abcam

Product datasheet

Biotin Anti-PAI1 antibody ab48366

Overview

Product name Biotin Anti-PAI1 antibody

DescriptionBiotin Rabbit polyclonal to PAI1

Host species Rabbit

Conjugation Biotin

Tested applications
Suitable for: ELISA
Species reactivity
Reacts with: Human

Immunogen Recombinant full length protein -E. coli-expressed human Plasminogen Activator Inhibitor 1

General notes

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid freeze /

thaw cycle.

Storage buffer pH: 7.50

Preservative: 0.01% Thimerosal (merthiolate)

Constituents: PBS, 50% Glycerol

Purity Protein G purified

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Applications

The Abpromise guarantee Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab48366 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

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Application	Abreviews	Notes
ELISA		Use at an assay dependent concentration. The antibody sensitivity is at 17pg/ml.

Target	T	a	r	g	e	t
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Function	This inhibitor acts as 'bait' for tissue plasminogen activator, urokinase, and protein C. Its rapid interaction with TPA may function as a major control point in the regulation of fibrinolysis.		
Tissue specificity	Found in plasma and platelets and in endothelial, hepatoma and fibrosarcoma cells.		
Involvement in disease	Defects in SERPINE1 are the cause of plasminogen activator inhibitor-1 deficiency (PAI-1D) [MIM:613329]. It is a hematologic disorder characterized by increased bleeding after trauma, injury, or surgery. Affected females have menorrhagia. The bleeding defect is due to increased fibrinolysis of fibrin blood clots due to deficiency of plasminogen activator inhibitor-1, which inhibits tissue and urinary activators of plasminogen. Note=High concentrations of SERPINE1 seem to contribute to the development of venous but no arterial occlusions.		
Sequence similarities	Belongs to the serpin family.		
Post-translational modifications	Inactivated by proteolytic attack of the urokinase-type (u-PA) and the tissue-type (TPA), cleaving the 369-ArgMet-370 bond.		
Cellular localization	Secreted.		

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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