT.

*Usage of SDS sample buffer is not recommended with these lyophilized lysates.

Notes

Lysate preparation: Our lysates are made using RIPA buffer to which we add a protease

inhibitor cocktail and phosphatase inhibitor cocktail (ratio: 300:100:10). *This means that the protein of interest is denatured.* If you require a native form of the protein please use the live cell version - found **here**. Please refer to our lysis protocol for further details on how our lysates are

prepared.

User storage instructions: Lyophilizate may be stored at 4°C. After reconstitution, store at -

20°C for short-term storage or -80°C for long-term storage.

Access thousands of knockout cell lysates, generated from commonly used cancer cell lines.

See here for more information on knockout cell lysates.

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and Sigma-Aldrich Co. LLC, and is developed with patented technology. For full details of the

licenses and patents please refer to our <u>limited use license</u> and <u>patent pages</u>.

Tested applications Suitable for: WB

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Properties

Storage instructions

Store at -80°C. Please refer to protocols.

Components	1 kit
ab262985 - Human FHL1 knockout HeLa cell lysate	1 x 100μg
ab255929 - Human wild-type HeLa cell lysate	1 x 100μg

Cell type epithelial

Disease Adenocarcinoma

Gender Female

STR Analysis Amelogenin X D5S818: 11, 12 D13S317: 12, 13.3 D7S820: 8, 12 D16S539: 9, 10 vWA: 16, 18

TH01: 7 TPOX: 8,12 CSF1PO: 9, 10

Target

Function

May have an involvement in muscle development or hypertrophy.

Tissue specificity

Isoform 1 is highly expressed in skeletal muscle and to a lesser extent in heart, placenta, ovary, prostate, testis, small intestine, colon and spleen. Expression is barely detectable in brain, lung, liver, kidney, pancreas, thymus and peripheral blood leukocytes. Isoform 2 is expressed in brain, skeletal muscle and to a lesser extent in heart, colon, prostate and small intestine. Isoform 3 is expressed in testis, heart and skeletal muscle.

Involvement in disease

Defects in FHL1 are the cause of X-linked dominant scapuloperoneal myopathy (SPM) [MIM:300695]. Scapuloperoneal syndrome (SPS) was initially described more than 120 years ago by Jules Broussard as 'une forme hereditaire d'atrophie musculaire progressive' beginning in the lower legs and affecting the shoulder region earlier and more severely than distal arm. The etiology of this condition remains unclear.

Defects in FHL1 are the cause of X-linked myopathy with postural muscle atrophy (XMPMA) [MIM:300696]. Myopathies are inherited muscle disorders characterized by weakness and atrophy of voluntary skeletal muscle, and several types of myopathy also show involvement of cardiac muscle. XMPMA is a distinct form of adult-onset X-linked recessive myopathy with several features in common with other myopathies, but the presentation of a pseudoathletic phenotype, scapuloperoneal weakness, and bent spine is unique and might render the clinical phenotype distinguishable from other myopathies.

Defects in FHL1 are the cause of X-linked severe early-onset reducing body myopathy (RBM) [MIM:300717]. RBM is a rare muscle disorder causing progressive muscular weakness and characteristic intracytoplasmic inclusions in myofibers. Clinical presentations of RBM have ranged from early onset fatal to childhood onset to adult onset cases.

Defects in FHL1 are the cause of X-linked childhood-onset reducing body myopathy (CO-RBM) [MIM:300718]. This disorder is allelic to severe early-onset reducing body myopathy (RBM) [MIM:300717].

Sequence similarities

Contains 3 LIM zinc-binding domains.

Developmental stage

Elevated levels during postnatal muscle growth.

Cellular localization

Cytoplasm; Cytoplasm. Nucleus and Nucleus. Cytoplasm > cytosol. Predominantly nuclear in myoblasts but is cytosolic in differentiated myotubes.

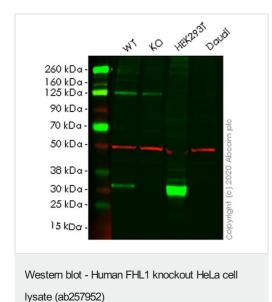
Applications

The Abpromise guarantee Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab257952 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
WB		Use at an assay dependent concentration. Predicted molecular weight: 36 kDa.

Images



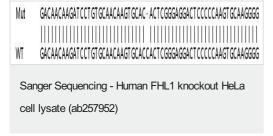
Lane 1: Wild-type HeLa cell lysate (20 ug)

Lane 2:FHL1 knockout HeLa cell lysate (20 ug)

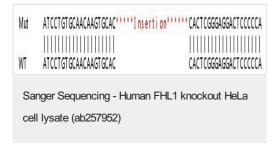
Lane 3:HEK293T cell lysate (20 ug)

Lane 4: Daudi cell lysate (20 ug)

ab255828 was shown to specifically react with FHL1 in wild-type HeLa cells. Loss of signal was observed when knockout cell line ab266011 (knockout cell lysate ab257952) was used. Wild-type and FHL1 knockout samples were subjected to SDS-PAGE. ab255828 and Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Loading Control (ab7291) were incubated overnight at 4°C at 1 in 1000 dilution and 1 in 20000 dilution respectively. Blots were developed with Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye® 800CW) preadsorbed (ab216773) and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye® 680RD) preadsorbed (ab216776) secondary antibodies at 1 in 20000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature before imaging.



Allele-1: 1 bp deletion in exon4



Allele-2: Insertion of the selection cassette in exon4

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