abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-Caspase-3 antibody ab13847





★★★★★ 56 Abreviews 1118 References 2 Images

Overview

Product name Anti-Caspase-3 antibody

Description Rabbit polyclonal to Caspase-3

Host species Rabbit

Specificity Stimulation is required to allow detection of the 17kDa cleaved form of the protein. Please see

images below for recommended treatment conditions and positive controls.

ab13847 recognizes a cleaved form of Caspase 3 (~17 kDa) after apoptosis has been induced

in wildtype cells and not Caspase 3 knockout cells.

Some customers have used this antibody successfully in IHC-P however our latest tests were unsuccessful and therefore we can no longer guarantee this application. We would recommend

ab32351 and ab184787 as an alternative product for this application.

Suitable for: WB **Tested applications**

Species reactivity Reacts with: Human

> Predicted to work with: Mouse, Rat, Dog, Pig, Xenopus laevis, Drosophila melanogaster, Indian muntjac, Zebrafish, Rhesus monkey, Chinese hamster, Common marmoset, Schmidtea

mediterranea, Salvelinus alpinus

Immunogen Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.

Positive control WB: Hap-1 WT, Human Caspase 3 (active) Recombinant Protein ICC: HeLa cells treated with 1

mM staurosporine

General notes The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

> Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C or -

80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Storage buffer pH: 7.40

Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide

Constituent: PBS

Batches of this product that have a concentration < 1mg/ml may have BSA added as a stabilising agent. If you would like information about the formulation of a specific lot, please contact our

scientific support team who will be happy to help.

Purity Immunogen affinity purified

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Applications

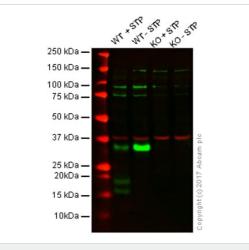
The Abpromise guarantee Our <u>Abpromise guarantee</u> covers the use of ab13847 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
WB	★★★★☆ (15)	1/500. Detects a band of approximately 17, 34 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 17, 34 kDa).

Target		
Function	Involved in the activation cascade of caspases responsible for apoptosis execution. At the onset of apoptosis it proteolytically cleaves poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase (PARP) at a '216-Asp-Gly-217' bond. Cleaves and activates sterol regulatory element binding proteins (SREBPs) between the basic helix-loop-helix leucine zipper domain and the membrane attachment domain. Cleaves and activates caspase-6, -7 and -9. Involved in the cleavage of huntingtin.	
Tissue specificity	Highly expressed in lung, spleen, heart, liver and kidney. Moderate levels in brain and skeletal muscle, and low in testis. Also found in many cell lines, highest expression in cells of the immune system.	
Sequence similarities	Belongs to the peptidase C14A family.	
Post-translational modifications	Cleavage by granzyme B, caspase-6, caspase-8 and caspase-10 generates the two active subunits. Additional processing of the propeptides is likely due to the autocatalytic activity of the activated protease. Active heterodimers between the small subunit of caspase-7 protease and the large subunit of caspase-3 also occur and vice versa. S-nitrosylated on its catalytic site cysteine in unstimulated human cell lines and denitrosylated upon activation of the Fas apoptotic pathway, associated with an increase in intracellular caspase activity. Fas therefore activates caspase-3 not only by inducing the cleavage of the caspase zymogen to its active subunits, but also by stimulating the denitrosylation of its active site thiol.	
Cellular localization	Cytoplasm.	

Images



Western blot - Anti-Caspase-3 antibody (ab13847)

knockout samples were used, along with additional cross-reactive bands. Wild-type and Caspase 3 knockout samples (±staurosporine treatment) were subjected to SDS-PAGE. ab13847 and ab8245 (loading control to GAPDH) were diluted to 1/500 and 1/10000 respectively and incubated overnight at 4°C. Blots were developed with Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye®) 800CW) preadsorbed (ab216773) and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye® 680RD) preadsorbed (ab216776) secondary antibodies at 1/10000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature before imaging.

Lane 1: Wild-type HAP1 cell lysate + Staurosporine (ab146588)

Lane 3: Caspase-3 knockout HAP1 cell lysate + Staurosporine

Lanes 1 - 4: Merged signal (red and green). Green - ab13847

observed at 17 kDa. Red - loading control, ab8245, observed at

ab13847 was shown to recognise Caspase 3 when Caspase 3

250 kDa 🕳 150 kDa 🕳 100 kDa -75 kDa 🕳 50 kDa -37 kDa -25 kDa -20 kDa -15 kDa • 10 kDa -

Western blot - Anti-Caspase-3 antibody (ab13847)

All lanes: Anti-Caspase-3 antibody (ab13847) at 1 µg/ml

Lane 1: Human Caspase 3 (active) Recombinant Protein

Lane 2: Human Pro Caspase 3 (inactive) Recombinant Protein

Lysates/proteins at 0.1 µg per lane.

Secondary

(1µM for 4h)

37 kDa.

Lane 2: Wild-type HAP1 cell lysate

Lane 4: Caspase-3 knockout HAP1 cell lysate

(ab146588) (1µM for 4h)

All lanes: Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/10000 dilution

Developed using the ECL technique.

Performed under reducing conditions.

Predicted band size: 17, 34 kDa Observed band size: 17,32 kDa

Exposure time: 8 minutes

Caspase 3 exist as inactive proenzymes which undergo proteolytic processing at conserved aspartic residues to produce large (17kDa) and small (12kDa) subunits. These subunits dimerize to form the active enzyme. ab13847 specifically detects the large active subunit (17kDa) and the inactive pro Caspase 3 (32 kDa).

This blot was produced using a 4-12% Bis-tris gel under the MES buffer system. The gel was run at 200V for 35 minutes before being transferred onto a Nitrocellulose membrane at 30V for 70 minutes. The membrane was then blocked for an hour using 5% Bovine Serum Albumin before being incubated with ab13847 overnight at 4°C. Antibody binding was detected using an anti-rabbit antibody conjugated to HRP, and visualised using ECL development solution.

Secondary antibody - <u>Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP)</u> (ab97051) secondary antibody

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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