# abcam

## Product datasheet

# Alexa Fluor® 647 Anti-Prostaglandin D Synthase (Lipocalin)/PDS antibody [EP12357] ab225296

Recombinant

RabMAb

## 2 Images

#### Overview

**Product name** Alexa Fluor® 647 Anti-Prostaglandin D Synthase (Lipocalin)/PDS antibody [EP12357]

Alexa Fluor® 647 Rabbit monoclonal [EP12357] to Prostaglandin D Synthase (Lipocalin)/PDS **Description** 

**Host species** Rabbit

Conjugation Alexa Fluor® 647. Ex: 652nm. Em: 668nm

**Tested applications** Suitable for: ICC/IF Species reactivity Reacts with: Human

Predicted to work with: Mouse, Rat

Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers. **Immunogen** 

Positive control ICC/IF: HepG2 cells

**General notes** This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free production

For more information see here.

Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to **RabMAb® patents**.

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#### **Properties**

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C.

Avoid freeze / thaw cycle. Store In the Dark.

Storage buffer pH: 7.40

Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide

Constituents: 30% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 1% BSA, PBS

Purity Protein A purified

Clonality Monoclonal
Clone number EP12357

**Isotype** IgG

### **Applications**

#### The Abpromise guarantee

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of ab225296 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
ICC/IF		1/1000. This product gave a positive signal in HepG2 cells fixed with 100% methanol (5 min)

#### **Target**

**Function** 

Catalyzes the conversion of PGH2 to PGD2, a prostaglandin involved in smooth muscle contraction/relaxation and a potent inhibitor of platelet aggregation. Involved in a variety of CNS functions, such as sedation, NREM sleep and PGE2-induced allodynia, and may have an antiapoptotic role in oligodendrocytes. Binds small non-substrate lipophilic molecules, including biliverdin, bilirubin, retinal, retinoic acid and thyroid hormone, and may act as a scavenger for harmful hydrophopic molecules and as a secretory retinoid and thyroid hormone transporter. Possibly involved in development and maintenance of the blood-brain, blood-retina, blood-aqueous humor and blood-testis barrier. It is likely to play important roles in both maturation and maintenance of the central nervous system and male reproductive system.

Tissue specificity

Abundant in the brain and CNS, where it is expressed in tissues of the blood-brain barrier and secreted into the cerebro-spinal fluid. Abundantly expressed in the heart. In the male reproductive system, it is expressed in the testis, epididymis and prostate, and is secreted into the seminal fluid. Expressed in the eye and secreted into the aqueous humor. Lower levels detected in various tissue fluids such as serum, normal urine, ascitic fluid and tear fluid. Also found in a number of other organs including ovary, fimbriae of the fallopian tubes, kidney, leukocytes.

Sequence similarities

Belongs to the calycin superfamily. Lipocalin family.

Developmental stage

Expression in the amniotic fluid increases dramatically during weeks 12 to 25 of pregnancy.

**Domain** 

Post-translational modifications

**Cellular localization** 

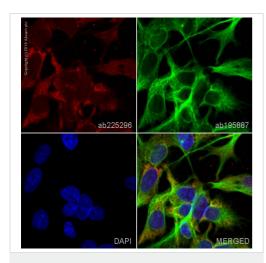
Levels decrease slowly after 25 weeks.

Forms a beta-barrel structure that accommodates hydrophobic ligands in its interior.

Both N-glycosylation recognition sites are almost quantitatively occupied by N-glycans of the biantennary complex type, with a considerable proportion of structures bearing a bisecting GlcNAc. Agalacto structure as well as sialylated and nonsialylated oligosaccharides bearing alpha2-3- and/or alpha2-6-linked NeuNAc are present.

Rough endoplasmic reticulum. Nucleus membrane. Golgi apparatus. Cytoplasm > perinuclear region. Secreted. Detected on rough endoplasmic reticulum of arachnoid and menigioma cells. Localized to the nuclear envelope, Golgi apparatus, secretory vesicles and spherical cytoplasmic structures in arachnoid trabecular cells, and to circular cytoplasmic structures in meningeal macrophages and perivascular microglial cells. In oligodendrocytes, localized to the rough endoplasmic reticulum and nuclear envelope. In retinal pigment epithelial cells, localized to distinct cytoplasmic domains including the perinuclear region. Also secreted.

#### **Images**



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Alexa Fluor® 647 Anti-Prostaglandin D Synthase (Lipocalin)/PDS antibody [EP12357] (ab225296) ab225296 staining Prostaglandin D Synthase (Lipocalin)/PDS in HepG2 (human liver hepatocellular carcinoma cell line) cells. The cells were fixed with 100% methanol (5 min), permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 for 5 minutes and then blocked with 1% BSA/10% normal goat serum/0.3M glycine in 0.1% PBS-Tween for 1h. The cells were then incubated overnight at +4°C with ab225296 at 1/1000 dilution (shown in red) and <a href="mailto:ab195887">ab195887</a>, Mouse monoclonal to alpha Tubulin (Alexa Fluor® 488), at 1/250 dilution (shown in green). Nuclear DNA was labelled with DAPI (shown in blue).

Image was taken with a confocal microscope (Leica-Microsystems, TCS SP8).









technology



specificity



Alexa Fluor® 647 Anti-Prostaglandin D Synthase (Lipocalin)/PDS antibody [EP12357] (ab225296)

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