abcam

Product datasheet

Alexa Fluor® 647 Anti-ACTC1 antibody [EP184E] ab198370

Recombinant RabMAb

3 Images

Overview

Product name Alexa Fluor® 647 Anti-ACTC1 antibody [EP184E]

Description Alexa Fluor® 647 Rabbit monoclonal [EP184E] to ACTC1

Host species Rabbit

Conjugation Alexa Fluor® 647. Ex: 652nm. Em: 668nm

Tested applications Suitable for: IHC-P, Flow Cyt (Intra)

Species reactivity Reacts with: Human

Predicted to work with: Mouse, Rat

Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers. **Immunogen**

Positive control HC-FFPE: human formalin fixed paraffin embedded colon tissue section Flow Cyt (intra): HeLa

cells.

General notes Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit

monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to **RabMAb**® **patents**.

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Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C.

Avoid freeze / thaw cycle. Store In the Dark.

Storage buffer pH: 7.40

Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide

Constituents: PBS, 30% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 1% BSA

Purity Protein A purified

ClonalityMonoclonalClone numberEP184E

Isotype IgG

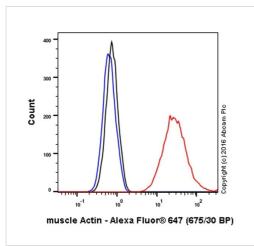
Applications

The Abpromise guarantee Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab198370 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
IHC-P		1/100. Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with citrate buffer pH 6 before commencing with IHC staining protocol. This product gave a positive signal in human formalin fixed paraffin embedded colon tissue fixed with 10% formaldehyde (10 min).
Flow Cyt (Intra)		1/50.

Target	
Function	Actins are highly conserved proteins that are involved in various types of cell motility and are ubiquitously expressed in all eukaryotic cells.
Involvement in disease	Defects in ACTC1 are the cause of cardiomyopathy dilated type 1R (CMD1R) [MIM:613424]. Dilated cardiomyopathy is a disorder characterized by ventricular dilation and impaired systolic function, resulting in congestive heart failure and arrhythmia. Patients are at risk of premature death. Defects in ACTC1 are the cause of cardiomyopathy familial hypertrophic type 11 (CMH11) [MIM:612098]. Familial hypertrophic cardiomyopathy is a hereditary heart disorder characterized by ventricular hypertrophy, which is usually asymmetric and often involves the interventricular septum. The symptoms include dyspnea, syncope, collapse, palpitations, and chest pain. They can be readily provoked by exercise. The disorder has inter- and intrafamilial variability ranging from benign to malignant forms with high risk of cardiac failure and sudden cardiac death. Defects in ACTC1 are the cause of atrial septal defect type 5 (ASD5) [MIM:612794]. A congenital heart malformation characterized by incomplete closure of the wall between the atria resulting in blood flow from the left to the right atria.
Sequence similarities	Belongs to the actin family.
Cellular localization	Cytoplasm > cytoskeleton.



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Alexa Fluor® 647 Anti-ACTC1 antibody [EP184E] (ab198370)

ab198370 ab195827

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Alexa Fluor® 647 Anti-ACTC1 antibody [EP184E] (ab198370)

Overlay histogram showing HeLa cells stained with ab198370 (red line). The cells were fixed with 80% methanol (5 min) and then permeabilized with 0.1% PBS-Tween for 15 min.

The cells were then incubated in 1x PBS / 10% normal goat serum to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (ab198370, 1/50 dilution) for 30 min at 22°C.

Isotype control antibody (black line) was Rabbit IgG (monoclonal) Alexa Fluor[®] 647 (**ab199093**) used at the same concentration and conditions as the primary antibody. Unlabelled sample (blue line) was also used as a control.

Acquisition of >5,000 events were collected using a 40 mW Red laser (640nm) and 670/14 bandpass filter.

This antibody gave a positive signal in HeLa cells fixed with 4% formaldehyde (10min), permeabilized with 0.1% PBS-Tween for 15 min used under the same conditions.

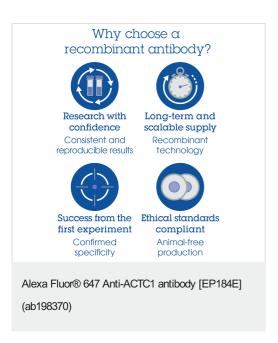
IHC image of ACTC1 staining in a section of formalin-fixed paraffinembedded normal human colon*.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH6) in a Dako Pascal pressure cooker using the standard factory-set regime. Non-specific protein-protein interactions were then blocked in TBS containing 0.025% (v/v) Triton X-100, 0.3M (w/v) glycine and 1% (w/v) BSA for 1h at room temperature. The section was then incubated overnight at +4°C in TBS containing 0.025% (v/v) Triton X-100 and 1% (w/v) BSA with ab198370 at 1/100 (shown in red) and counterstained using ab195887, Mouse monoclonal to alpha Tubulin (Alexa Fluor® 488), at 1/250 dilution (shown in green). Nuclear DNA was labelled with DAPI (shown in blue). The section was then mounted using Fluoromount®.

Image was taken with a confocal microscope (Leica-Microsystems, TCS SP8).

For other IHC staining systems (automated and non-automated), customers should optimize variable parameters such as antigen retrieval conditions, antibody concentrations and incubation times.

*Tissue obtained from the Human Research Tissue Bank, supported by the NIHR Cambridge Biomedical Research Centre



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