

# Alexa Fluor® 647 Anti-ADAR1 antibody [EPR7033] ab311103

Recombinant RabMAb

1 Image

## Overview

Product name	Alexa Fluor® 647 Anti-ADAR1 antibody [EPR7033]
Description	Alexa Fluor® 647 Rabbit monoclonal [EPR7033] to ADAR1
Host species	Rabbit
Conjugation	Alexa Fluor® 647. Ex: 652nm, Em: 668nm
Specificity	The immunogen is designed to detect the p150 isoform and not the p110.
Tested applications	<b>Suitable for:</b> Target binding affinity, Antibody labelling
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.
General notes	<p>This <b>conjugated primary antibody</b> is released using a quantitative quality control method that evaluates binding affinity post-conjugation and efficiency of antibody labeling.</p> <p>For suitable applications and species reactivity, please refer to the unconjugated version of this clone. This conjugated antibody is eligible for Abtrial: learn more <a href="#">here</a>.</p> <p>This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility</li> <li>- Improved sensitivity and specificity</li> <li>- Long-term security of supply</li> <li>- Animal-free production</li> </ul> <p>For more information <a href="#">see here</a>.</p> <p>Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to <a href="#">RabMAb® patents</a>.</p>

## Properties

Form	Liquid
Storage instructions	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at +4°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle. Store In the Dark.
Storage buffer	<p>pH: 7.40</p> <p>Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide</p> <p>Constituents: 30% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 1% BSA, 68% PBS</p>

<b>Purity</b>	Protein A purified
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone number</b>	EPR7033
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG

## Applications

**The Abpromise guarantee** Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of ab311103 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
Target binding affinity		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Antibody labelling		Use at an assay dependent concentration.

## Target

<b>Function</b>	Converts multiple adenosines to inosines and creates I/U mismatched base pairs in double-helical RNA substrates without apparent sequence specificity. Has been found to modify more frequently adenosines in AU-rich regions, probably due to the relative ease of melting A/U base pairs as compared to G/C pairs. Functions to modify viral RNA genomes and may be responsible for hypermutation of certain negative-stranded viruses. Edits the messenger RNAs for glutamate receptor (GLUR) subunits by site-selective adenosine deamination. Produces low-level editing at the GLUR-B Q/R site, but edits efficiently at the R/G site and HOTSPOT1. Binds to short interfering RNAs (siRNA) without editing them and suppresses siRNA-mediated RNA interference. Binds to ILF3/NF90 and up-regulates ILF3-mediated gene expression.
<b>Tissue specificity</b>	Ubiquitously expressed, highest levels were found in brain and lung.
<b>Involvement in disease</b>	Defects in ADAR are a cause of dyschromatosis symmetrical hereditaria (DSH) [MIM:127400]; also known as reticulate acropigmentation of Dohi. DSH is a pigmentary genodermatosis of autosomal dominant inheritance characterized by a mixture of hyperpigmented and hypopigmented macules distributed on the dorsal parts of the hands and feet.
<b>Sequence similarities</b>	Contains 1 A to I editase domain. Contains 2 DRADA repeats. Contains 3 DRBM (double-stranded RNA-binding) domains.
<b>Post-translational modifications</b>	Sumoylation reduces RNA-editing activity.
<b>Cellular localization</b>	Cytoplasm. Nucleus > nucleolus. Isoform 1 is found predominantly in cytoplasm but appears to shuttle between the cytoplasm and nucleus. Isoform 5 is found exclusively in the nucleolus.

## Images

Why choose a recombinant  
conjugated antibody?



**Research with  
confidence**  
Consistent and  
reproducible results



**Long-term and  
scalable supply**  
Recombinant  
technology



**Guaranteed  
long-term  
performance**  
Quantitative  
quality control

Alexa Fluor® 647 Anti-ADAR1 antibody [EPR7033]  
(ab311103)

**Please note:** All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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