abcam

Product datasheet

Biotin Anti-Endostatin/COL18A1 antibody ab84250

1 Image

Overview

Product name Biotin Anti-Endostatin/COL18A1 antibody

DescriptionBiotin Rabbit polyclonal to Endostatin/COL18A1

Host species Rabbit

Conjugation Biotin

Tested applications Suitable for: WB

Species reactivity Reacts with: Human

Immunogen Recombinant full length protein corresponding to Human Endostatin/COL18A1.

General notes

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

Properties

Form Lyophilized:Centrifuge vial prior to opening. Reconstitute in sterile PBS containing 0.1% BSA to a

concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid freeze /

thaw cycle.

Storage buffer Constituent: PBS

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Applications

The Abpromise guarantee Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab84250 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

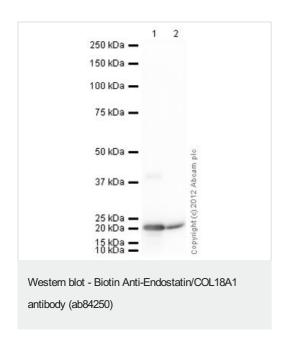
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Application	Abreviews	Notes
WB		Use a concentration of 0.1 - 0.2 μg/ml. Predicted molecular weight: 22 kDa.

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Function	COLA18A probably plays a major role in determining the retinal structure as well as in the closure of the neural tube. Endostatin potently inhibits endothelial cell proliferation and angiogenesis. May inhibit angiogenesis by binding to the heparan sulfate proteoglycans involved in growth factor signaling.	
Tissue specificity	Present in multiple organs with highest levels in liver, lung and kidney.	
Involvement in disease	Defects in COL18A1 are a cause of Knobloch syndrome (KNO) [MIM:267750]. KNO is an autosomal recessive disorder defined by the occurrence of high myopia, vitreoretinal degeneration with retinal detachment, macular abnormalities and occipital encephalocele.	
Sequence similarities	Belongs to the multiplexin collagen family. Contains 1 FZ (frizzled) domain. Contains 1 TSP N-terminal (TSPN) domain.	
Post-translational modifications	Prolines at the third position of the tripeptide repeating unit (G-X-Y) are hydroxylated in some or all of the chains.	
Cellular localization	Secreted > extracellular space > extracellular matrix.	

Images



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