# abcam

### Product datasheet

# Anti-ADAM17 antibody [D1 (A12)] - BSA and Azide free ab215268

1 References 1 Image

Overview

Product name Anti-ADAM17 antibody [D1 (A12)] - BSA and Azide free

**Description** Human monoclonal [D1 (A12)] to ADAM17

Host species Human

Tested applications Suitable for: Functional Studies

Species reactivity Reacts with: Human

Immunogen Recombinant fragment corresponding to Human ADAM17 (extracellular). (Ectodomain tagged to

biotin).

Database link: P78536

Positive control TOV21G, IGROV-1, PC3 and HeLa cells stably over expressing HB-EGF-Alkaline Phosphatase.

General notes ADAM multidomain topology was exploited by first isolating an inhibitory human antibody (D1)

that bound TACE-specific noncatalytic regions exclusively through its variable heavy (VH) domain. A D1-VH biased scFv phage-display library was then used to selectively isolate a new variable light (VL) chain that could simultaneously bind to the TACE catalytic domain. The resulting "cross-domain" human lgG1 antibody [D1(A12)] ab215268 is a previously undescribed biochemically holistic ADAM ectodomain inhibitor and demonstrates a unique alternative to small-molecule

metalloprotease inhibition.

Note from inventor: ab215268 is conformation sensitive and sees only a specific form of the native enzyme (reflecting its redox state). It does not work by IHC or WB. It was designed as a

potential drug, active in native situations.

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years. Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

**Properties** 

Form Liquid

1

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C long

term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Storage buffer Constituent: 100% PBS

lgG1

Carrier free Yes

Clonality Monoclonal
Clone number D1 (A12)

# **Applications**

Isotype

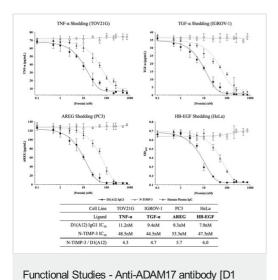
The Abpromise guarantee Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab215268 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
Functional Studies		Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Target		
Function	Cleaves the membrane-bound precursor of TNF-alpha to its mature soluble form. Responsible for the proteolytical release of soluble JAM3 from endothelial cells surface. Responsible for the proteolytic release of several other cell-surface proteins, including p75 TNF-receptor, interleukin 1 receptor type II, p55 TNF-receptor, transforming growth factor-alpha, L-selectin, growth hormone receptor, MUC1 and the amyloid precursor protein. Also involved in the activation of Notch pathway.	
Tissue specificity	Ubiquitously expressed. Expressed at highest levels in adult heart, placenta, skeletal muscle, pancreas, spleen, thymus, prostate, testes, ovary and small intestine, and in fetal brain, lung, liver and kidney.	
Sequence similarities	Contains 1 disintegrin domain.  Contains 1 peptidase M12B domain.	
Domain	Must be membrane anchored to cleave the different substrates. The cytoplasmic domain is not required for the this activity. Only the catalytic domain is essential to shed TNF and p75 TNFR. The conserved cysteine present in the cysteine-switch motif binds the catalytic zinc ion, thus inhibiting the enzyme. The dissociation of the cysteine from the zinc ion upon the activation-peptide release activates the enzyme.	
Post-translational modifications	The precursor is cleaved by a furin endopeptidase.  Phosphorylated. Stimulation by growth factor or phorbol 12-myristate 13-acetate induces phosphorylation of Ser-819 but decreases phosphorylation of Ser-791.	
Cellular localization	Membrane.	

# **Images**



Cancer cells with known expression of TACE substrates (TOV21G: TNF- $\alpha$ , IGROV1: TGF- $\alpha$ , PC3: AREG) and HeLa cells stably over expressing HB-EGF-Alkaline Phosphatase were used to assay cell-surface TACE activity. Each cell line was stimulated with PMA following a 1 h pretreatment with various concentrations of either ab215268, N-TIMP-3, or control human plasma IgG. Soluble TACE products were quantified from conditioned medium by sandwich ELISA or alkaline phosphatase activity. ab215268 consistently inhibited cell-surface TACE activity around fivefold more potently than N-TIMP-3.

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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- Response to your inquiry within 24 hours
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(A12)] (ab215268)

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