

# **Product datasheet**

# Alexa Fluor® 568 Anti-Ki67 antibody [EPR3610] ab211968

KO VALIDATED Recombinant RobMAb

**<u>1 References</u>** 3 Images

Overview		
Product name	Alexa Fluor® 568 Anti-Ki67 antibody [EPR3610]	
Description	Alexa Fluor® 568 Rabbit monoclonal [EPR3610] to Ki67	
Host species	Rabbit	
Conjugation	Alexa Fluor® 568. Ex: 578nm, Em: 603nm	
Tested applications	Suitable for: ICC	
Species reactivity	Reacts with: Human	
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.	
Positive control	ICC: HeLa cells and wildtype HAP1 cells.	
General notes	<ul> <li>This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:</li> <li>High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility</li> <li>Improved sensitivity and specificity</li> <li>Long-term security of supply</li> <li>Animal-free production</li> <li>For more information <u>see here</u>.</li> <li>Our RabMAb<sup>®</sup> technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to <u>RabMAb<sup>®</sup> patents</u>.</li> <li>Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of Molecular Probes, Inc, a Thermo Fisher Scientific Company. The Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> dye included in this product is provided under an intellectual property license from Life Technologies Corporation. As this product contains the Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> dye, the purchase of this product conveys to the buyer the non-transferable right to use the purchased product and components of the product only in research conducted by the buyer (whether the buyer is an academic or for-profit entity). As this product contains the Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> dye the sale of this product is expressly conditioned on the buyer not using the product or its components, or any materials made using the product or its components, in any activity to generate revenue, which may include, but is not limited to use of the product or its components: in manufacturing; (ii) to provide a service, information, or data in return for payment (iii) for therapeutic, diagnostic or prophylactic purposes; or (iv) for resale, regardless of whether they are sold for use in research. For information on purchasing a license to this product for purposes other than research, contact Life Technologies Corporation, 5781 Van Allen Way, Carlsbad, CA 92008 USA or outlicensing@thermofisher.com.</li> </ul>	

## Properties

Form	Liquid
Storage instructions	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle. Store In the Dark.
Storage buffer	pH: 7.40 Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide Constituents: 30% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 1% BSA, PBS
Purity	Protein A purified
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone number	EPR3610
lsotype	lgG

# Applications

The Abpromise guarantee Our <u>Abpromise guarantee</u> covers the use of ab211968 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
ICC		<ul> <li>1/1000.</li> <li>This product gave a positive signal in HeLa cells fixed with 4% formaldehyde (10 - 20 min) and 100% methanol (5 min).</li> <li>If fixing cells in 4% PFA, it is recommended to permeabilized cells with 0.1% Triton-X for 5 min.</li> </ul>

### Target

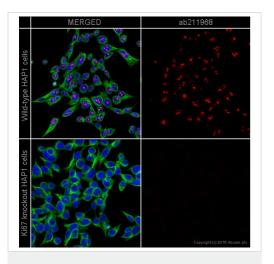
Function	Required to maintain individual mitotic chromosomes dispersed in the cytoplasm following nuclear envelope disassembly (PubMed:27362226). Associates with the surface of the mitotic chromosome, the perichromosomal layer, and covers a substantial fraction of the chromosome surface (PubMed:27362226). Prevents chromosomes from collapsing into a single chromatin mass by forming a steric and electrostatic charge barrier: the protein has a high net electrical charge and acts as a surfactant, dispersing chromosomes and enabling independent chromosome motility (PubMed:27362226). Binds DNA, with a preference for supercoiled DNA and AT-rich DNA (PubMed:10878551). Does not contribute to the internal structure of mitotic chromosomes (By similarity). May play a role in chromatin organization (PubMed:24867636). It is however unclear whether it plays a direct role in chromosomes dispersed.
Sequence similarities	Contains 1 FHA domain. Contains 16 K167R repeats. Contains 1 PP1-binding domain.
Developmental stage	Expression occurs preferentially during late G1, S, G2 and M phases of the cell cycle, while in cells in G0 phase the antigen cannot be detected (at protein level) (PubMed:6206131). Present at

Post-translational modifications Cellular localization highest level in G2 phase and during mitosis (at protein level). In interphase, forms fiber-like structures in fibrillarin-deficient regions surrounding nucleoli (PubMed:2674163, PubMed:8799815).

Phosphorylated. Hyperphosphorylated in mitosis (PubMed:10502411, PubMed:10653604). Hyperphosphorylated form does not bind DNA.

Chromosome. Nucleus. Nucleus, nucleolus. Associates with the surface of the mitotic chromosome, the perichromosomal layer, and covers a substantial fraction of the mitotic chromosome surface (PubMed:27362226). Associates with satellite DNA in G1 phase (PubMed:9510506). Binds tightly to chromatin in interphase, chromatin-binding decreases in mitosis when it associates with the surface of the condensed chromosomes (PubMed:15896774, PubMed:22002106). Predominantly localized in the G1 phase in the perinucleolar region, in the later phases it is also detected throughout the nuclear interior, being predominantly localized in the nuclear matrix (PubMed:22002106).

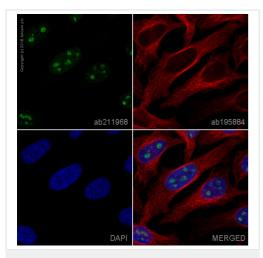
#### Images



Immunocytochemistry - Alexa Fluor® 568 Anti-Ki67 antibody [EPR3610] (ab211968)

ab211968 staining Ki67 in HAP1 WT cells (shown in top panel) and Ki67-HAP1 KO cells (shown in bottom panel). The cells were fixed with 100% methanol, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 for 5 minutes and then blocked with 1% BSA/10% normal goat serum/0.3M glycine in 0.1%PBS-Tween for 1h. The cells were then incubated overnight at +4°C with ab211968 at 1/100 dilution (pseudocolored in red) and **ab195887**, Mouse monoclonal [DM1A] to alpha Tubulin - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 488), at 1/250 dilution (shown in green). Nuclear DNA was labelled with DAPI (shown in blue).

Image was taken with a confocal microscope (Leica-Microsystems, TCS SP8).



Immunocytochemistry - Alexa Fluor® 568 Anti-Ki67 antibody [EPR3610] (ab211968)

ab211968 staining Ki67 in HeLa cells. The cells were fixed with 4% formaldehyde (10 min), permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 for 5 minutes and then blocked with 1% BSA/10% normal goat serum/0.3M glycine in 0.1% PBS-Tween for 1h. The cells were then incubated overnight at +4°C with ab211968 at 1/1000 dilution (**pseudocolored in green**) and **ab195884**, Rat monoclonal to Tubulin (Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 647), at 1/250 dilution (shown in red). Nuclear DNA was labelled with DAPI (shown in blue).

Image was taken with a confocal microscope (Leica-Microsystems, TCS SP8).

This product also gave a positive signal under the same testing

conditions in HeLa cells fixed with 100% methanol (5 min).



(ab211968)

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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