# abcam

## Product datasheet

# Anti-Alpha-synuclein antibody [syn204] ab3309

# KO VALIDATED

### 10 References 1 Image

#### Overview

Product name Anti-Alpha-synuclein antibody [syn204]

**Description** Mouse monoclonal [syn204] to Alpha-synuclein

Host species Mouse

**Specificity** Due to sequence homology ab3309 might react with Beta synuclein

Tested applications Suitable for: ICC

Species reactivity Reacts with: Human

**Immunogen** Recombinant full length protein corresponding to Human Alpha-synuclein.

Database link: P37840

Positive control ICC: HAP1 cells.

**General notes**The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

#### **Properties**

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid freeze /

thaw cycle.

Storage buffer pH: 7.40

Preservative: 0.1% Sodium azide

Constituent: PBS

**Purity** Protein G purified

**Clonality** Monoclonal

Clone number syn204

**Isotype** IgG2a

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#### **Applications**

#### The Abpromise guarantee

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of ab3309 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes	
ICC		Use a concentration of 10 µg/ml.	

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П	$\Gamma$ 2	ra	Δt

**Function** 

May be involved in the regulation of dopamine release and transport. Induces fibrillization of microtubule-associated protein tau. Reduces neuronal responsiveness to various apoptotic stimuli, leading to a decreased caspase-3 activation.

Tissue specificity

Expressed principally in brain but is also expressed in low concentrations in all tissues examined except in liver. Concentrated in presynaptic nerve terminals.

Involvement in disease

Genetic alterations of SNCA resulting in aberrant polymerization into fibrils, are associated with several neurodegenerative diseases (synucleinopathies). SNCA fibrillar aggregates represent the major non A-beta component of Alzheimer disease amyloid plaque, and a major component of Lewy body inclusions. They are also found within Lewy body (LB)-like intraneuronal inclusions, glial inclusions and axonal spheroids in neurodegeneration with brain iron accumulation type 1.

Parkinson disease 1 Parkinson disease 4 Dementia Lewy body

Sequence similarities

Belongs to the synuclein family.

Domain

The 'non A-beta component of Alzheimer disease amyloid plaque' domain (NAC domain) is involved in fibrils formation. The middle hydrophobic region forms the core of the filaments. The C-terminus may regulate aggregation and determine the diameter of the filaments.

Post-translational modifications

Phosphorylated, predominantly on serine residues. Phosphorylation by CK1 appears to occur on residues distinct from the residue phosphorylated by other kinases. Phosphorylation of Ser-129 is selective and extensive in synucleinopathy lesions. In vitro, phosphorylation at Ser-129 promoted insoluble fibril formation. Phosphorylated on Tyr-125 by a PTK2B-dependent pathway upon osmotic stress.

Hallmark lesions of neurodegenerative synucleinopathies contain alpha-synuclein that is modified by nitration of tyrosine residues and possibly by dityrosine cross-linking to generated stable oligomers.

Ubiquitinated. The predominant conjugate is the diubiquitinated form.

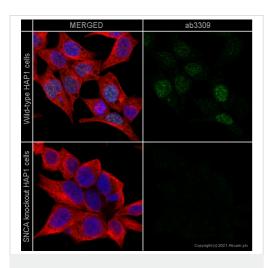
Acetylation at Met-1 seems to be important for proper folding and native oligomeric structure.

**Cellular localization** 

 $\hbox{\it Cytoplasm, cytosol. Membrane. Nucleus. Cell junction, synapse. Secreted. Membrane-bound in}$ 

dopaminergic neurons.

#### **Images**



Immunocytochemistry - Anti-Alpha-synuclein antibody [syn204] (ab3309)

ab3309 staining Alpha-Synuclein in wild-type Hap1 cells (top panel) and SNCA knockout Hap1 cells (bottom panel). The cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde (10 min) then permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 for 5 minutes and then blocked with 1% BSA/10% normal goat serum/0.3M glycine in 0.1% PBS-Tween for 1h. The cells were then incubated with ab3309 at 10 $\mu$ g/ml concentration and ab6046 (Rabbit polyclonal to beta Tubulin) at 1/1000 dilution overnight at 4°C followed by a further incubation at room temperature for 1h with a goat secondary antibody to mouse IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150117) at 2  $\mu$ g/ml (shown in green) and a goat secondary antibody to rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 594) (ab150080) at 2  $\mu$ g/ml (shown in red). Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

Image was taken with a confocal microscope (Leica-Microsystems TCS SP8).

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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