abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-ALK antibody - C-terminal ab190934

2 References 1 Image

Overview

Product name Anti-ALK antibody - C-terminal

Description Rabbit polyclonal to ALK - C-terminal

Host species Rabbit

Tested applications Suitable for: WB

Species reactivity Reacts with: Rat, Human

Predicted to work with: Mouse

Immunogen Synthetic peptide corresponding to Human ALK aa 1550 to the C-terminus (C terminal).

Database link: Q9UM73

Run BLAST with
Run BLAST with

General notes

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C long

term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Storage buffer Preservatives: 0.025% Thimerosal (merthiolate), 0.025% Sodium azide

Constituents: 2.5% BSA, 0.45% Sodium chloride, 0.1% Dibasic monohydrogen sodium

phosphate

Purity Immunogen affinity purified

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Applications

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The Abpromise guarantee

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of ab190934 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
WB		Use a concentration of 0.1 - 0.5 µg/ml. Predicted molecular weight: 176 kDa.

Target

Function

Neuronal receptor tyrosine kinase that is essentially and transiently expressed in specific regions of the central and peripheral nervous systems and plays an important role in the genesis and differentiation of the nervous system. Transduces signals from ligands at the cell surface, through specific activation of the mitogen-activated protein kinase (MAPK) pathway. Phosphorylates almost exclusively at the first tyrosine of the Y-x-x-Y-Y motif. Following activation by ligand, ALK induces tyrosine phosphorylation of CBL, FRS2, IRS1 and SHC1, as well as of the MAP kinases MAPK1/ERK2 and MAPK3/ERK1. Acts as a receptor for ligands pleiotrophin (PTN), a secreted growth factor, and midkine (MDK), a PTN-related factor, thus participating in PTN and MDK signal transduction. PTN-binding induces MAPK pathway activation, which is important for the anti-apoptotic signaling of PTN and regulation of cell proliferation. MDK-binding induces phosphorylation of the ALK target insulin receptor substrate (IRS1), activates mitogen-activated protein kinases (MAPKs) and Pl3-kinase, resulting also in cell proliferation induction. Drives NF-kappa-B activation, probably through IRS1 and the activation of NF-kappa-B are essential for the autocrine growth and survival signaling of MDK.

Tissue specificity

Expressed in brain and CNS. Also expressed in the small intestine and testis, but not in normal lymphoid cells.

Involvement in disease

A chromosomal aberration involving ALK is found in a form of non-Hodgkin lymphoma. Translocation t(2;5)(p23;q35) with NPM1. The resulting chimeric NPM1-ALK protein homodimerize and the kinase becomes constitutively activated. The constitutively active fusion proteins are responsible for 5-10% of non-Hodgkin lymphomas.

A chromosomal aberration involving ALK is associated with inflammatory myofibroblastic tumors (IMTs). Translocation t(2;11)(p23;p15) with CARS; translocation t(2;4)(p23;q21) with SEC31A. A chromosomal aberration involving ALK is associated with anaplastic large-cell lymphoma (ALCL). Translocation t(2;17)(p23;q25) with ALO17.

Neuroblastoma 3

The ALK signaling pathway plays an important role in glioblastoma, the most common malignant brain tumor of adults and one of the most lethal cancers. It regulates both glioblastoma migration and growth.

A chromosomal aberration involving ALK is found in one subject with colorectal cancer. Translocation t(2;2)(p23.1;p23.3). A 5 million base pair tandem duplication generates an in-frame WDCP-ALK gene fusion.

Sequence similarities

Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. Insulin receptor subfamily.

Contains 1 LDL-receptor class A domain. Contains 2 MAM domains.

Contains 1 protein kinase domain.

Post-translational modifications

Phosphorylated at tyrosine residues by autocatalysis, which activates kinase activity. In cells not stimulated by a ligand, receptor protein tyrosine phosphatase beta and zeta complex

(PTPRB/PTPRZ1) dephosphorylates ALK at the sites in ALK that are undergoing

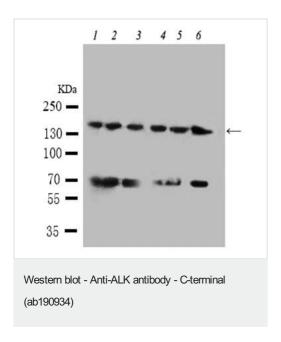
autophosphorylation through autoactivation. Phosphorylation at Tyr-1507 is critical for SHC1 association.

N-glycosylated.

Cellular localization

Cell membrane. Membrane attachment was crucial for promotion of neuron-like differentiation and cell proliferation arrest through specific activation of the MAP kinase pathway.

Images



All lanes: Anti-ALK antibody - C-terminal (ab190934) at 0.5 µg/ml

Lane 1 : Rat brain tissue lysate
Lane 2 : Rat testis tissue lysate

Lane 3 : HeLa cell lysate

Lane 4: U87 cell lysate

Lane 5: COLO320 cell lysate

Lane 6: Jurkat cell lysate

Predicted band size: 176 kDa

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